

HERE'S A BEAUTIFUL LINE OF DRESSES

In The New

"Stylish Stouts"

--for large women who
have had so much dif-
ficulty in obtaining ultra-
style at a sensible price.

Serges
Silks
Jerseys } From **\$18.75**
To **\$45**

—Every desired shade for fall.
—All of the latest style ideas to be found in
regular sizes.
—Sizes from 38½ to 46½.

RICHTERS

Laredo's One-Price Department Store

THE PRICE YOU PAY

THE INCREASED PRICE OF GOOD CLOTHES IS
PROPORTIONATELY LESS THAN FOR THOSE
OF QUESTIONABLE QUALITY. BY GOOD
CLOTHES WE MEAN PURE WOOL CLOTHES
TAILORED TO OUR ORDER — THE KIND THAT

Real economy consists in paying
the price of quality.

Yet our hundreds of weaves in
pure wool and worsted for tail-
ored suits and overcoats are price-
surprises.

EXAMINE THE SUITS THAT WE HAVE ON
DISPLAY. YOU'LL FIND THE QUALITY TO
WHICH YOU ARE ACCUSTOMED, OR HAVE
ALWAYS PREFERRED, AT A PRICE THAT
YOU WILL WILLINGLY PAY.

I. ALEXANDER
CLOTHIER AND FURNISHER

Consult Us If You Need Glasses.

Those who want the
most accurate optical
service to be found will
secure it here.



The right glasses for
your eyes—glasses that
will give your eyes aid
and comfort.

LAREDO OPTICAL CO.

The only optical house in Laredo
with a grinding plant.

516 Flores Ave. opposite City Hall.

CONCENTRATION OF AMERICAN FORCES WAS CAUSE OF COLLAPSE OF BULGARIA

Elimination of Bulgaria Would Foreshadow the Isolation of Turkey and the Possible Re-entry of Rumania into the War, Said General March—Bulgarian Minister Believes It Settled.

WANT PEACH STONES.

By Associated Press.

Chicago, Sept. 28.—The prune pit and peach stone drive for greater supplies of gas masks as requested by General Pershing is making splendid headway in the Central West, according to officials of the Red Cross here.

It is declared that 500,000 tons of fruit stones, nut shells and seeds are needed each month to make charcoal for soldiers' gas masks. Only about 50,000 tons were obtained before the drive opened.

Along State street here are red, white and blue barrels into which are being placed large quantities of pits and shells daily.

TEXAS MEN IN ARMY.

By Associated Press.

Austin, Texas, Sept. 28.—Through the process of the Selective Service, 114,218 men have been inducted into the army from Texas, according to figures compiled by Major Townes, supervisor of the Texas selective service. Of this number 81,927 were whites and 32,291 negroes.

It is estimated, however, that the state has supplied 200,000 men for the army, as the above figures do not include 15,000 men of the old Texas National Guard and 16,000 men of the new National Guard. They bring the total up to 187,650 without considering those who have volunteered for the navy and marine corps.

CAPITALIZED EARTHQUAKE.

By Associated Press.

Washington, Sept. 28.—How the American Red Cross in Italy is capitalizing an earthquake by using part of the wreckage of the 1915 disaster at Avezzano and Sora to construct a badly needed day nursery at the latter place, is told in a cable to National Headquarters in Washington. No new building material being available, the Red Cross collected enough bricks, timber and metals from the ruins of Sora, for a building to care for 400 babies while their mothers are attending to harvest duties.

The earthquake of 1915 practically wiped out Avezzano and Sora. The people have been trying to live in the debris of their homes and many of them are destitute.

HID CHURCH BELLS.

By Associated Press.

Surich, Sept. 28.—Several Roman Catholic priests, together with leading members of their congregations, have been imprisoned by the Germans because they concealed church bells to prevent their confiscation by the German military authorities, Warsaw papers report. None of the prisoners have been brought to trial. They were merely told that they would have to remain in jail until the bells were found.

Some years ago Paderewski, the pianist, gave a magnificent bell to the church at Kanska. This the Austrians have requisitioned to the intense indignation of the parishioners.

HAD MURDEROUS JOY.

Paris, Sept. 28.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press)—First Lieutenant Rene Fonck, of the French air service, is officially credited with the destruction of 60 enemy planes, although he has actually forced down 97 since his first flight, August 6, 1916. Fonck used one machine in shooting down fifty of the German airplanes.

"I have had the joy, the murderous joy, of having killed 67 crews," Fonck wrote recently, "and I must confess that no nightmares disturb my sleep. The more I kill of these assassins the happier I shall be and the more convinced that I have worked not only for France but for humanity."

"The only thing to use with the Boche is force."

By Associated Press.

Washington, Sept. 28.—The impending collapse of Bulgaria is the direct result of the concentration of American forces on the western front, said General March today. The elimination of Bulgaria, should a separate peace be granted, would foreshadow the isolation of Turkey and the possible re-entry of Rumania into the war, said General March. The effect of these events on the grand strategy of the war was obvious, he added.

Bulgaria Out of the War.

Washington, Sept. 28.—Bulgaria is out of the war, is the opinion of Stephen Fanadero, the Bulgarian minister here. He believes that his country is definitely determined to abandon the alliance with Germany and Austria.

Not Impulsive Act.

Paris, Sept. 28.—Bulgaria's offer of peace to the allies was the result of a meeting here Monday attended by all political leaders in Bulgaria, including Vassil Radoslavoff, the liberal leader, and members of the cabinet. It was not, as the Germans pretend, an impulsive act of Premier Malinoff, say despatches received here.

London Receives Notice.

London, Sept. 28.—The official statement today says that a Bulgarian statement dated September 24 announced that Bulgaria has initiated a proposition for obtaining an armistice and peace.

Americans Overran Germans.

With the Americans at Verdun, Sept. 28.—The Americans overran the

CHAIRMAN OF WOMEN MADE EARNEST PLEA

CALLS UPON WOMEN OF SOUTH- WEST TO WORK FOR SUC- CESS OF LIBERTY LOAN.

Special to The Times.

Dallas, Texas, Sept. 28.—Dr. May Agnes Hopkins of Dallas, who has rendered medical attention to a total of about 800 wounded soldiers in France, recently sent to the women of the Southwest this message: "If any of you feel that we men and women who are over here are of value, let me tell you that you are a hundred times more valuable, for you are the ones that have made it all possible."

Are you living up to that high standard that a woman like this ascribes to you? Women of the Southwest, we must live up to those ideals which these brave men and women credit us with. They feel that we are worth fighting and suffering for; they feel it a privilege to fight and suffer for us. Do let us try to be worthy of them. If we denied ourselves every luxury, if we lived upon bread and water, we could not be really worthy of all this sacrifice. But at least let us try to be as little unworthy as possible while these men and women are fighting, struggling, bleeding, even dying that we may be secure from harm. Let us at least forget our petty vanities, our selfish pleasures, and lend to the Liberty Loan to the point where we do not know where the money is coming from. Let us work to sell bonds until we are exhausted, if need be, for even then we shall have done as nothing compared with what they have suffered and accomplished. Most earnestly I appeal to your hearts, to your sense of citizenship, to lend and work for the Liberty Loan as you have never lent or worked before.—Mrs. E. B. Reppert, Federal Reserve Chairman National Woman's Liberty Loan Committee.

Germans in yesterday's operations along the line held by an American corps. The enemy attempted to stand on a line running through Sully. The Americans pushed ahead and by an early hour captured the town and pressed forward as far as Fayel. Observers reported that enemy movements northward had been detected, the Germans moving from Montfaucon to Mantilly, and that fires were blazing at many points.

Back to Hindenburg Line.

With the Americans at Verdun, Sept. 28.—With their backs to the outer edge of the Hindenburg line, the Germans today were fighting desperately in an endeavor to bring the American advance to a definite halt. The Germans are increasing their force, indicating their determination to resist to the uttermost.

Americans Take Russian Towns.

Achangel, Sept. 28.—American troops who are taking part in operations in virtually all sectors on the northern Russian front have captured several villages as the result of fighting in which the Americans co-operated, the British and Russians taking many more places in the last ten days along the Dvina in an advance of over 50 miles.

French Offensive Continues.

Paris, Sept. 28.—In a successful continuation of the offensive east of Argonne the French have captured the village of Sommepey and advanced about four miles. The heights north of Fontaine-en-Dormoiz have also been taken with additional prisoners. The fighting continues.

Another Allied Attack.

Paris, Sept. 28.—Allied troops began an attack on the front of Ypres today. The advance at some points has been over two and a half miles. The attack is being made by the Belgian army and is on the larger part south of the North Sea. One thousand prisoners have already been taken. Heavy fighting is taking place between Dixmude and Ypres. Further north the French gained ground northeast of Sancy, capturing 15 prisoners. A German counter attack north of Altmarkt was repulsed.

British Resumed Battle.

Paris, Sept. 28.—British forces resumed the battle before Cambrai at daybreak. Today they are reported to have captured the villages of Fontaine Notre Dame, Cantilain, Noyelles and Sailley.

British Captured Arleux.

With the British in France, Sept. 28.—British forces today captured Arleux, five miles southeast of Douai.

Reach Douai-Cambrai Road.

London, Sept. 28.—Canadian troops pursued their way through Haynescourt, and have reached the Douai-Cambrai road.

British Captured 10,000.

London, Sept. 28.—Ten thousand prisoners have been captured by the British in their offensive in the Cambrai area, and 200 guns were also taken. The towns of Epinoy and Oisy-le-Verger have been captured.

Serbiens Captured Veles.

London, Sept. 28.—The city and fortress of Vesles, one of the important bases of the Bulgarian forces in southern Serbia, has been captured by Serbians. The Serbian forces keep pushing on from Veles toward Uskub. The troops defending Veles were taken prisoners.

Japanese Took Town.

London, Sept. 28.—Japanese cavalry have occupied Zeyapristan, 85 miles north of Blagovestchen in the region northwest of Vladivostok.

STATEMENT OF THE LAREDO NATIONAL BANK

LAREDO, TEXAS.

At the Close of Business, August 31, 1918, as rendered to the Comptroller of the Currency
CONDENSED.

RESOURCES	LIABILITIES
Loans and Discounts.....\$1,384,558.18	Capital Stock.....\$200,000.00
United States Bonds.....336,349.00	Surplus Fund.....100,000.00
Other Bonds and Securities.....23,063.03	Undivided Profits, net.....141,488.67
Stock in Federal Reserve Bank.....9,000.00	Circulation.....200,000.00
Redemption Fund with U. S. Treasurer.....10,000.00	Other Liabilities.....3,704.24
Bank Building, Furniture and Fixtures.....55,000.00	Deposits.....1,868,339.85
War Saving Certificates.....2,634.10	
Cash and Exchange.....692,908.45	
Total.....\$2,513,532.76	Total.....\$2,513,532.76

J. K. Beretta, President
B. M. Alexander, Vice-Pres.
Sam W. Brown, Cashier
M. W. Brennan, Asst. Cashier
A. L. Vidaurri, Asst. Cashier



MAKE HOME HAPPY WITH A GLOWING NEW HEATER. ENJOY THE COMFORT OF SITTING AROUND A HANDSOME, WARM STOVE. OUR HEATERS WILL HOLD THE FIRE OVER NIGHT, SO THAT YOU ONLY NEED TO MAKE A FEW TWISTS AND POUR IN SOME COAL TO QUICKLY HAVE A HOT FIRE.

"FIRE OUT" YOUR OLD STOVE AND "FIRE UP" A NEW ONE.

WE SELL WAR SAVINGS STAMPS.

A. DEUTZ & BROTHER

ELGIN

WALTHAM

MILITARY WATCHES

are now extensively used by our boys over there. A watch that comes from Daiches will give satisfactory and enduring service. These watches have proven by actual tests that they are qualified to render time-keeping qualities such as required by the military.

L. Daiches
The Jeweler

GRUEN

OMEGA



GOOD MATERIAL, honest workmanship, and careful attention to sanitary conditions make your plumbing a source of pleasure.

In "Standard" fixtures you get guaranteed materials—you run no risk. And in our service you receive the results of experience, skill, and an honest desire to furnish plumbing of unequalled quality.



JOSEPH NETZER HARDWARE CO.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

The Reliable Playhouse, The Unique that affords to its patrons security and comfort
BEST MUSIC. BEST FILM SERVICE
TODAY.

"PERSHING'S CRUSADERS," the first official war film of the United States, taken by U. S. Signal Corps and Navy photographers, and the French general staff.

See how the money you subscribed for Liberty Bonds is being used to organize and equip the greatest army of free men that ever sprang from American soil.
Prices 15c and 25c.

From Friday's Daily.

BULGARIA'S SITUATION.

The news of the allied successes in Macedonia has caused such consternation in Bulgaria that King Ferdinand has asked Von Mackensen to take command of the Bulgarian armies in the hope that the German leader will be able to stem the advance of the allies and prevent the invasion of Bulgaria.

Bulgaria is now beginning to feel the effects of her treachery to the other Balkan nations, and the Bulgarian people are holding pacifist meetings and threatening an overthrow of the present ministry and a change in their relations with foreign nations—meaning, of course, that they are ready to betray their erstwhile Teutonic allies for the sake of saving their own hides.

But the Rumanians, and above all, the Serbians and Montenegrins, are not apt to accept this offer of pacific relations while they still remember the horrors of the Bulgarian outrages when, backed by the German forces, the Bulgars were enabled to gain a momentary advantage over their neighbors.

Neither will the other allied nations be willing to forego the opportunity of chastising Bulgaria, in order that the proper peace terms may be secured from that treacherous nation, and that she may not continue to aid Germany in her attempt to dominate the world.

Insolent because of her victories in the Balkan war, Bulgaria quarreled with Greece and Serbia and the result was the second Balkan war. And now that both Serbia and Greece are among the allied nations which are driving Bulgaria to the wall, it is not likely that any pacifist attempts on the part of the defeated Bulgarians will meet with consideration.

Even the German atrocities pale into insignificance alongside those of the Bulgarians against the unfortunate Serbians, and later against the Rumanians. The latter had made peace with Germany and her allies, yet the Bulgarians were permitted to have their own way when they entered the Rumanian capital. Nothing was too harsh for the Bulgarians to inflict upon the Rumanians, and if the latter country should re-enter the war on the side of the allies the retaliation will be severe.

King Ferdinand is finding that victory is inclining to the side of the Entente, and he wants—like all thrifty Germans—to get in on the winning side and have a share in the booty. But his treachery is now only too apparent to the Entente allies, and he is not above suspicion by the Germans.

Should the Bulgarian people decline to carry the war further against the allies, what will be the effect upon Ferdinand? Will the Bulgarians be content to remain under German tutelage and ruled by a German prince, while they are forced to pay the cost of a war into which they were seduced by German promises?

Rumania has suffered severely at the hands of Bulgaria, with whom she had no quarrel previous to the present war. Serbia has seen thousands of her sons and daughters killed, even tortured to death, by the Bulgarians. Montenegro also has a bone to pick with Bulgaria, and the Albanians have a hatred for the Bulgars which will not cease with the peace treaty which concludes the war.

Russia aided Bulgaria to attain her independence, yet Russia was betrayed by the very people she had reason to call her friends. The same in religious faith, in race origin and in customs, the Bulgarians were the worst enemies Russia had when the fighting favored the Germans and their allies.

There is not a single country engaged in the war that has a friendly feeling for the Bulgarians. Turkey has always hated them, Austria has suffered from their false friendship, and now Germany is facing betrayal at their hands. None of the Entente allies have reason to feel friendly toward the Ishmael race of the Balkans, and there is no hope of Bulgaria finding a friend at court when the peace parleys begin.

And the best interests of the Balkans demand that Bulgaria be so severely punished that she will never again be a menace to her neighbors.

THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS.

Colonel Roosevelt is of the opinion that the league of nations to be organized after the war should exclude Germany and her allies and Russia. This is a disappointing suggestion to come from the doughty colonel, whose ideas have usually had much to recommend them to the general public.

It will be necessary to include Germany, Turkey and Bulgaria in the proposed league, for if they were to be shut out they would naturally be rabid in their antagonism to the league, and it might not be long until the league were forced to fight them—at least Germany.

Naturally the idea of an alliance of any sort with the vile butchers of Prussia is repugnant to the decent peoples of the world. But for the sake of restoring peace and ensuring it for the coming years, Germany must be aligned with the other nations in the league which will make wars less probable, because less profitable.

It would be impossible for the other nations to continue making of Ger-

many an outlaw nation, and that is the only alternative to admitting her to the league of nations. The Germans would never submit to being dominated by other nations, and this is furthest from the plans of the proposed league.

But before Germany can be admitted, she must give such guarantees of a change of heart that the others will be convinced of her repentance and her willingness to lead a new life in the future.

The league of nations will be based upon reciprocity, friendship and good will. It will be based, above all, on strict truth as between nations. No treachery can be imagined upon the part of a member nation, for that would disrupt the league.

And Germany's past performances are such that she will be always open to a suspicion of treachery. Even her open and above board acts will be carefully scrutinized in order to discover the brick hidden behind her back which all will suspect her of holding.

It will take many years for Germany to live down her evil record. She has destroyed her friends, her enemies and those who could be classed as neither. She has "done those things which she ought not to have done and has left undone those things which she ought to have done." Her name is a by-word and a hissing throughout the world.

With Russia it is different. The people now in power in that unfortunate country are the lowest element. They were helped to power through the treachery and the duplicity of Germany. But they will not long endure, and the real Russia will rise to new life over the ashes of the old, while in the conflagration the baser elements will be burned away and the dross removed.

Russia is as much entitled to a membership in the league as any other nation. Not because of her faults, but in spite of them. There was a day when France was as unruly, as decadent and as barbarous as the present Russia. The baser element ruled, and the good people suffered. But the sufferings of France purified her, and today she is demonstrating the nobility of her character, which was forged on the anvil of internecine strife and tempered in the blood of her innocent sons and daughters.

To hold out to Russia the hope of participating in the work of the future re-establishment of the world would be to offer an inducement for her to rid herself of the very elements which are now making her a worthy companion of the Prussian wolf.

To deny her membership in the coming league of nations would be to drive her into the arms of the Prussian militarists who will be as a modern Ishmael with their hands against the world.

For it must be understood that even the signing of peace treaties will not change the character of these "nobles" of Prussia and Bavaria. They will still long for the day when they can set their fangs in the throat of an unprotected humanity, and until those fangs are drawn they will always be a potential menace to the rest of the world.

ENTERTAINS LARGE CROWD WITH EXHIBITION AND TALK

TOMMY RYAN TOLD SOLDIER BOYS RIGHT WAY OF LIVING.

He Also Gave Some Exhibitions in the Manly Art of Self-Defense and Cautioned Boys Against Cigarettes.

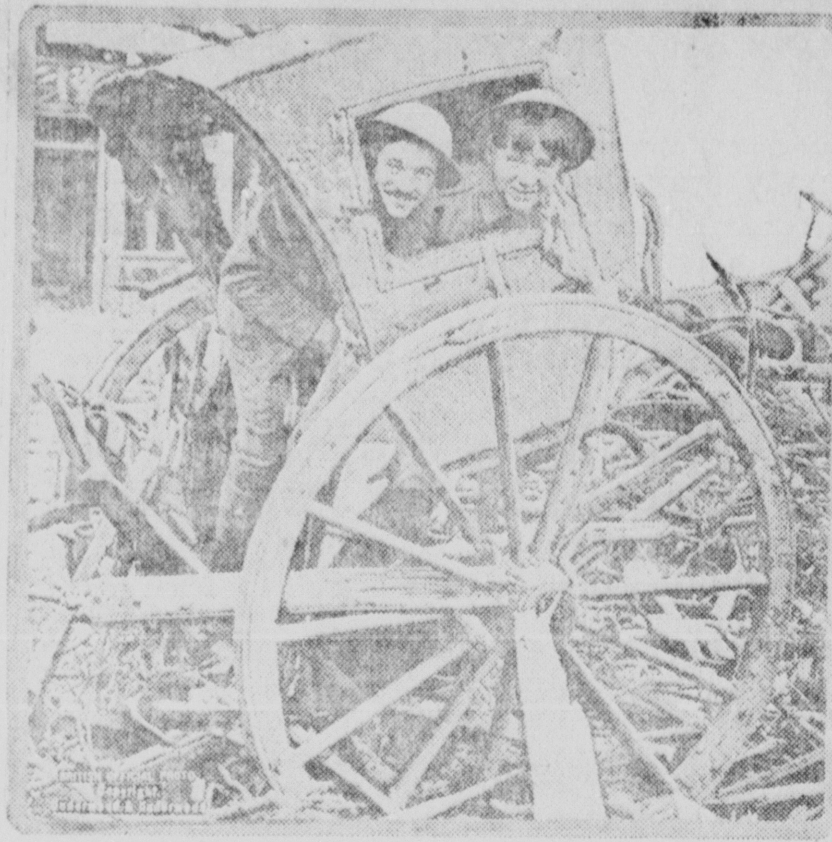
The old-time middleweight champion pugilist, known to the sporting world as "Tommy Ryan," but whose real name is J. M. Juvenal, arrived in Laredo yesterday, as stated in last issue of the Times, and last night the army Y. M. C. A. building was crowded to its utmost capacity with soldiers and civilians to witness the athletic exhibitions given by the fighter (who is in his 69th year) who is making a tour of the army camps lecturing to the soldier boys on the proper way of living and encouraging physical exercises for the development of their physique.

Last night Ryan gave some interesting exhibitions in the manly art of self-defense and showed the old-time agility that made him famous in the days of John L. Sullivan, Jim Corbett, Bob Fitzsimmons and other noted fighters, and although in the middle weight class at all times, he took on some of the heavy ones purely for the love of the sport.


Tommy Ryan is the man who trained Jim Jefferies when he defeated both Corbett and Fitzsimmons, and Ryan himself held his own in a ten-round draw with "Lanky Bob." This morning at 11:30 o'clock Ryan delivered a lecture to the pupils of the high school in their auditorium and the remarks were listened to with much interest. Tonight he will give another exhibition and deliver a lecture at the "Y" and every body is invited to attend.

BELL-ANS
Absolutely Removes
Indigestion. Druggists
refund money if it fails. 25c

"HANSOM DIRECT TO BERLIN"



These British Tommies intend to ride in comfort when they begin their triumphant ride through Berlin. Of course the cab will need a little repairing. The cab was found in a ruined village which the British captured on the western front.



W.S.S.
WAR SAVINGS STAMPS
ISSUED BY THE
UNITED STATES
GOVERNMENT

IN THE DAY'S NEWS. TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS.

SEPTEMBER 27.
George H. Moses, who is slated to receive the Republican nomination for United States senator at a convention to be held in New Hampshire today to select a candidate for the seat of the late Senator Gallinger, is a native of Maine, but has been identified with public affairs in New Hampshire ever since his student days at Dartmouth, when he served as private secretary to the governor of the Granite State. For the past 20 years he has been the publisher of a newspaper at Concord. Although he has never held an elective office, Mr. Moses has figured prominently in politics and has served on several State commissions. In 1909 he was appointed United States Minister to Greece and Montenegro by President Taft, and remained at Athens until 1912. He has always been an ardent Republican, and was a close friend of Senator Gallinger.

SEPTEMBER 27.
Hon. William Pugsley, Lieutenant-Governor of New Brunswick, born in Sussex, N. B., 68 years ago today.
Eli A. Helmick, one of the new major-generals of the United States Army, born in Indiana, 55 years ago today.
Rear Admiral Robert S. Griffin, U. S. N., chief of the navy bureau of steam engineering, born at Fredericksburg, Va., 61 years ago today.
Rt. Rev. Frederick J. Kinsman, Episcopal Bishop of Delaware, born at Warren, Ohio, 50 years ago today.
Thomas L. Rubey, representative in Congress of the Sixteenth Missouri district, born at Lebanon, Mo., 56 years ago today.

People Speak Well of Chamberlain's Tablets.

"I have been selling Chamberlain's Tablets for about two years and heard such good reports from my customers that I concluded to give them a trial myself, and can say that I do not believe there is another preparation of the kind equal to them," writes G. A. McBride, Headford, Ont. If you are troubled with indigestion or constipation give them a trial. They will do you good.

ONE YEAR AGO TODAY IN THE WAR.

SEPTEMBER 27.
Japanese War Mission was welcomed in New York City.
French repulsed counterattacks by the Germans at Verdun.
Secretary McAdoo announced a second Liberty Loan to be offered to the public on October 1.

The letter of the President explains what many persons have asked about: Why Catholics, Jews and Protestants will work together in a united war fund campaign. The campaign will be launched after the Fourth Liberty Loan campaign, and will begin November 11 and continue until November 18.

The agencies participating in the United War Fund campaign and the amounts to be raised are as follows: Young Men's Christian Association, \$100,000,000.
Young Women's Christian Association, \$15,000,000.
War Camp Community Service, \$15,000,000.
American Library Association, \$3,500,000.
National Catholic War Council (the Knights of Columbus), \$20,000,000.
Jewish Welfare Board, \$3,500,000.
Salvation Army, \$3,500,000.

TENNESSEAN LAYS CRUTCHES ASIDE

TROUBLES OF EIGHT YEARS STANDING HAVE ENTIRELY DISAPPEARED SINCE HE TOOK TANLAC HE DECLARES.

"Before taking Tanlac I was one of the sickest men you ever saw, and today I feel as well and strong as I ever felt in my life," said Frank Jinks, living on Route 13, Martin's Mill Pike, South Knoxville, Tennessee.

"For the past eight years," he continued, "I suffered from kidney trouble and my back hurt like it would kill me. I would have such awful spells that I would have to quit work for as long as three weeks at a time. I had rheumatism too, so bad that I couldn't walk without crutches, and my feet were swollen so I couldn't put on my shoes. I suffered agonies all the time and nothing I took did me the least bit of good."

"Two weeks after I started taking Tanlac I was so much better that I laid my crutches aside and I can now walk as good as anybody. The pain in my back is gone, I have been relieved of rheumatism and feel absolutely well in every respect. I sleep like a child, my appetite is fine and everything agrees with me. I have gained ten pounds, my strength has returned and I am now back at work again and in the best of health."

Tanlac is sold in Laredo by Windrow Drug Co. (Adv.)

W. S. S. TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

SEPTEMBER 27.
1803—Rear Admiral Samuel F. Du Pont, who commanded the Federal naval force at the capture of Port Royal, S. C., born at Bergen Point, N. J. Died in Philadelphia, June 23, 1865.
1809—David Stockton McDougal, the American commander who with a single ship destroyed a Japanese squadron and silenced the batteries of Shimomoseki in 1863, born in Ross county, Ohio. Died in San Francisco, Aug. 7, 1882.
1849—The Hungarian rebellion collapsed with the capture of the strong fortress of Comorn by the Austrians.
1870—The French city of Orleans was occupied by the Prussians.
1879—The Marquis of Lorne opened the Dominion Industrial Exhibition at Ottawa.
1914—Russians occupied Uzsook Pass leading through the Carpathians into Hungary.
1915—French in terrific two-day battle smashed German lines in Champagne.
1916—Rumanians defeated Austrians in Northern Transylvania.

Notice.
We pay best cash prices for Liberty Bonds. We buy and sell stocks. Write us.
MORGAN YATTER CO.
1210 Southwestern Life Bldg.
Dallas, Texas. 8-34f

Your Troubles May be a Warning of a Nervous Breakdown

Nine failures out of ten are due to personal physical conditions. The causes are usually not far to seek—at first a little brain fog, weakened memory, insomnia, nervous indigestion and increased irritability, nerves become unstrung—finally there is a complete breakdown of the nervous system.

SENSAPERSA

helps rebuild the nerve system and makes rich blood. The properties of this blood tonic and nerve sedative should double the nerve health in ten days. Every nerve, every tissue will receive its share of energy and health. Take heed of the warnings. Don't be a failure. Build up your health with Sensaparsa. Two sizes, 50c, and \$1.00 at your Druggist or from City Drug Co.

PLANS HAVE BEEN ADOPTED FOR FOURTH LIBERTY LOAN

MEETING HELD AT CHAMBER OF COMMERCE LAST EVENING.

Campaign Will Open Tomorrow and From the Word "Go" to the Finish Committees Are to Keep at Work.

In response to a call by W. J. Sames, chairman of the Fourth Liberty Loan Organization of Webb County, thirty of the men and women chairmen of committees, and ward leaders under those committees, met at the Chamber of Commerce rooms at 8:30 last night for the purpose of discussing and deciding on the plans upon which the Fourth Liberty Loan drive should be conducted.

A great many details of the discussion are omitted, for the reason that the salient features and net result of the deliberations resolve themselves into one or the other of the following motions and resolutions, which were adopted unanimously.

First. That the allotment cards be assigned, jointly, to the men and women chairmen of each ward, with instructions to prorrate them properly among the several men and women members of their ward committees; to make lists of the cards assigned each committeeman; to require a receipt for them and to require a report and an accounting for each such card, and finally to especially explain and insist that no salesmen or solicitor shall accept a bond sale for an amount less than that stipulated on the card for the party or parties assigned to them. That in cases of refusal to take the amount of bonds allotted, the solicitors shall report the reasons claimed to the central committee for action. Upon investigation this central committee shall decide whether the request for that amount shall be adhered to or receded from.

Second. Duplication of calls and requests for subscriptions are to be avoided under the plan adopted, that no name shall be given to more than one solicitor. Hence the fact that a solicitor has your card and asks for your subscription, is of itself evidence that no one else has it.

Third. That solicitations for subscription from business men shall be at their place of business.

Fourth. That there shall be daily report and tabulations at the Chamber of Commerce rooms, at an hour to be named later; of all sales made that day, and for the discussions of various reasons given for failure to subscribe, and for action concerning same.

Fifth. That the lists of names of parties subscribing, and the amounts subscribed, be published in the daily papers of the city, for each day's subscriptions. Also that the clock be used each day, the same as for the third liberty loan campaign, to indicate each day's sales, and the total to the date before.

There was such a general exhibition of a spirit of good will and co-operation among all leaders present, both men and women, that it was an inspiration to all who could be present, and no one who attended can feel otherwise than that the very best and most sincere earnest effort will be made, harmoniously, to put Laredo and Webb County over the top.

Mr. Sames chivalrously asked Mrs. McKinney to take charge of the meeting, but she as gracefully declined, and insisted that he preside over the deliberations for the evening.

The full personnel of the various memberships of committees will be published when perfected, within the next few days.

WANTED.

A clerk for my Customs Department who speaks English and Spanish and who can operate a typewriter.

E. DENIKE.
9-245t.

WILL OPEN THE AMERICAN CONSULATE TORREON, MEX.

U. S. Consul H. M. Wolcott Goes There to Reopen the U. S. Consulate.

American Consul H. M. Wolcott, accompanied by his wife, arrived in Laredo yesterday afternoon and after spending the night here left this morning with Vice-Consul Randolph Robertson for Monterey.

Mr. Wolcott will proceed to Torreon for the purpose of opening the American Consulate there. The consular agency at Torreon has been closed for sometime and the U. S. government has decided to establish a full consulate there, sending Consul Wolcott for that purpose.

Consul Wolcott during the years 1912 and 1913 was vice consul in the consulate general in Mexico City and under Consul General Arnold Shanklin, and therefore is no stranger to Mexico or its people. Since leaving Mexico he has been stationed at various places in Cuba, coming from Santiago, where he represented the American Government as Consul.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c, per month.

CAMPAIGN WILL BE OPENED FOR THE FOURTH BOND ISSUE

WEBB COUNTY ASKED TO SUBSCRIBE \$523,900 BONDS.

It is Going to Take Some Hustling to Put This County Over the Top, But Work Will Do the Trick.

Boom! They're off! The campaign for the Fourth Liberty Bond begins tomorrow morning, and the committee in Laredo having charge of the campaign to raise Webb county's quota of \$523,900 will begin their work at sun up tomorrow and not allow any grass under their feet until after the close of the campaign on October 19. So be ready to do your part when called upon.

This is the largest quota yet given to Webb county and the committee having charge of the campaign in this county realize that they have much work to be done in raising that amount—but it must be raised and there is going to be no dilly dallying about it, either. Many of the wealthier element of Laredo and Webb county have had the amount expected from them set down in plain figures and will be asked to come across with that apportionment.

The new bond issue is the heaviest in the history of the war so far—\$6,000,000,000, and every place in the United States has been given its quota to raise, and it is greatly in excess of all previous quotas. Here in Laredo the Four-Minute-Men and others will help in the work of arousing the people to the importance of the bond issue and the duty they owe their country to subscribe, but why wait to be urged to subscribe when you know it is your duty to do your part in this respect if you are unable to do your bit in the trenches?

W. S. S. STILL HAS ONION SEED.

Wm. Schultz, Chris Reuter's representative, still has some onion seed ready to deliver. If interested please phone 516. NO WAX. 9-264f.

FUNERAL H. A. SAUVIGNET TODAY LARGELY ATTENDED

Remains of Pioneer Resident Who Died Yesterday Tenderly Laid to Rest in Red Men's Plot Today.

The funeral of the late Henri August Sauvignet, the venerable aged citizen who died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. T. K. Hamilton, yesterday morning at 7:20 o'clock, took place from the Hamilton home this morning at 9:30 o'clock under the auspices of the I. O. R. M., with funeral services conducted by Rev. C. W. Cook of the Episcopal church, and interment being made in the family burying grounds in the Red Men's plot in the city cemetery.

The funeral was largely attended and many beautiful floral tributes which were sent to the home of sorrow yesterday were mounded about the casket on all sides, mutely attesting the high esteem in which the deceased was held in the community in which he had resided for nearly forty years and reared a family whose members are among the mostly highly respected in this section. When the remains were laid to rest in the arms of Mother Earth and the grave was filled in, a mound of flowers was left to mark the last resting place of a man who will be missed not only by the members of his family, but by all Laredo as well.

The funeral services at the home were conducted by Rev. Cook, while at the grave the ritualistic funeral services of the Red Men were conducted. The following were the active pallbearers: J. A. Rodriguez, B. J. Leyendecker, Joe G. Garcia, H. B. Earnest, George R. Weber and P. Floyd.

BOUND OVER TO GRAND JURY CHARGE CRIMINAL ASSAULT

Man Arrested Here Yesterday on Serious Charge Tried This Morning and Later Held Without Bail.

Margarito Esparza was arrested yesterday afternoon by Constable Marcial Zapata charged with a heinous crime which carries a severe penalty, and was placed in jail until this morning, pending an examining hearing.

This morning Esparza was arraigned before Justice Benavides charged with a statutory offense (criminal assault) and after hearing the evidence adduced at the hearing Justice Benavides bound Esparza over to the October grand jury without bail—that is, denied him bail.

Masonic Notice.

Called meeting of Laredo Lodge No. 547 A. F. & A. M. tonight at 8 p. m. Work in M. M. degree. All visiting brethren invited to attend.

J. A. BURNETT, W. M.

W. S. S. Investors Take Notice.

Do you want to make money? Invest in Southern Motor Manufacturing Association shares, par value \$100, payable half cash balance within 3 months. Prices will advance \$25.00 per share Oct. 1. Buy now before it is too late. Phone 1121.

GAMMAGE and RYAN. Hamilton Hotel, City.

KEEP YOUR SHOES NEAT

2 IN 1

SHOE POLISHES

PRESERVE THE LEATHER

LIQUIDS AND PASTES.
FOR BLACK, WHITE, TAN, DARK BROWN OR OX-BLOOD SHOES

THE F. DALLEY CORPORATION, LTD. BUFFALO, N.Y.

HENRI AUGUST SAUVIGNET, OCTOGENARIAN, PASSES AWAY

HAD BEEN RESIDENT OF LAREDO THIRTY-NINE YEARS.

During His Life Here He Established Ice Factory, Was in Onion Business and Withal a Good Citizen.

When one has lived his span of life and eventually reaches the stage of an octogenarian and realizes that the inevitable is near, and can then look back on the past and find no act for which there can be any regret, but whose conscience is clear of any intentional wrong, how sweet must be the passing of the subtle shadow that closes one's eyes to the living world and opens it on that realm where the righteous find a reward of rest awaiting them and where judgment by the Omnipotent Judge does not come with fear. The transition of life and the ushering in of immortality then is likened to a babe falling to sleep when the evening shadows gather and awakening when the delicate sunshine comes filtering in through the curtained windows in the morning.

This morning at 7:20 o'clock, as his loved ones stood at his bedside ministering to him, Henri August Sauvignet, aged 80 years and father of Dr. E. H. Sauvignet and Mrs. T. K. Hamilton, opened his eyes for a moment, looked at those about him and gently lisped the words, "no more," and then like a little babe falling to sleep, his soul left its citadel of mortality and floated upward to the realm where life is eternal. Mr. Sauvignet passed into his last sleep at the home of his daughter, Mrs. T. K. Hamilton, 1514 Victoria street, this morning at 7:20 o'clock. From the time he was taken ill with pneumonia early in the present month he realized that the weight of his years was such that the race of life was nearing the end and that the lamp of mortality was burning low—in fact he told those about him that he was ready for the call that would take him to the peaceful shores of the other world.

Henri August Sauvignet was a native of France, where he was born on June 18, 1838, and was 80 years old last June. When only eleven years of age he left his native land with his family and emigrated to the United States, landing in New York in 1859, and from there going to Louisiana. In 1879 the family moved from Louisiana to Texas and came from San Antonio to Laredo early in that year. Mr. Sauvignet established the Laredo Ice Factory here in the spring of 1878, or immediately after his arrival, giving Laredo its first ice manufactory, for which the machinery had to be transported by ox cart, as those were the days prior to the advent of the railroads to this section. During his residence in Laredo he was always active in the commercial life of the community and for several terms served as alderman in the city council.

Sixteen years ago his beloved wife preceded him to the grave and four years later he retired from the ice manufacturing business and turned it over to his son, the late Paul M. Sauvignet. Later, in association with his sons, Paul M. Sauvignet and Dr. E. H. Sauvignet, deceased engaged in the onion-growing business at their farm in North Laredo, but the sons remained in this business but a short time and returned to their commercial and professional work in Laredo, the father continuing in the onion-growing industry up to about four years ago, when he also retired and has since made his home with his daughter, Mrs. Hamilton. In the different lines of work in which deceased had engaged in Laredo those who had dealings with him always found him upright and honest, and there is no man or woman in Laredo who ever found fault with him. And thus it was that his life ended—haste and clean, pure and honest without a conscience troubled by fear of retribution in the other world, but in full preparation to confront his God and have the Book of Life opened and his earthly deeds checked off before the final accounting is had at the bar of judgment. When he lisped the farewell words of "no more" just before he died this morning a delicate smile of contentment and satisfaction was on his features as they left this world. Peace to his ashes.

Deceased is survived by one daughter, Mrs. T. K. Hamilton, and one son, Dr. E. H. Sauvignet, and also five grandchildren, Mrs. J. J. Hewitt, of Houston, who was at his bedside up to last evening, when she left for her home; Miss Josephine Sauvignet and Louis Sauvignet, and Paul Sauvignet, the latter with the American army in France, and Miss Aileen Hamilton.

The funeral will take place from the Hamilton home, 1514 Victoria street, tomorrow morning at 9:30 o'clock, under the auspices of the local Red Men, of which lodge he was sachem, and with funeral services conducted by Rev. C. W. Cook of the Episcopal church. Interment will be made in the family burying grounds in the Red Men's plot in the city cemetery.

W. S. S.

Regular meeting of Encampment Number 29, I. O. O. F., every second and fourth Friday of each month at the Odd Fellows' Hall at 8:30 o'clock. JOS. NETZER, Chief Patriarch. GEO. W. PEW, Scribe.

ON THE WORLD'S FIRING LINE.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 26.—The city of Metz, within sight of which General Pershing's army has taken up its stand, has been considered by the German general staff to be the principal pivot against France ever since it came into possession of the Germans in 1870. They have surrounded the city by a system of powerful defenses said to be the most extensive to be found anywhere in the world, and even in time of peace they have maintained there a garrison of 25,000 or more men.

Metz is one of the most historic cities on the Lorraine frontier. It was known to the Romans under the name of Divodurum, and in the fifth century it was called Mettis. Early in the tenth century it became a free imperial city, famous for its commerce, its brilliant society and its love of letters and art.

The river Moselle is joined at Metz by the Seille, both flowing through the city and they are crossed by fourteen bridges. The esplanade in the center of the city is a beautiful promenade.

Metz has been fortified since 1550. Vauban put up a heavy fortification in 1674. Under Napoleon III. the works of Vauban were somewhat remodelled and a circle of detached forts begun, some of which were not finished when the war of 1870 brought the Germans to Metz. After the surrender, the defenses of Vauban and Napoleon's engineers were modified by the new owners of Metz, though Fort Manteuffel (called by the French St. Julien) and Fort Goeben (called by the French Queulen) were not altered in the general lines the French engineers laid down. Wing batteries were added and later these were reinforced by other batteries, either to defend the intervals or to dominate the important lines of approach, such as the valley of the Moselle. Then followed armored batteries, infantry positions, great systems of trenches, hundreds of shelters, and magazines to supply the lines and ways of safe communication.

From 1880 to the opening of the present war the Germans kept on building forts, this time at a distance of about six miles from the city. These forts are of the newest German type, concrete and steel and mounted with Krupp's most powerful fortress guns designed to take part in a distant artillery duel. Thionville, frequently mentioned of late in news of the movements of the American troops, was turned into a powerful fortress. Between the forts on St. Quentin, Mastein, Frederic Charles and Fort Albenstein covered communication exists.

Metz itself is on low-lying ground on the banks of the Moselle and Seille, but only a very short distance. On the right bank a quarter of a mile from Fort Steinmetz the country presents steep hills and narrow valleys. The hills, which are very compact, are of all heights, from 100 to 750 feet, the highest point on the right bank of the river, and which Fort Manteuffel stands. On the left bank the ascent is even more abrupt and attains higher elevation. St. Quentin being more than 1,000 feet above Metz. The high ridges form a strong natural wall against invaders from the west, as the defenders are in vastly superior and much higher positions.

The siege of Metz in 1870 was begun by the Germans on August 19. Marshal Bazaine, the French commander, attempted several sorties which failed, and on October 27 he capitulated with two other marshals, fifty generals, 60,000 officers and an army of 173,000 men.

For the surrender of the city Marshal Bazaine was tried by court-martial and unanimously condemned to death. President McMahon commuted his sentence to twenty years' seclusion. He was sent to the Island of St. Marguerite, but escaped August 9, 1874. His last years were passed in Madrid, where he died in 1888.

W. S. S.

Great Faith in Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy.

"Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy was used by my father about a year ago when he had diarrhoea. It relieved him immediately and by taking three doses he was absolutely cured. He has great faith in this remedy," writes Mrs. W. H. Williams, Stanley, N. Y.

W. S. S.

WEATHER FORECAST.

The following forecast from the United States weather bureau at New Orleans is furnished The Times by the Telephone Co. each day:

Tonight fair; colder. Friday fair.

Local Weather Report.

The following are the observations taken at Fort McIntosh for the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m. today:

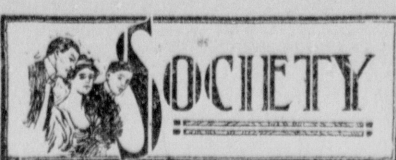
Max. temp. 99 degs.
Min. temp. 72 degs.
General direction of wind: North-east.

Cloudy.
Rainfall, .19.

W. S. S.

Has a High Opinion of Chamberlain's Tablets.

"I have a high opinion of Chamberlain's Tablets for biliousness and as a laxative," writes Mrs. C. A. Barnes, Charleston, Ill. "I have never found anything so mild and pleasant to use. My brother has also used these tablets with satisfactory results."



Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt
Society Editor

Phone 70 Phone 43

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Thursday.

The Heights Red Cross Knitting Circle will meet with Mrs. T. A. Bunn at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

The four circles of the Baptist Ladies Aid Society will meet at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

The Woman's Club will entertain with their regular weekly program at the Army Y. M. C. A. in the evening.

Friday.

Story-telling hour at 5 o'clock at the home of Mrs. M. P. Cullinan.

The Boy Scouts of Troop 2 and Junior Scouts will meet at the Scout Headquarters in the evening.

Stunt Night at the Army Y. M. C. A.

General Mention.

Mrs. Alden B. Muller left Monday night for Austin, where she will enter the University. She will also study music.

Reeve Shanks left Monday for Austin, where he will attend the State University.

Mrs. Payson, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. H. W. Johnston, for the past several weeks, will leave shortly for Washington D. C.

Dr. A. W. Wilcox has returned from Three Rivers, Mich., where he visited his mother for the past three months.

Mr. and Mrs. Helen of Hebronville spent the day in the city yesterday en route to Washington, D. C.

Mrs. Leo Purwin has returned from a delightful stay in Los Angeles, California. She was accompanied home by her mother.

Greetings have been received from Fumey Muller and Tom Nye from Oklahoma. They are enjoying a fine trip and are finding the nights quite chilly.

Mrs. Geoffrey J. Giles left San Antonio Sunday for New York, after a pleasant stay of ten days with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Muller returned on Tuesday night from San Marcos, where they had a delightful camping trip with Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Jackson.

Parish Guild.

The Parish Guild of Christ Church met yesterday afternoon with Mrs. Arkes. Plans were discussed for the annual Thanksgiving Sale and they decided to make mostly useful things and some fancy articles. The hostess served a salad course at the conclusion of the business session. Those present were Mesdames Arthur, MacGregor, Mason, Cook, Vidales, Puster and the hostess.

Entertainment.

The dance last night at the soldiers club of the Y. M. H. A. was a very pleasant affair. The hostesses of the evening were Miss Stella Rosenbaum and Miss Lupe Rosenbaum. Good music made dancing very pleasant. There was a good crowd in attendance.

Raul de la Garza, of the class of '16 of the Laredo High School, left today for Chicago, where he will study medicine at the University of Chicago.

Rev. J. Ward has returned from a short trip to San Antonio.

Mrs. J. W. Thompson is in Dolores visiting her daughter, Mrs. John Loftus.

Mrs. Norwood Witting has returned from a pleasant visit to her parents in San Antonio.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Hild have returned after summering in different parts of the country.

Club Notes.

The Tuesday Music and Literary

Club held the first meeting of the season yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. C. M. Fish. Mrs. A. S. J. Tucker presided at the meeting and various matters of business were discussed. The club will devote their time this winter to sewing on garments for the French and Belgian women and children. The garments will be distributed at the meetings and will be made at home, except for the button holes and finishing up, which will be done at the meetings while the members are listening to the program. A paper by Mrs. Biskamp, read by Mrs. Fish, dealt with "Club Work During War Times." Mrs. Tucker gave an instrumental number by a French composer, which was very much enjoyed. There was a good attendance, and the members are much interested in the plans of the work laid out for the coming months.

Busy Bees.

There will be a called meeting of the members of the Busy Bee Club on Saturday the 28th at 2:30 o'clock with Lois and Dorothy Derby. All members are urged to be present, as business matters for the coming year are to be arranged.

Dorothy Derby, Secretary.

Orphanage Children Entertained.

The children of the Orphanage on the Heights were most pleasantly entertained last evening by the Heights Circle of the Child's Welfare League. Trucks were kindly furnished by Zafirini & Barberio and by Mr. G. Lopez. The ride was cut short because of the threatening elements, but the children were happy in being able to deliver flowers to the Post Hospital before beginning the retreat homeward. The chaperones for the ride were: Mesdames Cullinan, Tarver, Puig and Volpe. After the ride delicious ice cream was served at the home of Mrs. Cullinan. Mesdames Murray, Atlee and Hodges assisted in serving the little guests.

After enjoying a thoroughly good time the chaperones and orphans marched to the Orphanage where the "littlest orphan" presented the Mother with a lovely bouquet. These entertainments are looked forward to by the orphans, and their happiness is most evident by their merry laughter, chatter and singing that prevails during the evening.

PERSONALS

Wm. Schultz, representative for Chris Reuter's seed house will be out of the city until tomorrow night and during his absence J. S. Westbrook will look after his business.

Sergeant John D. Carpenter of Co. P, 8th Infantry, stationed at Camp Sevier, Greenville, South Carolina, is home for a few days visit to his family and will return to his station next Sunday.

Jose Naranjo leaves tonight for Galveston where he goes to continue his study of medicine at the Medical Department of the University of Texas.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Hamilton:—A. M. Cazant and wife, Mexico City; James La Gro, V. L. Conrad, Brownsville; I. H. Snow, Corpus Christi; J. D. Jennings, Aguilar; M. A. Garcia, Brownsville; L. S. Perales, A. Feinseller, Mr. and Mrs. J. Ruble, W. H. Chadwick, D. Healy, B. Ross Jones, H. A. Eules, Fred Grell, P. Lucke, W. E. Swain, San Antonio; W. A. Day, Jerome; E. L. Gamuaga, C. W. Ryan, Rio Grande City.

Bender:—W. O. Simpson and wife, New York; B. Hild and wife, City; Jno. Newberry, Tampico; Jack Fryer, Denver, Colo.; F. W. Moore and family, Mexico City; A. C. Karbach, Dallas; V. A. Hawn, Kingsville; N. H. Tucker, New York; Tony Ryan and family, Kansas City, Mo.; H. A. Eub, St. Louis, Mo.; Louns Genord, New Orleans, La.; M. W. Bnoar, Ft. Worth; Cosgro, New York; J. O'Brien, New Orleans, La.; B. P. Manning, Dallas; J. H. Houze, Tampico; Mrs. C. Pogson, San Antonio.

Notice.

We pay best cash prices for Liberty Bonds. We buy and sell stocks. Write us.

MORGAN YATTER CO.
1210 Southwestern Life Bldg.
Dallas, Texas.

5-3-4t.

Green is the gala color of the Turk. England now has a special type of railway car built to carry aeroplanes. In Sweden one cannot buy drink without buying something to eat at the same time.

Despite the war, Great Britain produced nearly 250,000,000 tons of coal last year.

In the Isle of Man a belief prevails that the eating of carrots is a specific for jealousy and bad temper.

It takes fifty pounds of paraffin candles to provide as much light as 1,000 cubic feet of illuminating gas.

In Italy there is no "legal charity"—that is, the poor have no right to be supported out of the tax funds.

The elephant frequently seen as a British army regimental badge, or part of one, commemorates service in India, as does also the tiger.

The largest bank check on record was one for more than \$55,000,000, representing the last instalment of the war indemnity paid by China to Japan.

There are in the British Isles nearly 8,000,000 inhabited houses—sufficient to make two streets of two rows each enough to connect London with Madrid.

People Speak Well of Chamberlain's Tablets.

"I have been selling Chamberlain's Tablets for about two years and heard such good reports from my customers that I concluded to give them a trial myself, and can say that I do not believe there is another preparation of the kind equal to them," writes G. A. McBride, Headford, Ont. If you are troubled with indigestion or constipation give them a trial. They will do you good.

NEW FRANCO-AMERICAN ATTACK BEGAN IN CHAMPAGNE AFTER ARTILLERY PREPARATION

First Allied Thrust in This Sector Since Foch Assumed the Initiative in July and Result of Allied Success in Picardy in Driving Germans Back on the Hindenburg Line from Arras to Laon.

ZAPATA A PRISONER.

By Associated Press.

Mexico City, Sept. 26.—Unconfirmed reports published here state that Emiliano Zapata, who, for years has held virtually undisputed sway over the rebel forces that control the state of Morelos and part of Mexico, is being held prisoner by Marcelo Caraveo, a one time subordinate. Caraveo, has been reported as aiding the former federal general, Cirilo Arenas, who revolted last April and who has been opposing successfully the troops of General J. Agustín Castro, sub-secretary of war, in the state of Puebla.

ASKS CO-OPERATION.

By Associated Press.

Austin, Texas, Sept. 26.—An appeal to the various county medical societies to assist in the campaign against venereal diseases has been made by Dr. H. C. Hall, head of the bureau of Venereal Diseases, in letters to the secretaries of those societies. This is one of the numerous methods being employed to obtain co-operation in the enforcement of the law relating to venereal diseases.

SPANISH INFLUENZA.

By Associated Press.

Austin, Texas, Sept. 26.—With the announcement that cases of Spanish influenza had been found in Texas, State Health Officer W. B. Collins has taken steps to see that the cases are properly isolated. Apart from several cases which were found among the crew of a ship which touched at Port Arthur, Dr. Collins says, there also have been found cases of gripe in Bosque, Kaufman and Williamson counties.

In regard to treatment of Spanish influenza the State Health Department says:

"The epidemic of pneumonia, following an epidemic of measles, which spread over the state last October is still fresh in the minds of Public Health Officials. In gripe or influenza a great majority of deaths occur due to pneumonia which follows. Every precaution should be taken to prevent spread of the disease before it becomes prevalent. Texas, because of its climate, has a light death rate compared with the northern states, except for the complications. Safety in times when human power must be conserved demands closest attention and care of every suspicious case for there is no known disease which spreads with such rapidity or leaves the person so prostrated and unfit for any kind of work than does 'Spanish gripe'."

ODD AND INTERESTING.

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By Associated Press.

Paris, Sept. 26.—French and American troops attacked this morning on the Champagne front. At 5 o'clock the French attack was launched in co-operation with the American army which was attacking further east. The American attack on the Champagne front is the first allied thrust made in this sector since Foch assumed the initiative in July and is the logical result of the allied success in Picardy in driving the Germans back to the Hindenburg line from Arras to Laon.

German Attacks Repulsed.

Paris, Sept. 26.—Renewed German attacks north of the Aisne have been repulsed. At a point where the Germans gained a foothold upon French positions they were ejected after a counter attack.

Capture Enemy Strong Points.

London, Sept. 26.—Northwest of St. Quentin the British continue pressure against the German defenses and have captured enemy strong points in the Selleny and Greycourt neighborhoods. In Flanders the British line has likewise been advanced, progress being made in the sector north of La Bassee.

Attack Under Cover of Fog.

With the French Army in France, Sept. 26.—French troops attacked in Champagne today under cover of a thick fog after a period of artillery preparation which terminated in an hour of most intense drum fire. Early indications were that the attack was progressing most favorably.

Along a Wide Front.

With the French Army in France, Sept. 26.—The attack by the French which was launched this morning was along a wide front.

Germans Report Captures.

Berlin, Sept. 26.—The headquarters statement today reports the capture of French and American prisoners in the Lorraine sector, east of the Moselle river. In fighting to the west of St. Quentin the French succeeded in effecting small breaches in the German lines between Francilly and the Somme.

German Airdromes Bombed.

London, Sept. 26.—German airdromes at Buhl, 25 miles southwest of Karlsruhe, and Kaiserslautern, between Metz and Mannheim, have been bombed by British independent air forces.

Serbiens Reach Ishtib.

London, Sept. 26.—Serbian troops have reached the outskirts of Ishtib, an important Bulgarian base. Elsewhere east of the Vardar river the Serbians have made important gains.

Serbiens Chasing Bulgarians.

London, Sept. 26.—North of Pilep the Serbians are pursuing the Bulgarians, who are in complete retreat and are approaching Izvor, midway between Prelep and Veles.

Serbs Capture Gradsko.

London, Sept. 26.—Gradsko station, defended by Germans, southeast of Uskub, has been captured by the Serbs. An enormous quantity of supplies, including 19 guns, was also captured.

Germans Are Uneasy.

Paris, Sept. 26.—The German government is very uneasy over pacifist demonstrations in Bulgaria, and the German minister has conferred with King Ferdinand. Pacifist manifestations were held at Sofia Sunday, Monday and Tuesday. It is reported that martial law has been established at Sofia. There are also reports that a new ministerial crisis and a complete change of Bulgaria's foreign policy is impending.

Ferdinand Getting Worried.

Paris, Sept. 26.—Fresh dispositions made by Gen. Desperrey, who passed through Pilep, justified the belief that there had been energetic exploitations of the great inter-allied victory in Macedonia, says the Echo de Paris. King Ferdinand of Bulgaria asked Field Marshal von Mackensen to take command of his armies in order to block the advance of the allies in old Serbia and preserve Bulgaria from invasion.

Cut Pilep-Veles Road.

London, Sept. 26.—Reports from official quarters here indicate that the Pilep-Veles road has been cut at Izvor, isolating the First Bulgarian

WOMEN SUFFRAGE DELAYED.

By Associated Press.

Washington, Sept. 26.—Plans for a vote by the senate today on the federal woman suffrage amendment were virtually abandoned. Chairman Jones stated that likely there would be no vote until Saturday, when Senator La Follette is due to arrive.

SURPLUS OF PAPER.

By Associated Press.

St. John's, N. F., Sept. 26.—The paper mills at Grand Falls, established ten years ago to supply paper for English publications have now, owing to the inability to obtain vessels and the restriction of paper in the British Isles, decided to go into the shipping of paper to Australia.

Last year about 30,000 tons were shipped to the United States during the latter half of 1917, while further quantities are being manufactured and shipped at the present time, but these stocks will not suffice to keep the mills running full time, and arrangements have accordingly been made to ship paper to Australia.

TODAY'S EVENTS.

1518th day of the Great War.

King Christian X. of Denmark today celebrates his 48th birthday.

Today is the 25th anniversary of the fire which destroyed the larger part of the city of Lead, S. Dak.

The general sessions of the forty-fourth annual convention of the American Bankers' Association will begin today in Chicago.

Under an agreement of the party leaders the woman suffrage constitutional amendment is to come up for consideration today in the United States senate.

The annual convention of the Ohio Association of Real Estate Boards is to be entertained at Youngstown during the two days beginnings today.

St. Paul is to be the meeting place today of the annual conference of the Minnesota chapters of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

army from its main line of communications and placing it in a precarious position. The First army is on the allied left.

Allies Invade Bulgaria.

Saloniki, Sept. 26.—Bulgaria has been invaded by allied troops. The British entered Bulgarian territory opposite Kosturino, about six miles south of Strumitsa, the enemy base in this region.

CHARITY OF THE POOR.

An incident occurred in Laredo this week which illustrates the really charitable hearts of the poor, and which should be an example to many who are blessed with this world's goods.

One of the ladies on the committee soliciting clothing for the French and Belgians entered a little store—one of those in which the entire stock in trade would not represent a month's wages for a workman. Explaining her errand, the woman in charge of the store said:

"I haven't any old clothing, but I will give what I can in cash," and she gave a small amount, at the same time giving seven cents to an old woman mendicant who was in the store with a little girl.

Now comes the touching feature. The old beggar woman, to whom probably the seven cents was an important sum, immediately offered it to the collector for the Red Cross, saying that she also would like to do her share.

What rich man, or one in moderate circumstances, has given in proportion to the offering of that old beggar woman? Who is there who has shown such a charitable heart when called upon? And it must be remembered that this old mendicant had not been asked for any contribution; she merely overheard the lady asking for a donation, and no one dreamed that she would make the personal application of the plea.

There are many in Laredo who have not given even their share toward helping win the war. Much less have they given "until it hurts," as we are admonished to do, and as that old woman did without ever having heard of the needs of the suffering refugees in France and Belgium.

But it is certain that the poor and needy always receive the greatest amount of aid in proportion to the means of the giver from those who are not rich in this world's goods. Those who have felt or are still feeling the pinch of poverty are the ones who respond most generously to the plea of others, and the widow's mite is as potent today as it was in ancient times.

When a beggar can set an example for others to follow, by giving up no inconsiderable part of her daily income, it is time that some of those who are forever boasting of what they have done and are doing for war activities should do a little more.

The people of France and Belgium are facing another winter of suffering. They have been saved from starvation by the aid of the people of England and of America. But most of them are absolutely without clothing to carry them through the cold months, and the majority of them are without adequate shelter from the cold, with no prospect of securing coal while the Germans need the fuel.

The clothing which they had when they were driven from their homes is exhausted. Some of the older persons are actually facing shame because of inadequate garments, while the children need everything, from hats to shoes. The Germans have commandeered everything that could be of use to their soldiers, while in the first stages of the war they sent home clothing to the value of millions of dollars, all stolen from the poor Belgians or French in the occupied territory.

Those who have clothing to spare—preferably not too worn or old—and who feel that they would like to do something for the Belgian refugees or the French who are driven from their native homes, can communicate with the Red Cross committee, of which Mr. R. A. Millar is chairman, and in this way find out what to do with the clothing, hats, shoes or other articles which will be of such use to the Belgians and French.

Those who have no old clothing but who desire to do their part may contribute money with which to buy piece goods for making clothing for the refugees. There are many things which are needed and which can be either made up in this country or abroad for these suffering, needy people.

And it must be remembered that our soldiers are now among these same people, and are daily witnessing what is being done for them through American aid. It will not be creditable for our own boys to see these people suffer and know that we are doing little or nothing for them.

AMERICAN ADAPTABILITY.

When the Americans captured the St. Mihiel salient they found a German narrow gauge railway on which had been running one-man gasoline locomotives. Many of these little engines were captured, and such is the American adaptability that when the shell-torn tracks were repaired the Americans were ready to run the locomotives over them.

This is not the first time the Americans have had to handle foreign equipment, although in most parts of the world outside of Germany the American locomotives and rails are found.

When the narrow gauge line running out of Manila was captured by the Americans there were but two locomotives left. One of those was in the ditch and the other badly in need of repair. Upon the captain of one company asking for volunteers who could repair and run the engines, there were seven men who presented

themselves, and two of them discovered that the engines had been made in the factory where they worked in the United States!

The only equipment which was found to be difficult to operate was the telegraph instruments "made in Germany," which the Spanish government had installed years before. They were gradually replaced with American instruments, but not before the Americans had mastered their use.

All over France today American engines are hauling American cars over American rails. The entire equipment of some of the roads is American, and the surprising ability of the Americans in laying track, installing switches and other necessary equipment with which to handle the enormous traffic is proving a marvel to the French.

There seems to be nothing the ingenious Yankee cannot do. Most of the inventions now used in warfare come from this country, although the working out of the American inventions by the Germans has resulted in some wonderful effects. Where an American machine is light and easy to handle, the German development of the same idea is ponderous and clumsy.

Anyone who has seen a German machine will understand how laughable it appears to the American mechanic. Weighing tons where the American machine weighs hundreds of pounds, built as if to bear the weight of the Rock of Gibraltar, slow instead of light-running, spreading out as if to cover the German empire, the German-made machine is an example of wastefulness which one does not expect from that thrifty nation.

The size of the German "one-man" locomotives is not given in the news despatch, but it may be safely set down as greater than is necessary. But even so, the American will be able to get more service per gallon of gasoline out of the locomotive than any German ever could do.

The Diesel engine is a German invention—or rather a development of a previous American invention—and yet there is no German Diesel engineer who can ever hope to equal the ability of the Americans who have studied this type of engine.

The American-made Diesel engines are superior to any made in Germany, because they are built on a decidedly improved model, one which does not waste floor space or material, and yet they run easier and better than any machine made in the German shops.

The German railway cars are clumsy and ungainly affairs, yet they will not carry the cargo that an American car easily contains. They carry the theory of strains to the limit and their element of safety is always greater than that of the Americans, yet the German cars are always breaking down, while the American cars run many thousands of miles without repairs.

When it comes to the realm of steam or gas engineering, the Americans can teach any nation in the world, even the boasted British—which usually means Scotch—engineers. And no German can ever attain the heights of engineering skill which are held by the average among the Americans.

It is probable that there will be a complete overhauling of the European railway systems after the war, and that American equipment will be chosen by the most advanced nations as being the best there is anywhere.

W. S. S. TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

SEPTEMBER 25.

1775—Ethan Allen and 38 men, captured in the American attack on Montreal were sent to England as prisoners.

1850—Railroad connected Petrograd and Moscow, built by American engineers, opened for traffic.

1862—Gen. Buell with Federal troops arrived at Louisville, in advance of the Confederate forces.

1885—The Pope accepted the role of mediator between Germany and Spain in the Caroline Islands dispute.

1887—Prussia celebrated the 25th anniversary of Bismarck's chancellorship.

1893—Two bandits killed and four captured in an attempt train robbery near St. Joseph, Mo.

1914—First contingent of British Indian troops landed at Marseilles, France.

1915—English fleet bombarded the German bases on Belgian coast.

1916—Allies captured Cambes after many days of hard fighting.

W. S. S. Experience the Best Teacher.

It is generally admitted that experience is the best teacher, but should we not make use of the experience of others as well as our own? The experience of a thousand persons is more to be depended upon than that of one individual. Many thousands of persons have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for coughs and colds with the best results, which shows it to be a thoroughly reliable preparation for those diseases. Try it. It is prompt and effectual and pleasant to take.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

Such tobacco enjoyment

as you never thought could be is yours to command quick as you buy some Prince Albert and fire-up a pipe or a home-made cigarette!

Prince Albert gives you every tobacco satisfaction your smoke-appetite ever hankered for. That's because it's made by a patented process that cuts out bite and parch! Prince Albert has always been sold without coupons or premiums. We prefer to give quality!

PRINCE ALBERT

the national joy smoke

has a flavor as different as it is delightful. You never tasted the like of it! And that isn't strange, either.

Buy Prince Albert everywhere tobacco is sold in tins, 10c; handsome pound and half-pound tin humidors—and that corking fine pound crystal-glass humidor with sponge-moistener top that keeps the tobacco in such clever trim—always!

Men who think they can't smoke a pipe or roll a cigarette can smoke and will smoke if they use Prince Albert. And smokers who have not yet given P. A. a try-out certainly have a big surprise and a lot of enjoyment coming their way as soon as they invest in a supply. Prince Albert tobacco will tell its own story!

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO., Winston-Salem, N. C.



Copyright 1918 by R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co.
On the reverse side of this tin you will read: "Process Patented July 30th, 1907," which has made three men smoke pipes where one smoked before!

WANTS TO BE AN AMERICAN SOLDIER; WAIVES CLAIMS

Martin Castillo, Aged 20, Full-Fledged Mexican Citizen, Wants to Join the United States Army.

Every now and then one will encounter a registrant of thoroughbred American nativity planning excuses or something that will exempt him from military service when he is called before the examining board, although such cases are not very numerous, but he will rarely hear of a Mexican young man, a bonafide native of Mexico and entitled to recognition as an alien, coming forth and waiving his Mexican citizenship rights and asking to be drafted into the United States army.

But this has happened. Yesterday Martin Castillo, aged 20 years and a native of Monterey, Mexico, who is employed at the Texas-Mexican railway offices here, received his questionnaire and proceeded posthaste to C. M. de la Garza and had the blanks filled out. Young Castillo necessarily had to state his place of nativity as Monterey, Mexico, while his parents are also citizens of Mexico, but when he came to the part offering an excuse for exemption, he merely wrote "Rights of Mexican citizenship waived and I want to join the United States army." These are the kind of men that the United States army wants—volunteers of that type who will make good, loyal fighters and be entitled to recognition as a good American citizen. Some of those Mexicans who are headed for Mexico at breakneck speed to evade the draft should stop and consider for a moment and take Martin Castillo as an example of what they might be.

W. S. S. IN THE DAY'S NEWS. SEPTEMBER 25. Gen. George P. Harrison, who, as commander-in-chief, is presiding over the annual reunion of the Confederate Veterans now in session at Tulsa, is an Alabamian who has achieved success and prominence in numerous lines of endeavor. He is a native of Georgia and a direct descendant of one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence. Entering the service of the Confederacy at the outbreak of the war he was commissioned a brigadier-general before he was 22. After the war he removed to Alabama, studied law and soon became one of the leaders of the Alabama bar. For eight years he was a member of the Alabama senate and from 1894 to 1897 he was in Congress. He has been president of the Alabama State Bar Association, conspicuous as a lay leader of the M. E. Church, South, and has been honored with high office by several fraternities.

W. S. S. Notice of Removal. The Economy Grocery has moved to the Brannan building at the corner of Hidalgo street and Salinas avenue, where they are better prepared than ever to serve their customers.

W. S. S. Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

IMMIGRATION DEPARTMENT HAS ISSUED 400 PERMITS

MORE THAN TEN THOUSAND SUCH CARDS TO BE ISSUED.

Fully 6,000 Will Be Issued to Residents of Nuevo Laredo and 4,000 Residents of This City.

As an evidence of the amount of work that the immigration department has on its hands as a result of the new regulations requiring all persons going to and from Mexico to be armed with identification cards in addition to their regulation passports, it need only be stated that up to this time approximately 400 identification cards have been issued and nearly 10,000 remain to be issued to applicants.

J. E. Trout, inspector in charge of the immigration service in this city, stated to The Times representative this morning that there would be a total of approximately 10,000 cards issued, of which 6,000 would be for residents of Nuevo Laredo who have business on this side of the Rio Grande, while 4,000 permits or more would be issued to Laredo people who go back and forth over the Rio Grande.

The permit cards show that the holders are possessed of the necessary passports, and holder can cross the river either way merely by presenting the identification card, which is issued when the passport is presented.

W. S. S. AFFORDS AN OPPORTUNITY TO ENTER TRAINING CAMPS

Men Within the Draft Age Can Now Make Application for Admission to Leon Springs Training Camp.

Under the new ruling announced yesterday whereby any registrant from the age of 18 to 45 years can now apply for admission to the officers' training camp to be held at Leon Springs next month can enter the school and work for a commission. It is expected that numerous Laredo young men will make application to Captain McClure of the Thirty-seventh Infantry at Fort McIntosh for application blanks for admission to the school.

Just prior to the registration the matter of applications of young men in the draft age were withheld from consideration for admission to the training schools, but now there is an urgent need for more officers and the Leon Springs school is calling for 700 applicants and students. Those in Laredo who intend to make application for the officers training school should get a wiggle on and consult with Captain McClure at once, as all applications must be in the hands of the commanding officer of the Leon Springs school not later than October 3. Here is an unusual opportunity for the young men within the draft ages to try for a commission in some particular preferred branch of the army service.

W. S. S. Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

FUNERAL OF MRS. E. C. DODD TOOK PLACE THIS MORNING

Large Number Visited Home of Sorow. Many Beautiful Floral Tributes Being Sent by Friends.

The funeral of Mrs. Edwards Callahan Dodd, who passed away at her home, 910 Santa Clotilde Avenue, yesterday morning at 1:30 o'clock, was held this morning at 10 o'clock from the home to the cemetery. The casket rested in a veritable mound of flowers at the home, and a large number of bereaved friends of the deceased were present to pay their last respects to the dead.

The funeral services at both the home and the grave were conducted by Rev. W. L. Barr of the Methodist church assisted by the Methodist choir. At the cemetery the remains were laid to rest beside those of the late husband of deceased, Capt. T. W. Dodd. The following acted as the pallbearers: T. A. Austin, M. Little, J. J. Howell, John Colman, J. R. Moore and J. S. Westbrook.

W. S. S. PASSED HIS EXAMINATION AND WILL GET COMMISSION

E. J. Foster, County Surveyor, Successfully Passed Examination and Will Be a First Lieutenant.

Edmund J. Foster, county surveyor of Webb county, returned this morning from Dallas, where on last Saturday, September 21, he took the examination for a commission in the U. S. Engineering Corps.

Mr. Foster passed the examination successfully, being one of twenty out of eighty-nine who passed. He was instructed to hold himself in readiness for service and that he would receive his commission as a first lieutenant in the engineering corps within the next thirty days, and when he receives his commission he has orders to report to Camp Lee, Virginia, for assignment to duty. The many friends of Mr. Foster will be delighted to learn of his success.

W. S. S. SERGEANT LON WILLIS IS MADE CAPTAIN OF RANGERS

Efficient Member of Texas Ranger Force Has Abilities Recognized and Deservedly Promoted.

The many friends in Laredo of Sergeant Lon Willis, who served under Captain Sanders and later was assigned to Captain Ryan's company and stationed here, will be pleased to receive the news announcing that it is now Captain Lon Willis of the Texas Rangers instead of Sergeant Willis.

Captain Willis is now in command of Co. M, Texas Rangers, and those who know him recognize the fact that a deserved recognition of the services of a good man has been made when he was promoted to a captaincy.

W. S. S. FOR SALE.

This year's Teneriffe grown Yellow Bermuda onion seed. \$1.25 per pound. CANNEL COAL CO. 9-18 ft.

W. S. S. Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

NEW RULES GOVERNING SALE OF WHEAT FLOUR EFFECTIVE SEPT. 1, 1918

Retailers Are Required by the Food Administration to Sell at the Same Time With Every Four Pounds of Standard Wheat Flour One Pound of Standard Corn Flour, Corn Meal or Barley Flour.

No dealer may force upon the consumer any other substitute than the above with wheat flour.

Instead of the above substitutes, the dealer may, if the customer so demands, deliver on the same basis any of the following flours:

Kaffir Flour Milo Flour
Rice Flour Oat Flour
Bean Flour Potato Flour
Peteria Flour Buckwheat Flour
Peanut Flour Sweet Potato Flour

Pure Rye Flour or meal may be sold as a substitute, but must be sold in the proportion of at least two pounds of rye with three pounds of wheat flour.

Corn Meal for use in making of corn bread should be purchased separately from combination sales.

Corn Meal purchased as a substitute with wheat flour should only be used in making a Victory Bread mixture.

VICTORY MIXED FLOUR may be sold without additional substitutes, as it is wheat flour which has mixed with it the required amount of barley, corn, or rye flour substitute.

VICTORY MIXED FLOUR includes graham, whole wheat, or entire wheat flour or meal when it contains 95 per cent or more of the wheat berry.

AVERAGE OF PRICES AUGUST 15 TO SEPTEMBER 1

Statistics lately prepared by the Price Section of the Federal Food Administration for Texas show that prices on licensed commodities in this State compare very favorably with those of the other States.

A comparative price list compiled on September 1, covering the wholesale and retail prices on 21 staples in 68 of the largest towns and cities of Texas from August 15 to September 1, gives following as the average prices throughout the State:

Sugar, lb. basis, wholesale .0854-.0859, retail .0929-.0971.

Corn meal, sack and lb. basis, wholesale \$1.29-\$1.38, retail .0620-.0667.

Bread, lb. loaf, wholesale .0745-.0845, retail .0561-.1031.

Rice, Honduras, lb. basis, wholesale .1046-.1115, retail .1267-.1377.

Rice, Blue Rose, lb. basis, wholesale .1065-.1061, retail .1232-.1308.

Linia beans, lb. basis, wholesale .1480-.1607, retail .1790-.1979.

Salmon, Tall Pink, dozen and can, wholesale \$2.01-\$2.12, retail .202-.229.

Salmon, Tall Red, dozen and can, wholesale \$2.84-\$2.89, retail .310-.3139.

Butter, lb. basis, wholesale .4410-.4719, retail .5200-.5800.

Oleomargarine, lb. basis, wholesale .3554-.3310, retail .3586-.3387.

Cheese, cream, lb. basis, wholesale .2870-.3190, retail .3310-.3910.

Lard substitutes, lb. basis, wholesale .2432-.2482, retail .2760-.2933.

Hams, fancy, lb. basis, wholesale .3218-.3344, retail .3720-.3960.

Bacon, fancy, breakfast, lb. basis, wholesale .4944-.5154, retail .5619-.6058.

Bacon, standard, breakfast, lb. basis, wholesale .4900-.4222, retail .4576-.4844.

Peanut oil, gallon, wholesale \$1.78-\$1.81, retail \$2.03-\$2.16.

Black-eyed peas, lb. basis, wholesale .0964-.1062, retail .1230-.1410.

New potatoes, California, cwt. and lb., wholesale \$4.19-\$4.20, retail .0490-.0542.

Tall evaporated milk, dozen and can, wholesale \$1.29-\$1.36, retail .1360-.1520.

Baby evaporated milk, dozen and can, wholesale .6853-.6753, retail .0573-.0708.

Onions, Bermuda, New Texas, lb. basis, wholesale .0399-.0449, retail .0521-.0627.

COTTON SEED PRICES STABILIZED

Administrator Peden while in Washington attending a conference of State Administrators of the Food Administration, wired Texas headquarters September 5 that as a result of a thorough investigation of and analysis of all the factors entering in prices for cotton seed as affecting the farmer, the distributor, and the crusher, a plan for stabilizing had been evolved. The message reads:

"Stabilization of cotton seed prices at average recommended by the producers has been accepted by the Food Administration after a conference with the State Administrators. The prices arranged are as follows:

Zone One, \$68.00
Zone Two, \$67.00
Zone Three, \$66.00
Zone Four, \$67.00
Zone Five, \$64.00

All in car lots f.o.b. points of shipment.

"Price for sacked meal and screened cracked cake 43 per cent protein, any quantity, \$57.00; hulls, \$20.00 loose; oil, 17 1/2 cents, basis prime.

"The Food Administration has applied to the War Industries Board to revise price of linters; any increase in price of linters will be applied to reduction of meal.

W. S. S. PEDEN."

WHY REGISTRANTS SHOULD MAKE THE PROPER CLAIMS

GENERAL CROWDER SHOWS THE PROPER PROCEDURE.

Persons Engaged in Agricultural Occupations Which Are Necessary Should Present Their Claims.

Prof. Fred W. Mally is in receipt of instructions from the department of agriculture with regard to exemptions from military service because of agricultural interests, which are of interest to all those connected with that industry and who are of draft age.

General Crowder says that someone must indicate that the individual case is one which should arrest the special attention of the draft board in respect to the registrant's occupational status, and if the registrant does not state his claims for deferred classification they cannot be considered. He further says that it is the duty of an employer to aid his necessary employees in a necessary occupation in presenting their cases to the board.

Mr. Mally wishes it known that he will do all in his power to aid those entitled to deferred classification because of agricultural pursuits to present their claims in the proper manner.

It is not enough for the registrant who desires deferred classification to merely fill out his questionnaire, as the draft boards cannot inquire into each case without the registrant making his claim and backing it up by the proper affidavits from other persons.

Deferred classification is only made upon proof that the individual case is one which should arrest the special attention of the board in respect to the registrant's occupational status. The boards have no time to spare in searching the questionnaires for possible grounds of claim.

General Crowder's statement says: "But who is to make the claim? Ordinarily the registrant himself will indicate the claim on his questionnaire. But if, through mistaken chivalry, he should fail to do so, another may make it for him. In industry, agriculture or other occupations this other persons will naturally be his employer or some other representative of his associated group. And this brings me to the second feature above mentioned.

"Why should the employer or other third person in such cases make the claim? Because the employer in this situation represents the Nation—because (in the statutory phrase) 'the maintenance of the military establishment or of national interest during the emergency' requires that some well-advised third person should look after that interest, which the registrant himself may not have sufficiently considered."

So it is plain that employers or associates who feel that the best interests of the people are jeopardized by the drafting of some particular registrant engaged in an agricultural occupation which is necessary to the people of Webb county are not only justified in making a claim for deferred classification, but it is their duty to do so, and Prof. Mally will do all he can to aid in presenting the claim in the proper manner before the board in order that the desired end may be attained.

W. S. S. WANTED.

A clerk for my Customs Department who speaks English and Spanish and who can operate a typewriter. E. DENIKE. 9-24 St.

W. S. S. U. S. AMBASSADOR FLETCHER PASSED THROUGH THIS CITY

Reached Here Last Evening From Mexico City and Immediately Proceeded on His Way to Washington.

United States Ambassador H. T. Fletcher, who has been summoned to Washington by the state department to a conference regarding recent events in Mexico, including the Mexican government action in the oil matter and the placing of an embargo on newsprint paper by this government, reached here last evening from Mexico City and left on the train last night for the north.

At San Antonio this morning Ambassador Fletcher was joined by Alberto de Moreira, the new Brazilian minister to the United States, who passed through here Monday evening, and from San Antonio the two diplomats proceeded on their way to the national capital.



BELL'S FOR INDIGESTION

Subscribe for THE TIMES 50 cts. per month.

LOCAL NEWS

A telephone message received by relatives last night from San Antonio announced that Bernardo de la Garza, Jr., who returned recently from Mexico to be inducted into the national army, was somewhat improved. The young man has been seriously ill with pneumonia at the base hospital at Camp Travis.

—Edward Green, florist. Day and night phone Crockett 4107. Ave. C. at 8th St., San Antonio, Texas.

—We sell Gage hats. Miss M. Sallee. 9-17-lm.

—W. D. Butler is in receipt of letters from his two brothers, Private H. H. Butler of Hdq. Co. of 141st Infantry, and Private Vershall (Mike) Butler, of the same regiment, who tell of their experiences "over there." The boys tell of their billeting with the French, their long hikes, etc., while certain portions of the letters bear the earmarks of the censors.

—We will repair and put in order faulty plumbing installations. Juarez Plumbing Co. 419 Matamoros. 2-11-tf.

—We paint automobiles; also make auto tops. Fidel Cantu, Phone 202. 6-15-tf.

—Read the item elsewhere on this page of The Times offering an opportunity to all registrants to put in applications for the officers' training camp to be opened at Leon Springs next month. Then go out and get other information and application blanks from Captain McClure at headquarters of the 37th Infantry at Fort McIntosh.

—The Crescent Garage is the busiest shop in town. Why? 4-10-tf.

—Call 921 for Super-Six service car. City rates. 8-28-lm.

—New fall line Gossard corsets and brassieres. Miss M. Sallee. 9-17-lm.

—This is regular concert night at Fort McIntosh, when the Thirty-seventh Infantry Band will furnish a program of popular selections, beginning at 8:15 o'clock. These concerts, began last week and held every Tuesday and Friday evenings, and each Sunday morning, are already becoming popular.

—Teacher of Gregg Shorthand and Spanish and English. Apply Will W. Gregg, Times office; residence 812 Farragut street. 4-27-tf.

—The Crescent Garage is the busiest shop in town. Why? 4-10-tf.

—The Belmont. Rooms and apartments. 502 Main Ave. Phone 576 or 1017. 6-20-tf.

—A good rain at this time would do great good for farmers and stockmen, to say nothing of the numerous home gardens that are now depending on irrigation applied through the garden hose.

—Will handle on commission alfalfa and cane in bales, large or small lots. Policarpo Cavazos, 519 Victoria street. 9-2-lm.

—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans. 4-24-tf.

—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office; residence 812 Farragut street. Residence phone 348. 4-27-tf.

—If it is neat and accurate job printing that you want send your orders to The Times job department. Expert workmanship and the best of materials. 1-9-tf.

MAJOR CLEMENTS DOING WELL IN HOSPITAL "OVER THERE"

He Was a Lieutenant With the Old Ninth Here and Well Remembered; Has Been Wounded Severely.

The following item from the Cincinnati Enquirer regarding an officer well known in Laredo, who several years ago was a second lieutenant of the Ninth Infantry, while his wife was prominent in musical circles here, but who later was detailed to take charge of the army target range in Florida, and at the outbreak of the war rejoined the Ninth Infantry and went to France:

"Major Joseph Clements, son-in-law of Mr. Thomas P. Carothers, in a letter to his wife, states he is improving in a hospital in France after being severely wounded. He has been 'over the top' five times and the day he was shot was the bearer of a message. He was picked up by several of the American troops and laid in the trenches for five hours before he could be carried to a hospital, where he is still confined."

ECKMAN'S Calcerbs
FOR THROAT AND LUNGS
A Calcium compound that will bring relief in many acute and chronic cases. Provides in handiest form, a basic remedy highly recommended by science. Contains no harmful drugs. Try them today.
50 cents a box, including war tax
For sale at all druggists
Eckman Laboratory, Philadelphia



Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt
Society Editor
Phone 70 Phone 43

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Tuesday.

The members of the Alpha Club will meet at 8:30 o'clock in the morning at the residence of Mrs. Dario Sanchez to knit for the Red Cross.

The Junior Auxiliary will meet at the Rectory at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

There will be a special meeting of the Women's Missionary Society at the Methodist Church at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

There will be a meeting of the Tuesday Knitting Circle with Mrs. Simpson at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Community Singing at the Soldiers' Club in the evening.

Wednesday.

There will be a meeting of the Parish Guild of Christ Church at the home of Mrs. Arkles at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

There will be the regular weekly dance at the Y. M. H. A. Hall in the evening with Misses Stella and Lupe Rosenbaum as hostesses.

Dance at the Soldiers Club in the evening.

Meeting of the Training for Service Class of the Christian Endeavor Society at the Christian Church in the evening.

Hearts That Love Their Land.

When the country's calling,
That call's to heart and hand,
And into line they're falling—
The hearts that love their land.
They dream the call,
And answer all:—
They need not a command!

—Frank L. Stanton.

General Mention.

Mrs. T. S. King of San Antonio, sister of Lieutenant Leslie Stoner, is visiting in Laredo as the guest of Mrs. Leslie Stoner.

Mrs. S. H. Nunneley, after a short visit here to her daughter, Mrs. W. D. Butler, has returned to her home in San Antonio.

Mrs. Heloise M. Villegas arrived yesterday afternoon from San Antonio to again make Laredo her home. She has apartments in the Villegas building, corner of Farragut street and Flores avenue. Mrs. Villegas' host of friends will be glad to learn that she is once more in their midst.

Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Harper have moved their residence from the Heights and are now located at 214 Bruni Street.

Mr. Guy Trout, who has been visiting his parents for a short while, left last night for Austin and from there will go to Dallas, at Camp Dick, waiting orders to be sent to a flying field.

Miss Christine Hill is expected home from a short stay in San Antonio.

Mrs. E. H. Kline, after a short visit to friends in Corpus Christi, is visiting in San Antonio this week.

Mrs. A. B. Muller spent the weekend in Corpus Christi with friends.

Mrs. Frank Nye received a very interesting letter from her son Randall yesterday, from somewhere in France. He writes they are all well and in good spirits. He also says he received his first bunch of books and papers the other day and in them was an old Laredo Times, which looked so good to him that he read every line and advertisement in it.

Letters were received yesterday from Dr. J. T. Halsell, from "somewhere in France." His many friends will be glad to hear that he is well and so far pleasantly located. Says he is putting in all his spare time in learning French, and talks to every one who will talk to him. He is very much impressed with the beautiful scenery and the wonderful roadways.

Announcements.

The Tuesday Music and Literary Club will meet at the home of Mrs. C. M. Fish at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

The residents of the Heights having clothing to contribute for the French and Belgian people will please hold it in readiness for the committee when they call. If the committee fails to reach you, please phone 660.

Entertainment.

The Woman's Club entertained last evening with their regular weekly "at home" for the soldier boys and their friends. The rooms were attractively arranged for the occasion and the hostesses of the evening were Mesdames Goodman, Arkles and Mason. Miss Courtney Slaughter sang a solo. Good music made dancing

very pleasant and there was quite a crowd in attendance.

Woman's Club Elect.

The Woman's Club held an executive meeting at the club room yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock. A number of matters pertaining to the club were discussed, and a motion was carried to offer the club rooms to the Tuesday Music and Literary Club to be used for their club work. The president of the latter club, Mrs. A. S. J. Tucker, being present, gladly accepted the offer. The following new members were taken in: Mesdames C. Withoff, Geo. W. Derby, W. B. Heaner, H. G. DaCamara and Miss Mabel Byerly. The following committees were then appointed:

Library Committee—Mrs. A. R. Smith, chairman; Mrs. C. C. Burr, Mrs. F. W. Mally, Miss Nelson.

Music Committee—Mrs. D. F. Anderson, chairman; Mrs. A. S. J. Tucker, Mrs. J. L. Dannelly, Mrs. Thos. Reed, Miss Esther Hirsch.

Home Economics Committee—Mrs. J. E. Applewhite, chairman; Mrs. Chas. Richter, Mrs. D. Z. Windrow, Mrs. Geo. Seratchley, Mrs. J. Slaughter.

Civics Committee—Mrs. E. H. Buenz, chairman; Mrs. Ira O'Meara, Mrs. E. R. Tarver, Mrs. J. F. Mullally, Miss A. V. Pace.

Suffrage Committee—Dr. Adellina Thaison, chairman; Mrs. W. N. Young, Mrs. S. R. Anderson, Mrs. W. Threadgill, Mrs. M. J. Diaz.

Finance Committee—Mrs. H. M. Austin, chairman; Mrs. Sam Mackin, Mrs. Jos. Netzer, Mrs. R. L. Puster.

House Committee—Mrs. A. Poggenpohl, chairman; Mrs. E. H. Buenz, Mrs. John W. Mussett, Mrs. Mary Shelby, Mrs. W. J. Sames.

Open House Committee—Miss Nelson, chairman, with all club members assisting.

PERSONALS

H. C. Lane of Millett is a guest at the Hamilton.

W. J. Billings and family of Bruni are stopping at the Hamilton.

James O'Keefe of Jacksonville is a guest at the Bender.

Capt. J. J. Sanders and Ranger C. W. Price of Alice are guests at the Bender.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Hamilton—W. D. Wall, St. Louis; J. C. Brice, W. A. MacTavish, F. W. Thomas, J. D. Dodson, J. E. Harris, J. W. McGee, J. D. Moore, Eph. M. Goldstein, San Antonio; E. G. Lustinger, Guillermo Guerra, Monterey; C. C. Rarris and wife, Franco, Gomez Palacio, P. Sandoval, Mexico City; Mrs. A. L. Schumacher and family, Misses Mary and Corlie Woods, Tampico; B. Ross Jones, W. A. Day, J. N. Petrolia, Rio Grande City; W. J. Billings and family, Bruni; H. C. Lane, Millett; J. Harvey Giles, Floyd Avery, Chicago; Jorge Romero, San Jose, Calif.; J. A. Abellin, Dallas; M. C. Woolf, Del Rio; E. L. Duforce, New York City; Mrs. Frank Nagel, children and maid, Grand Rapids, Mich.

Bender—P. C. Christmas and sisters, Tampico; Ramon Alcazar and family, Mexico City; W. A. Metts, New York; H. W. Caldwell, Dallas; Capt. J. J. Sanders, C. W. Price, Alice; Jas. O'Keefe, Jacksonville; B. D. Clements, San Antonio; J. B. Robbins, Dallas; L. O. Davis, Texarkana; R. Rosales, R. E. L. Lepper, San Antonio; A. A. Wipf, Freeman, S. D.; R. L. Benham, W. H. Voss, San Antonio; R. H. Ward, Wm. H. Prestinary, Chicago; W. R. Farley, Dallas.

Has a High Opinion of Chamberlain's Tablets.

"I have a high opinion of Chamberlain's Tablets for biliousness and as a laxative," writes Mrs. C. A. Barnes, Charleston, Ill. "I have never found anything so mild and pleasant to use. My brother has also used these tablets with satisfactory results."

TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS.

SEPTEMBER 24.

Major General William M. Wright, U. S. A., commanding the 35th (Kansas and Missouri) Division at the front, born in New Jersey, 55 years ago today.

Major General Clarence G. Townsley, U. S. A., who visited the battlefront last spring, born in New York, 63 years ago today.

Hon. Duncan McLean Marshall, Minister of Agriculture of Alberta, born in Ontario, 46 years ago today.

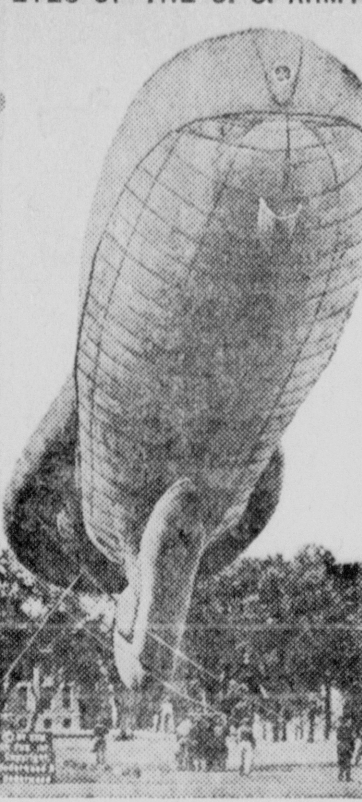
J. Horace McFarland, president of the American Civic Association since 1904, born in Juniata County, Pa., 69 years ago today.

Eugene N. Foss, former governor of Massachusetts, born in West Berkshire, Vt., 60 years ago today.

Great Faith in Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy.

"Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy was used by my father about a year ago when he had diarrhoea, and it relieved him immediately and by taking three doses he was absolutely cured. He has great faith in this remedy," writes Mrs. W. H. Williams, Stanley, N. Y.

EYES OF THE U. S. ARMY



Here is one of the huge observation balloons of the United States army, called "elephants" by the soldiers, which are indispensable in modern warfare.

Dream On!

A year ago a manufacturer engaged a boy. For months there was nothing noticeable about the boy except that he never took his eyes off the work he was doing. A few weeks ago the manufacturer looked up to see the boy standing beside his desk.

"What do you want?" he asked.

"Want me pay raised."

"What are you getting?"

"Ten shillings a week."

"Well, how much do you think you are worth?"

"Fifteen shillings."

"You think so, do you?"

"Yes, sir, an' I've been thinkin' so for three weeks, but I've been so blamed busy I ain't had time to speak to you about it."

The boy got the raise.—Uplift Magazine.

Rents Up in Holland.

House rents in the larger Dutch cities, especially The Hague, writes United States Vice Consul A. C. Nelson from that capital, have been increasing continuously, owing in great measure to the large influx of Belgians at the beginning of the war, and the later continuous arrivals of English and German prisoners of war, and the few new buildings erected during the last years.

To meet this deficiency the government has erected a number of temporary buildings and barracks, but many of the well-to-do foreign officers and soldiers seek houses and rooms and, consequently, the rents keep soaring.

TODAY'S EVENTS.

1516th day of the Great War.

Forty-ninth anniversary of the "Black Friday" panic, in which the fortunes of hundreds were swept away in Wall Street.

The twenty-fourth annual convention of the Colorado Federation of Women's Clubs will be entertained in Pueblo during the three days beginning today.

Robert T. Lincoln and Mrs. Lincoln, who are now residents of Washington, will celebrate their golden wedding anniversary today, having been married Sept. 24, 1868.

Delegates from many cities of the United States and Canada will meet in Atlanta today for the annual convention of the International Association of Municipal Electricians.

Sectional conferences and committee meetings will occupy thousands of bankers assembled in Chicago today for the annual convention of the American Bankers' Association.

Elaborate preparations have been made in Winona for the entertainment of the annual convention of the Minnesota Federation of Women's Clubs, which begins a three-day session in that city today.

The Rt. Rev. Charles Gort, D. D., bishop of Oxford, England, is to be one of the leading speakers at the National Interchurch War Work Congress, which is to assemble today in Chicago.

General primaries are to be held today in Massachusetts and New Jersey for the nomination of party candidates for United States senator, congressmen and State officers to be voted for in November.

The Central States Co-operative Society has called a general conference to meet today at Springfield, Ill., to agree upon measures for extending the co-operative movement as a means of protection for the working classes against the profiteer.

John Reed, formerly prominent as a magazine writer, now the designated Consul-General of the Bolsheviks in New York City, is to be arraigned today for trial in the Federal court in New York on a charge of constructing the selective draft by his writings in "The Masses."

Delegate conventions of the Republicans of Rhode Island have been called to meet in Providence today for the selection of candidates for United States senator, representatives in Congress and other Federal and State offices to be filled at the election in November.

AMERICAN ARTILLERY FIRE PREVENTED GERMAN RAID FROM MATERIALIZING TODAY

When the German Barrage Lifted from the Front Lines to the Rear of the American Positions, the American Gunfire Opened So Effectually that Any Attempt of German Infantry to Attack was Impossible.

BAR GERMAN WOMEN.

By Associated Press.

Washington, Sept. 24.—Unnaturalized German women may not enter or live in zones within half a mile of camps or other prohibited military reservations after midnight October 5, Attorney General Gregory announced today.

DEAF MAKE GOOD AIRMEN.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 24.—Tests which have been conducted recently in the military aviation service indicate that deaf mutes may be turned into particularly efficient aviators. There are, in fact, certain points where the deaf man has a distinct advantage over the man who can hear. For one thing, deaf people are never seasick. They never grow dizzy when in high altitudes—neither mountains nor clouds hold any terrors for them, and they have no feelings of dread. This is due to the fact that deaf mutes do not possess any sense of motion. Another point in favor of the deaf aviator is that he is not worried by the explosions of aeroplane engines. The fact that he lacks one sense keeps up all his others.

W. B. S.

MARVELS OF THE CONVOY.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 24.—For every luxury and most necessities that the American soldiers and the British overseas troops at the front enjoy—not to mention the all-important letters from home—thanks are due the convoys.

The development of the convoy system is one of the marvels of the war, thought it is a subject of which the general public has learned comparatively little.

The escorted convoy system has its advantages and its disadvantages. It deprives the enemy submarine of his guns. It achieves a valuable salvage of torpedoed vessels which have failed to sink. It restores a considerable degree of safety to the crew of the merchantman.

On the other hand, it loses tonnage in holding all the convoys down to the speed of the slowest ship. It loses a small tonnage in collisions due to the necessity of steaming in formations without running lights. And it tends to strip the gears of the slow-speed engines with which merchantmen are built, by necessitating constant maneuvering to keep position.

In general, it may be said that, next to the gun, the weapons employed by the escorting warships in defending convoys against attacks by submarine are, in the order of their usefulness, the depth-charge, the zigzag, and marine camouflage.

Depth-charges are made in varying sizes, containing high explosives. They may be set to explode at from 40 to 20 feet depths. An average charge, exploding within 90 feet of a submarine, exerts a pressure of 1,200 pounds per square inch on his hull—a hull tested to a critical pressure of 1,000 pounds.

There are between 30 and 40 recognized zigzags, devised in order to prevent a submarine which has picked up the smoke of a convoy, hull down, from determining its mean true course in order to intercept it. They are also useful in compelling an enemy to attack at a greater range in order to keep himself from being run down by a ship of uncertain course. A wide zigzag also gives the lookouts a greater range. And a zigzagging ship is a bad target.

Marine camouflage is not only intended to obscure the course and the distance of a vessel, but also to deprive the enemy of the straight lines of a vessel on which it has been accustomed to range. In accomplishing the last-named purpose the camouflage has been found a distinctive success.

W. B. S.

ONE YEAR AGO TODAY IN THE WAR.

SEPTEMBER 24.

United States Government fixed the prices for steel.

Six persons killed in a German air raid on London.

Paris reported the repulse of enemy attacks on the French and British fronts.

W. B. S.

By Associated Press.

Stopped German Raid.

With the Americans in Lorraine, Sept. 24.—American artillery fire prevented a German raid materializing today. Warning of the enemy's intention was given by the start of the German barrage over the American line at an early hour. As the barrage shifted from the front lines to the back areas, the American fire opened so effectively that any attempt of the German infantry to attack was out of the question. After a gas bombardment the enemy attempted to raid American trenches in the Vosges sector, but were repulsed with probable losses before the American lines were reached.

Exhorts Austrian Soldiers.

London, Sept. 24.—Addressing Austrian soldiers at Brie yesterday, the German kaiser said: "You know whom you have in front of you. The Americans promised France to give her Alsace-Lorraine, which France alone cannot reconquer. They also wished to add big deeds to big words, but you will, with the aid of my soldiers, give them the right answer at the right moment."

German Distrust Mutual.

With the French Army in France, Sept. 24.—Replies of prisoners recently interrogated show that the lack of confidence between German officers and men is becoming mutual. The officers say the men think more of their stomachs than their country and men whose loyalty was unquestioned a year ago are now deaf to patriotic harangues. The men claim the officers think only of their own safety and leave behind rear guards who do not know they have been abandoned by the rest of the forces.

Pressing In on St. Quentin.

London, Sept. 24.—The British are pressing in on St. Quentin from the west. Fighting is taking place, to the British advantage. Progress is being made by attacking forces in the region east of Verdun.

Germans Were Repulsed.

London, Sept. 24.—The British improved their positions along the front in the region north of Meusevalles in the Arras-Lens sector. The Germans attempted to drive the British from the new positions, the latter had won southeast of Gavrelle, but the enemy was completely repulsed.

Occupied Old British Line.

London, Sept. 24.—In Flanders the British troops have succeeded in pushing forward and occupy a portion of the old British line southeast of Voormezele below Ypres.

Took Prisoners in Raids.

Paris, Sept. 24.—In Champagne two raids upon German trenches in the Perthes region and in the direction of Butte du Mesnil resulted in the capture of 40 prisoners by the French.

Serbs Crossing Vardar.

London, Sept. 24.—Serbian troops continue crossing the Vardar river southeast and northeast of Monastir and are in contact with the Bulgarians. The Bulgarians are burning villages and stores of material. The Serbs, however, have captured great quantities of material.

Many Bulgarians Deserting.

Paris, Sept. 24.—Many Bulgarian troops are deserting along the Macedonian front. It is reported that over 500 men in one regiment have been executed at the command of German officers.

Bulgarians Give Explanation.

Sofia, Sept. 24.—As a result of our front giving way in the angle between the Cerna and the Vardar, our adjacent units were withdrawn to new positions south of Prilep and north of

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Publishers and Proprietors.

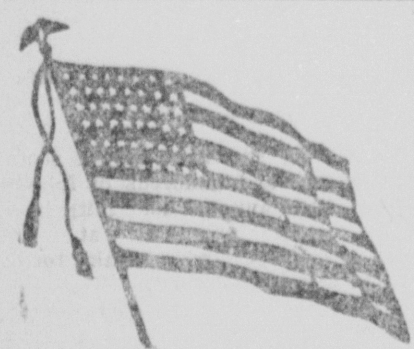
Terms:—Published every evening except Sunday, daily by mail postpaid, to any point in the United States, Mexico or Canada, or delivered by carrier to any part of Laredo, or New Laredo, Mexico.

One copy, one month..... \$5.00
One copy, one year..... \$50.00
Weekly: — Published Sunday, by mail postpaid to any point in the United States, Mexico or Canada:
One copy, one year..... \$2.00
One copy, six months..... 1.00
One copy, three months..... .60
Subscriptions invariably due and payable in advance

Address communications to
PENN PUBLISHING CO.
Telephone 43, Laredo, Texas.

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... This paper has enlisted with the government in the cause of America for the period of the war

From Monday's Daily.

WILL METZ HOLD OUT?

The Germans are at present much exercised over the bombardment of Metz, no matter how calmly they profess to view the matter. For over three centuries in the hands of the French, Metz has been German for a matter of but forty-seven years and during that entire period not a month has passed without some effort on the part of the Germans to strengthen its natural defenses not so much because of its strategic importance as for the sentiment which attaches to it.

Metz became the capital of Lorraine on the partition of the Carolingian realms in 843. It became a free imperial city in the twelfth century and attained great commercial prosperity. In 1552 it fell into the hands of the French through treachery and was successfully defended by the Duke of Guise against Charles V. It was later ceded to France along with Toul and Verdun, and remained in French hands until 1870, when it was surrendered to the Germans by Marshal Bazaine, after an investment of ten weeks, during which not a shot was fired at the town.

The fortifications of Metz consist of an inner circle of bastions and an outer circle of large detached forts on the surrounding hills. The garrison in peace times is 20,000 men, but no doubt there are many times that number now defending the great fortress, which with Strassburg form the two great bulwarks of the German western frontier.

It is useless for Germany to deny that there is grave apprehension on the part of the military authorities as to the ultimate fate of Metz. Its capture would go a long way toward forcing the evacuation of the rest of Lorraine by the Germans, and it is certain that whatever peace terms are finally accepted by the allies will include the recession of Lorraine and Alsace to France. The dismantling of the fortress would no doubt follow any decision to abandon the stronghold.

With Metz once in their grasp, the allies would be in a position to march upon the Rhine with little trouble, for Strassburg would also be in danger once the sister fortress had fallen. And the sentiment of the greater part of the Lorrainers is in favor of the allies, as the Germans have found repeatedly since the beginning of the war. All the stern repressive measures of the German military authorities have been futile to keep the natives from going over to the French ranks and many hundreds of French officers belong in that country.

Naturally the French will wish to do as little damage as possible to the town, which boasts of a beautiful cathedral begun in the thirteenth century and put finished before the French captured the town. There are many other important edifices in Metz, many of them constructed during French occupancy, although some of them antedate even the French possession prior to the fifteenth century.

The commerce and industry of Metz suffered a severe blow with the

withdrawal of French capital after the cession to Germany in 1871. At present the main industry is iron and munitions for the Germans, although there is still some trade in leather, timber, wines, brandy, liquors, preserved fruits and hardware.

In the nearly half century since Germany occupied the town it has been found impossible to secure the love and goodwill of the inhabitants. This is mainly because of the difficult German character, but also because the Lorrainers are French at heart, and will always remain so.

The inhabitants of the entire province are praying for French success, although those in the military towns do not dare to openly express their opinions. The newspapers are subsidized German organs, where they are not official German publications, and the people of Lorraine have little means of expressing a political opinion, except by leaving their country and going to France.

If Metz should fall soon into allied hands, there would be such rejoicing on the part of the natives as has never before been witnessed. Many are secretly preserving French flags, and they will welcome the French with joy.

WON'T BE RATIONED.

It is gratifying to learn that we are not to be rationed, as practically all the other belligerent nations have been. This is Mr. Hoover's latest statement to the American people, but he also says that "if the American people keep down their consumption of wheat and fats, it will not be necessary to put them on an allowance."

Here is where the shoe pinches. There are many right now who would be eating more than their share of sugar were they not limited to an allowance, and by the same token they probably need to be allowed to keep them from eating more than their share of wheat and fats.

Some people are so constituted as to think only of "Number One," and they have no consideration whatever for other people. It is fortunate for us all that this class represents but a small share of the American public, and that the great majority are willing to deny themselves a little in order that the remainder may receive their just share.

Before the war is over we shall be lacking many things which so far have been easy to get—at least for those who had the money to pay for them. Cotton is going to be much scarcer, and wool is becoming so scarce that the clothing dealers are unable to secure any promise of their normal stock for the coming year.

One Laredo dealer who recently returned from the Eastern markets said that all he was able to secure on contract for next season was Palm Beach clothing, and where he asked for \$5,000 worth, he was given only \$1,200 worth.

But so far we have been the one privileged nation of the world. We have had plenty of all that was needed, and we have been able to send a large amount of our surplus to our allies. We are keeping our armies in the field supplied with all they could wish, even were they at home. The only thing which has operated to keep our soldiers at the front from receiving plenty of food was the lack of transportation facilities, and this lack is now being overcome.

In England and France there has been a serious lack of staples, and the people have been forced to use many makeshifts to get the amount of food necessary to keep up bodily energy. Thanks to our supplies of meat and wheat, they are now better off than for the two previous years.

Those who complain of a shortage of luxuries and a lesser supply of necessities should remember that there are people in the allied countries who have not had a square meal in three years. They are merely existing, with a perpetual hunger gnawing at their vitals, and many thousands have died of actual starvation.

So far we have not suffered from lack of food, and now comes the gratifying intelligence that we are not even to be put on short allowance. We must merely use the amount of wheat substitutes that are recommended and cut down our waste of fats, and the rest "shall be added unto us."

What a difference between our lot and that of the Serbians, some of whom have not seen a piece of bread for two years. Our people do not have to use disgusting synthetic substitutes for any of their staples. There is plenty of food—good, wholesome, nourishing food—for all, and only the price makes it difficult for some to receive their just share.

In the days to come we shall find it necessary to be a trifle more economical with our food, clothing and shoes. We shall have to wear the old clothes a little longer, to have our shoes half-soled, to be content with something which is not a "this season's model."

But if this is the extent of our sacrifice, we shall not suffer. The people who suffer are those who daily watch their children growing paler and thinner for the lack of that which would keep life in them. Those who see the winter drawing on with no hope of fuel and warm clothing, and many of them without adequate shelter, are in worse condition than any of us.

We are the most happily situated people in the world today. We have plenty, provided we do not waste, and we have a bountiful supply back of us for the coming years of the war.

WRIGLEY'S

For Victory Buy Liberty Bonds

We will win this war—
Nothing else really matters until we do!



The Flavor Lasts

TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

- 1786—John England, first Catholic bishop of Charleston, S. C., born in Cork, Ireland. Died in Charleston, April 11, 1842.
- 1862—United States troops defeated the Sioux Indians in a sharp battle at Wood Lake, Minn.
- 1870—Toul was surrendered by the French to the Prussians, after a gallant resistance.
- 1886—The Unitarian Church Temperance Society was organized at Saratoga.
- 1888—Francis Achille Bazaine, the Marshal of France who surrendered Metz to the Germans, died in exile in Madrid. Born at Versailles, Feb. 13, 1811.
- 1893—The Lord Mayor of Dublin arrived in New York City.
- 1914—French captured Peronne on German right wing.
- 1915—Greece mobilized her army in reply to Bulgarian mobilization.
- 1916—Twelve Zeppelins in night raid over London and the English east coast killed thirty-eight persons and injured 125.

Yellow complexion, pimples and disfiguring blemishes on the face or body can be gotten rid of by doting the liver, which is torpid. HERBINE is a powerful liver correctant. It purifies the system, stimulates the vital organs and puts the body in fine vigorous condition. Price 50c. Sold by all druggists.

TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS.

- Rev. James L. Barton, secretary of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, born at Charlotte, Vt., 23 years ago today.
- Henry Abrahams, Boston labor leader and publicist, born at Buffalo, N. Y., 63 years ago today.
- Dr. Sidney E. Mezes, president of the College of the City of New York, born at Belmont, Cal., 55 years ago today.
- Joseph D. Sayers, former governor of Texas, born at Granada, Miss., 77 years ago today.
- Charles (Heinie) Wagner, former infielder, later coach of the Boston American league baseball team, born in New York, 37 years ago today.

Great Faith in Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy.

"Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy was used by father about a year ago when he had diarrhoea. It relieved him immediately and by taking three doses he was absolutely cured. He has great faith in this remedy," writes Mrs. W. H. Williams, Stanley, N. Y.

IN THE DAY'S NEWS.

George F. O'Shaunessy, who is slated for nomination for United States senator by the Rhode Island State Democratic convention which meets in Providence today, is the present representative of the First Rhode Island district in the lower house of Congress. Born 50 years in Ireland, Mr. O'Shaunessy accompanied his parents to the United States in infancy. His youth was passed in New York City. After completing the law course at Columbia University he began the practice of his profession in the metropolis. Soon he became prominent in Democratic politics. He served for a time as deputy attorney-general of New York and later as assistant corporation counsel. In 1907 he took up his residence in Providence, where he continued his active interest in politics. One term in the Rhode Island legislature was followed by his election to Congress in 1911.

CUSTOMS OFFICIALS HERE ON AN INSPECTION VISIT

Collector of Customs Coleman and Chief Deputy Collector Ed. Cotulla Spending Today in Laredo.

Collector of Customs T. A. Coleman and Chief Deputy Collector Ed. Cotulla are among the visitors in the city, arriving here yesterday morning via the automobile route from a visit to Brownsville, Rio Grande City and Zapata.

The customs officials are on an inspection trip of the various suburbs comprising the San Antonio district, of which Laredo is the most important of entry from Mexico, and they are spending today here on business with the local customs branch, which is in charge of Miss Mary Devine, deputy collector of customs in charge.

TAX ROLLS OF WEBB COUNTY GONE TO THE COMPTROLLER

Increase in Tax Valuations in the County the Present Year Are About \$700,000 Over Year 1917.

The tax rolls of Webb county, prepared by Tax Assessor B. J. Leyendecker and his assistants, have been sent to the comptroller at Austin. The rolls are neatly prepared and a credit to those having to do with their make-up.

According to the tabulations made on the rolls the tax valuations of Webb county for the year show an increase of approximately \$700,000 over the valuations of the preceding year.

TIMES WANT ADS.
\$\$\$\$\$ Money Makers \$\$\$\$\$

GARBAGE Questions and Answers



Is it true that garbage as collected in cities contains valuable material? Yes. It contains grease, materials convertible into agricultural fertilizers, and material valuable as food for hogs, chickens, and cattle.

Has not the amount of such valuable materials been decreased or eliminated? Decreased but not eliminated. Reports from a number of cities show about 13 per cent decrease in garbage collected and with a much greater decrease in the percentage of grease content in such garbage. It is impossible to eliminate garbage because of the inedible nature of certain portions of our foods.

Can not the valuable ingredients in such garbage be recovered? Yes. Twenty-nine of our larger cities are recovering about 72,000,000 pounds of grease and 150,000 tons of agricultural fertilizer per annum. The total present value of these materials is over \$11,000,000. Numerous other cities are likewise utilizing all or part of their garbage as food for hogs, chickens, or cattle.

Are not large amounts wasted? Yes, and even worse than wasted. In many cities considerable coal and other fuels are employed to destroy the garbage. Over 350 cities of more than 10,000 population, a total of over 4,000,000 people, do not utilize their garbage.

Could such cities conveniently make use of their garbage? In most cases, yes. Twenty-five are of over 100,000 population, of sufficient size to recover grease and manufacture fertilizer. These are destroying about 30,000,000 pounds of grease and 60,000,000 tons of fertilizer tankage valued at nearly \$5,000,000. This grease would produce over 4,000,000 pounds of nitroglycerine and 65,000,000 12-ounce cakes of soap. The garbage from the remaining cities could almost all be utilized as feed.

What use is being made of the grease and fertilizer? The grease produced is utilized for making nitroglycerine, soaps, waterproofing compounds, paints, etc. The fertilizer is used in agriculture. The grease now produced contains sufficient glycerine to produce the powder charge for about 16,000,000 75-mm. shells and sufficient acids for about 200,000,000 12-ounce cakes of soap. The fertilizer tankage produced would replace the nitrogen and other elements taken from the soil by about 3,000,000 bushels of wheat.

How is this grease and fertilizer obtained from garbage? By extraction in modern garbage reduction plants.

Is this better than feeding such garbage to hogs? It has certain advantages, mainly due to the garbage from the larger cities containing foreign materials which might be harmful if fed to hogs. The gross returns per ton of garbage are practically identical whether treated by the reduction process of fed to hogs. The reduction process, however, is applicable only to large cities, while hog feeding can be successfully carried on in the smallest communities.

How much pork is produced annually on garbage feed? About 300 cities of over 10,000 population and totaling more than 9,000,000 people are feeding their garbage to hogs. The amount of pork actually marketed exceeds 10,000,000 pounds.

How much pork can be produced by using one ton of garbage as feed? One hundred pounds of pork.

Is there any evidence that garbage-fed hogs are more subject to disease or trichinosis than grain-fed hogs? No.

How do grain feed and garbage feed compare? Gains in weight are not as rapidly with garbage as with grain. Six pounds of garbage in recent tests were found to give the same total gain as a ration of four pounds of grain.

Can the difference between garbage-fed hogs and grain-fed hogs be detected in quality of pork? Experts can not tell the difference.



LOCAL NEWS

--Laredo people were entertained by watching a battle plane hovering over the city yesterday afternoon, the plane arriving Saturday evening. Laredo is being accustomed to seeing aeroplanes now and the novelty that was apparent some weeks ago when the squadron of planes visited Laredo has now worn off.

--Edward Green, florist. Day and night phone Crockett 4107. Ave. C at 8th St., San Antonio, Texas.

--We sell Gage hats. Miss M. Sallee.

--Advices have been received here of the safe arrival overseas of Corporal Geo. M. Beckelhymer, Jr., Co. A, 513th Engrs. (Ser. Bn.) The young man is a son of George M. Beckelhymer of this city.

--Lady Spanish teacher. Apply 1318 San Agustin Ave.

--We will repair and put in order faulty plumbing installations. Juarez Plumbing Co. 419 Matamoros.

--The many friends of H. A. Sauvignat, father of Dr. E. H. Sauvignat and Mrs. T. K. Hamilton, will be pleased to learn that there was some improvement noted in his condition today, but he is still quite ill at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Hamilton.

--We paint automobiles; also make auto tops. Fidel Cantu, Phone 202.

--Mrs. Jose Benavides is in receipt of a letter from her son, Sergeant Luis Benavides, who is now "Over there," announcing that he is ready for the fray with the Huns and is in excellent spirits.

--The Crescent Garage is the busiest shop in town. Why?

--The following marriage licenses have been issued by the county clerk since last report: Reuben B. Lott and Miss Magdalena Perez, Pablo Martinez and Miss Bernardina Gonzales, Antonio Castillo and Miss Sara Andrade, Victoriano Gonzales and Mrs. Feliciano Cabello, Enrique Sandoval and Miss Luisa Loera.

--Call 921 for Super-Six service car. City rates.

--The Fourth Liberty Bond campaign begins on next Saturday. Are you ready to take your full amount of the bonds? Have you figured out the largest amount of the bonds that you are able to take? This is the time to get ready and figure out what you can take so as not to delay the work when the soliciting committees call on you for your subscription.

--New fall line Gossard corsets and brassieres. Miss M. Sallee.

--The rush to get permits to cross to and from Mexico is still on in full blast at the federal building, where the immigration authorities are kept busy issuing permits to persons going to and from Mexico. Most of the permits being issued, however, are to people residing in the two Laredos and who have business that carry them from one side of the Rio Grande to the other.

--Teacher of Gregg Shorthand and Spanish and English. Apply Will W. Gregg, Times office; residence 812 Farragut street.

--The Crescent Garage is the busiest shop in town. Why?

--The following importations from Mexico passed through the port of Laredo this morning: Nine carloads of iron, two carloads of calamine and one carload of copper.

--The Belmont. Rooms and apartments. 602 Main Ave. Phone 576 or 1017.

--Will handle on commission alfalfa and cane in bales, large or small lots. Policarpo Cavazos, 519 Victoria street.

--Mr. W. C. Greenstreet and family have moved their residence from 801 Houston street to the Valis cottage 1106 Houston street.

--Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans.

--W. F. Galbraith is in receipt of a letter from his son, Sergeant Charles Galbraith, who is "over there," stating that he is camped within hearing of the big guns. He says he is doing well and requests that his best regards be given all his Laredo friends.

--Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office; residence 812 Farragut street. Residence phone 348.

--Mrs. T. J. Guernsey is in receipt of a telegram from her son, Sergeant Tom Guernsey, who had his leg amputated below the knee some time ago as the result of injuries received in a wreck, stating that he left Shreveport last night for Walter Reed Hospital, Takoma Park, Washington, D. C., where he will receive advanced treatment.

--If it is neat and accurate job printing that you want send your orders to The Times job department. Expert workmanship and the best of materials.

Notice.

We pay best cash prices for Liberty Bonds. We buy and sell stocks. Write us

MORGAN YATTER CO.
1210 Southwestern Life Bldg.
Dallas, Texas.

A LITTLE TOUCH OF WINTER HAS IMPROVED CONDITIONS

COOL WEATHER PREVAILING HERE ENJOYED BY ALL.

Weather Conditions Are Favorable For Growing Crops, Although Rain Would Be of Inestimable Value.

From the standpoint of weather conditions, this is the ideal season of the year, as the days are pleasant, the nights are cool and the mornings have just sufficient chill to require coats to be worn at least in the early hours. Gentle northers will creep along now at frequent intervals until winter sets in in earnest, and the predictions of the weather prophets are that the coming winter will be a severe one.

With the present spell of cool weather prevailing conditions generally are most favorable for vegetation, and as there is lots of seed of all kind in the ground now, in a state of germination, and others not yet advanced to that stage through late planting, the cool weather will contribute to helping, while if a good rain should come at the time the seed would sprout quickly and attain a good stand before real winter sets in. October is generally a month of showers and heavy rains, and if they come within the next few weeks hereabouts the Laredo section will soon be transformed into a region of growing crops of all kinds, as diversification is being practiced by numerous farmers this year who have heretofore devoted their attention exclusively to the culture of Bermuda onions. However, until a good rain comes, irrigation is being resorted to and moisture applied to vegetable fields in this way.

DESTROYS SLEEP.

Many Laredo People Testify to This.

You can't sleep at night. With aches and pains of bad back. When you have to get up from urinary troubles.

Set the kidneys at fault. Set them working right with Doan's Kidney Pills.

Here is Laredo proof of their merit. J. C. Stein, barber, 1620 Lincoln St., says: "Some time ago I came down with a severe backache and it hurt me to stoop over or straighten. My kidneys acted too freely and I was obliged to get up five or six times during the night. I had heard Doan's Kidney Pills highly recommended so I started using them. Two boxes entirely removed the trouble and I haven't been bothered since."

Price 60c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Stein had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgs. Buffalo, N. Y.

TO RED CROSS MEMBERS.

All members of Webb County Chapter, American Red Cross, in arrears will please remit at once or they will be dropped from the roll on Oct. 1 without further notice. Dues may be paid to Miss Anita Brulard, Secretary, 1110 Matamoros street. Ring up 351 and find out whether or not you are in arrears.

People Speak Well of Chamberlain's Tablets.

"I have been selling Chamberlain's Tablets for about two years and heard such good reports from my customers that I concluded to give them a trial myself, and can say that I do not believe there is another preparation of the kind equal to them," writes G. A. McBride, Headford, Ont. If you are troubled with indigestion or constipation give them a trial. They will do you good.

Notice of Removal.

The Economy Grocery has moved to the Brannan building at the corner of Hidalgo street and Salinas avenue, where they are better prepared than ever to serve their customers.

ONE YEAR AGO TODAY IN THE WAR.

SEPTEMBER.

The "Rainbow" Division reviewed at Camp Mills by Secretary of War Baker.

British destroyer sunk in English Channel by German submarine—50 of crew saved.

Argentina deferred action against Germany on receipt of disavowal of Luxemburg's action.

When the bowels feel uncomfortable and you miss the exhilarating feeling that always follows a copious morning operation, a dose of HERBINE will set you right in a couple of hours. If taken at bedtime you get its beneficial effect after breakfast next day. Price 50c. Sold by all druggists.

BELL-ANS

Absolutely Removes Indigestion. Druggists refund money if it fails. 25c

GLASSCOCK IS CERTIFIED AS NOMINEE FOR SENATOR

SECRETARY OF STATE TAKES ACTION IN CONTEST.

Senator Parr Institutes Suit for Review of Decision to Determine Legal Nominee.

Secretary of State George F. Howard has certified the name of D. W. Glasscock of Hidalgo county as the democratic nominee for state senator from the Twenty-third Senatorial District, in which district Archie Parr of Duval county received the nomination on the face of the returns. This is expected to produce a lawsuit in order that the courts may decide who is the legally nominated democratic nominee. Senator Parr's counsel has already instituted a suit for review at Edinburg, Hidalgo county, for a court decision to determine the legal nominee, in which he alleges that he is the rightful candidate.

Two senatorial conventions were held at Corpus Christi. Glasscock was nominated by one and Parr by the other. Glasscock alleged fraud in Duval county, where Parr received 1,226 votes to 23 for Glasscock.

The state convention at Waco refused representation to Duval county and on the recommendation of the committee on platform and resolutions adopted a resolution requesting the secretary of state to certify the name of Glasscock as the democratic nominee.

MANY ATTENDED THE HORSE RACE HELD AT SAN IGNACIO

Event at San Ignacio Yesterday Elicited Much Interest and Bay Horse Won Race by Two Lengths.

An interesting event, a big horse race, was held at San Ignacio, Zapata county, forty-five miles down the Rio Grande from Laredo, yesterday morning at 10 o'clock, attended by several thousand people, including representatives from Laredo, Del Rio and from all parts of this section, and much interest was manifested in the outcome of the race, which took place near the United States army camp at San Ignacio on one of the principal streets of the town.

The race at 400 yards was between a fine bay horse put in by Federico Gonzales and Zaragoza Dominguez of Zapata county, and a big black horse owned by Jose Maria Uribe of San Ignacio. The betting odds were on the bay horse from the outset, and the result of the race was that the bay horse won by two lengths, hitting the clip in fast time and recalling the old-time races that took place in this section in the days of long ago, when horse-racing was a popular sport and races were held frequently.

Colonel H. T. Ferguson, commander of the Laredo District, together with other officers and a number of enlisted men, witnessed the races.

SEED SHIPPED TO NEW YORK FROM TENERIFE ARRIVES

Roy Campbell and Congressman Garner Got Busy to Assure the Safe Delivery of the Onion Seed.

Following the exchange of telegrams between Roy Campbell and Congressman John N. Garner regarding the tracing of a shipment of onion seed from Tenerife to this country, which has since reached Galveston safely, the following communication from the U. S. Department of Agriculture is of interest:

Washington, D. C. Sept. 16, 1918.

Hon. John N. Garner,

House of Representatives.

Dear Mr. Garner:—The telegrams addressed to you under date of September 4 and 6 by Mr. Roy Campbell of San Antonio, Texas, are returned herewith. After some investigation here regarding the movement of the two steamers in question and an exchange of telegrams with Mr. Campbell on September 13, I wired the agent of the Wells-Fargo Express Company, Havana, as follows:

"Please wire collect any information which you can secure with reference to five thousand pounds of onion seed from T. M. Reid, Tenerife, Canary Islands, by steamer Montevideo about July twentieth for Roy Campbell, San Antonio, Texas, and same amount consignor and consignee from Tenerife about July twenty-fifth by steamer Cadiz. These vessels did not move direct to United States ports and consignments apparently were transhipped there."

I am in receipt of his reply today which reads as follows:

"Seed arriving Montevideo shipped American Express New York, September 17th. Cases did not show ultimate consignee. Cadiz seed will leave next ship to New York. All shipping papers sent direct to New York from islands."

The information given I have just transmitted to Mr. Campbell by wire. Very truly yours,

CHARLEY BROWN,

Chief of Bureau.

In every home where there are children there should be a bottle of WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE. It destroys worms and acts as a tonic in the debilitated system. Price 25c per bottle. Sold by all druggists.



Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt
Society Editor

Phone 70 Phone 43

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Monday.

There will be a meeting of the Woman's Club at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

The regular weekly "at home" for the soldiers and their friends at the Library in the evening.

Tuesday.

The members of the Alpha Club will meet at 8:30 o'clock in the morning at the residence of Mrs. Dario Sanchez to knit for the Red Cross.

The Junior Auxiliary will meet at the Rectory at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

There will be a special meeting of the Women's Missionary Society at the Methodist Church at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

There will be a meeting of the Tuesday Knitting Circle with Mrs. Simpson at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Community Singing at the Soldiers' Club in the evening.

General Mention.

Judge T. D. Cobb of San Antonio is a guest at the Bender.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert L. Muller returned home today from a visit to relatives at San Marcos.

Mrs. J. O. Buenz left Saturday for San Antonio on a visit to relatives and friends.

Miss Evelyn Moore and brothers, Phillip and James, children of Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Moore left Saturday night for college. Miss Moore goes to Ward Belmont University at Nashville, Tenn., while the young men go to Staunton Military Institute at Staunton, Va.

W. H. Sweatman, accompanied by his daughter, Miss Georgia, left Saturday for Oklahoma, where they will visit for several weeks. They will also visit in Fort Worth and San Antonio before returning home.

Judge and Mrs. Hal W. Greer will leave early in the week as expected, but will leave next Sunday. Judge Greer goes to accompany his two grandsons, Willis and Hal, to join their mother at Texarkana. Mrs. Greer will visit in Beaumont and Sulphur, La.

The following card has just been received from Miss Elsie Werner, from Chester, Nova Scotia: "I am having the most wonderful time. Chester is such a beautiful place. We have had such cold weather. I am leaving for Maryland on the 23rd for school. I am going to the Hannah More Academy, Riestertown, Md."

Ed. Mann, who has been at Fort Sheridan for the past two months, is at home on a short furlough. He expects to return to the Baylor University, Waco, in a few days as Military Instructor.

Rev. E. M. Lewis of Devine was among those attending the Rio Grande Baptist Association meeting the latter part of last week. He preached at the Baptist Church on Sunday.

Lieut. John Seymour, after a short visit to his mother, returned to San Antonio last night.

Mr. T. A. Austin returned Saturday from San Antonio, where he attended the Red Cross Convention.

Mrs. Ray McClane will be the houseguest of Mrs. L. A. Morrow this week.

Miss Lottie DeSpain left yesterday for Realitos to spend two weeks with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Largent and Mrs. Graham, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Peyton Kerr for the week-end, have returned home.

Mrs. H. Stow Garlick returned yesterday from a delightful visit to relatives in Cincinnati, Ohio.

Miss Grace Chapman of San Antonio is visiting her brother, Captain J. O. Chapman.

Mrs. E. M. Matson is in Falfurrias, visiting her brother, Mr. O. D. Kirkland, and family.

Mrs. A. J. Elstetter and family of North Laredo have rented their place and moved into the city.

Miss Jennie Devine is expected home today from San Marcos. She accompanied Miss Ella Hansen there on Friday night.

Red Cross Notes.

Mrs. W. W. MacGregor, chairman of the Red Cross Knitting Unit, reports that she sent out a box contain-

ing 100 beautifully made sweaters the latter part of the week. This is the first shipment of Laredo's quota in the knitting work.

Miss Gladys O'Brien has been appointed official stenographer of the Webb County Chapter, American Red Cross. Committee chairmen will find her during business hours at American Express Co.'s office, ready at all times to take their direction.

The Tuesday Knitting Circle held a very pleasant meeting on Saturday afternoon with Mrs. C. Withoff. The time was pleasantly passed in knitting and conversation. Those present were Mrs. Matson, Mrs. M. M. Leyendecker, Mrs. Ulmer, Mrs. Sam Withoff and the hostess.

The following press despatch will be of interest to those who have men in France:

Christmas packages for the two and a half million or more American soldiers who will be in France during the holiday season this year will be delivered under an arrangement with the Red Cross, it was announced today by the War Department.

In order to control the flood of gifts that otherwise would make the handling of them impracticable, the department has decided that only one parcel will be accepted for each man. General Pershing is forwarding coupons bearing the name and address of each member of the expeditionary force, to be distributed to the next of kin.

These coupons must be attached to standard containers 9x13 inches in size which will be provided by local Red Cross chapters upon application. All packages must be mailed before November 15.

Entertainment.

A pleasant hospitality of the past week was the miscellaneous shower given at the Latin-American Club in honor of Miss Aminta Rodriguez, a bride of the week. A series of games of contest were played and the high score went to Miss Lila Martinez, who received a beautiful piece of lingerie. A delicious ice cream course followed the games, served from a table attractively decorated in cut flowers and ferns. Flower favors were presented each guest. About twenty-five guests enjoyed the gracious hospitality of the occasion. The hostesses were the bridesmaids, Misses Annie Pierce, Pepa Rodriguez, D. Martinez, Lila Martinez, and Mrs. Antonia Diden and Mrs. Ferrara. The honoree received many lovely gifts.

Lott-Perez.

Saturday evening at the home of the bride's father, Irineo Perez, Miss Magdalena Perez was married to Mr. Reuben Lott, Co. A. Thirty-seventh Infantry, Rev. Chas. W. Cook, rector of Christ Church, reading the sacred ceremony. The witnesses were: Dr. and Mrs. Manuel T. Leal, Luis D. Guerra and Miss Concepcion Garcia and Sergt. Jas. W. Nix and Miss Isabel Calhoun. Ice cream and cake were served after the wedding ceremony, and Miss Francisca Gonzalez rendered several piano selections. A pleasant surprise was given the bride by the unexpected arrival of her uncle, Rev. Pedro Grado, Methodist minister of Alice, Texas, and formerly located in Laredo. Many beautiful presents were received by the bride, and all joined in wishing her and her soldier husband long life and prosperity.

A Former Laredo Boy.

Thinking perhaps the teachers in this city of Dr. Jesse T. McClelland would like to hear of his success in an educational way, we take this from a budget of news. Dr. McClelland is a Laredo, Texas, boy, having graduated from the high school here and then from the University of Texas. He is now on furlough from the University of Minnesota, where he holds a lifetime position as assistant professor of physiology, and is nutrition officer at Camp Fremont, Palo Alto, California, during the war. It will be of interest, too, to his many friends to know that he is an author, having written "Physical Chemistry of Vital Phenomena for Students and Investigators in the Biological and Chemical Sciences," and it has been adopted in the curriculum of the University of Minnesota. Laredo is always proud to hear of the success of her former sons.

The Kind of Garments Needed.

The drive for clothing for the needy French and Belgian refugees is for this week only. Should the canvassers fail to find you, send packages to T. A. Austin's office on Friday, or phone R. A. Millar, No. 577, and they will be called for.

Every kind of garment, for all ages and both sexes, is urgently needed. In addition, piece goods—light, warm cotton flannel and other kinds of cloth from which to make garments for new-born babies, ticking, sheeting and blankets, woolen goods of any kind—and shoes of every size are asked for. Scrap leather is needed for repairing footwear.

Since the articles will be subjected to the hardest kind of wear, only garments made of strong and durable materials should be sent. It is useless to offer to any afflicted population garments of flimsy material or gaudy coloring. Make the gifts practical.

Garments needed are: Shirts, un-

PERSONALS

Judge T. D. Cobb of San Antonio is a guest at the Bender.

W. H. Davis of Carrizo Springs arrived in the city yesterday and left this morning for Cotulla.

Thos. Worsham of Dolores arrived in the city Saturday and left that night for San Antonio.

Captain S. E. Leonard, local manager of the Western Union Telegraph Co., has returned from Washington and New York, where he spent his vacation.

Sam W. Brown, cashier of the Laredo National Bank, returned yesterday from a business visit to various parts of the state.

B. M. Alexander and Charles Deutz left here yesterday for Dallas, where they go to attend a conference of war work chairmen, both county and district, which is in session in the North Texas metropolis this week.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Bender.—J. M. Myrick, New York; W. R. Askin, Guadalajara, Mex.; J. N. Sutton, New York; Ed. O'Brien, Gerardo Vello, San Antonio; E. Ruiz and wife, F. Vidal, Mexico City; Leon Caltr and wife, Monterey; Bond Coleman, Mound City, Kan.; J. C. Chaney, Houston; W. H. Yeager and wife, Lila D. Limon, Hebronville; Geo. M. Thurmond, San Antonio; B. J. McDowell, P. E. Doughty, Del Rio; R. O. Burns, Chicago; R. O. Tackett, College Station; Wm. H. Davis, C. H. Golden, Crystal City; J. L. Forrest, D. M. Forrest, F. F. Clenton, San Antonio; J. J. Majorsack, Mexico City; Luis Sanchez, Del Rio; C. A. Douglas, Washington, D. C.; T. D. Cobbs, San Antonio.

DISTRICT COURT AT ZAPATA CONVENES ON NEXT MONDAY

Regular Session of Forty-ninth Judicial District in Zapata County Will Be Convened Next Week.

District court for the Forty-ninth Judicial District in Zapata county will be convened at Carrizo in Zapata county on next Monday morning, September 23, and continue in session for one week if necessary.

District Judge Mullally, District Attorney Valls and Court Reporter Seb Wilcox will leave here in time to be on hand for the convening of court and will remain there as long as necessary to transact the business coming before the short term of the tribunal there.

ODD AND INTERESTING.

The ram is the most ancient of ship weapons.

Five out of the last nine Czars of Russia have been assassinated.

The Vatican contains 1,000 halls and rooms, and covers 14 acres of ground.

Returned soldiers who have lost limbs are carried free on the street railway in Calgary.

In 1882 Professor Mitscherlich, a Swede, first produced paper from bleached wood pulp on a commercial scale.

One of the largest confectionery establishments in the world, employing 2,500 hands, is located in the Japanese city of Tokyo.

The helmets used by the Allied soldiers in the trenches as a protection against the snipers and shrapnel contain a considerable proportion of aluminum.

No British bluejacket while aboard ship is permitted to whistle the national anthem or the Dead March in "Saul," unless it is being played by the band.

The first Pekingese dog in England was taken to that country as a present to Queen Victoria in 1861. It had been found in the palace at Peking by an English soldier.

Since the commencement of the war the old time whistle has been abolished in most of the lumber mills and camps in the Pacific Northwest. The men now go to work in the morning and cease work in the evening with the raising and lowering of the American flag.

No troops undergo such a hard training as the French Chasseurs Alpins, popularly called the "Blue Devils." In addition to the regular training for infantry, they are taken for three months to the mountains, where they undergo a drilling that would kill or disable any but the strongest men.

derwear, trousers and coats, overalls, shoes, overcoats, socks. For women: Skirts, drawers, corset-slips, petticoats, blouses, overcoats, cloth hats, knitted caps and stockings.

Also the same sort of wear for boys and girls. Men's shirts and pajamas, so worn or shrunken as to be no longer serviceable can be utilized for making children's garments.

Do not send: Garments of flimsy material or gaudy coloring, ball dresses, high-heeled slippers, etc. Stiff hats, either straw, dress or derby. Anything containing rubber. Books, toys, soap or toilet articles. Notes or communications of any sort positively must not be sent.

Ten millions of people need clothing. Do what you can, and then some.

GENERAL ALLENBY HAS TAKEN 25,000 TURKS AND MORE THAN 260 BIG CANNON

Serbian in Macedonia Capture Ten Thousand Prisoners and 120 Cannon, and the Allied Forces Everywhere are Continuing Their Triumphal Progress—Even Berlin Acknowledges a British Success.

GREAT CONCLAVE OF BANKERS.

Chicago, Ill., Sept. 23.—More than 5,000 bankers representing financial institutions in every nook and corner of the United States, have gathered in Chicago to listen to addresses by leading financiers and business men of the nation and to exchange opinions on the momentous economic problems now facing the country as a consequence of the war. The occasion of the gathering is the forty-fourth annual convention of the American Bankers' Association.

The three sections of the association, those dealing with trust companies, savings banks and clearing houses, met today in annual session. The sessions of the association proper, in which the three sections will participate, will begin Wednesday and continue through the remainder of the week.

The addresses and discussions of the week will cover an unusually wide scope. Some of the subjects slated to receive attention are: "Has America Sufficient Capital to Finance the War?" "The Clearing House as a Power in War and in Peace"; "National Banks and the Reconstruction Period"; "Uncle Sam as Custodian of Alien Property"; "Homestead Exemptions"; "Relations Between Employer and Employee"; "The Effect of the War on Railroad Securities"; "Banking Evolution"; and "The Merchant Marine and the Railroads." Practical men of wide experience have been selected as speakers for the main topics under consideration.

TODAY'S EVENTS.

1515th day of the Great War.

Today marks the beginning of Autumn.

The National Green Grain Dealers' Association meets in annual convention today at Milwaukee.

The Oregon State Fair will open today at Salem and the Idaho State Fair will open at Boise.

The annual reunion of the famous Forty-third Virginia Battalion (Mosby's Men) will be held today at Front Royal, Va.

Democrats of Rhode Island are to meet in convention at Providence today to select the party candidates for United States senator and representatives in Congress.

Leaders of the Y. M. C. A. in Minnesota are to meet in St. Paul today to confer on plans for the coming war work funds of the association.

The effects of the war on the carriage building industry will be discussed by the National Carriage Builders' Association, meeting in annual convention today at Cincinnati.

Two thousand employing printers and publishers from all parts of the United States and Canada are to gather at Atlantic City today for the annual convention of the United Typothetae of America.

Purchasing power that stands for more than \$5,500,000,000 a year in the United States will be represented by delegates to the National Purchasing Agents' Association convention, which is to begin its sessions today in Detroit.

Primary campaigns involving nominations for United States senators and other officials to be voted for at the November election will come to a close today in Massachusetts and New Jersey.

Exhibits showing the great strides that the chemical industry in America has made since the beginning of the Fourth National Exposition of the Chemical Industries.

The forty-fourth annual convention of the American Bankers' Association, which will be ushered in today with meetings of the several sections in Chicago, will be strictly a war convention. Wartime questions facing the bankers of the country will be discussed and a program of procedure designed to assist the Government's financial plans during the coming fiscal year will be laid down. The proceedings of the convention will continue through the entire week.

NO PLACE FOR INDOLIGENCE.

"Some of you men who play poker day and night ought to be taken for loafing."

"Playing poker in Crimson Gulch," answered Three-Finger Sam throughfully, "may be non-essential. But if you pervert your interests it ain't loafin'!"—Washington Star.

By Associated Press.

London, Sept. 23.—Twenty-five thousand Turkish prisoners and 260 guns had been counted up yesterday by General Allenby's forces pushing northward through Palestine. The Seventh and Eighth Turkish armies have virtually ceased to exist and the entire transport of these armies was captured by the British.

Serbian Capture 10,000.

London, Sept. 23.—The Serbians have captured between 9,000 and 10,000 prisoners and 121 guns.

Allied Troops Progressing.

Paris, Sept. 23.—During September 21 the French and Serbian armies broke across the Massif of Drachevsko, serious resistance being offered by the Bulgarian rear guards, reinforced by Germans. The allied troops have progressed to the north of Lezard and Kvadar and reached the Vardar in the direction of Negotin and Djivizapu. The enemy had destroyed much property near Gradko and in the Vardar and Lake Doiran regions. Railway stations, munition parks and aviation supplies have been destroyed.

Serbian Cut Railway Line.

London, Sept. 23.—Serbian troops have cut the railway line between Uskul and Salonki and are on the western bank of the Vardar river.

Enemy Begin Retirement.

Paris, Sept. 23.—On the eastern side of the Cerna bend region the enemy has begun retirement. Allied troops have taken Chaniste Kandorie in the region north of Dzena Massif the French and Greek troops continue progress with the Serbian armies.

Serbian in Mountains.

London, Sept. 23.—After an advance of 25 miles in one day, Serbian infantry units are now in the mountain region. The number of prisoners and the amount of war material captured increase daily.

British Advanced Lines.

With the British in France, Sept. 23.—In a small attack east of Gavrilie in the Arras sector the British advanced their lines for an average depth of 600 yards along a front of 1,100 yards.

Footing in German Trenches.

Berlin, Sept. 23.—British forces east of Ephezy, southwest of Cambrai, yesterday obtained a footing in sections of the German trenches.

Continue Advance Movement.

London, Sept. 23.—On the front between Arras and Lens there is a continuation of the advance movement in the Gavrilie neighborhood. South of

LARGEST REVENUE BILL EVER KNOWN

WAR REVENUE BILL HAVING PASSED THE HOUSE IS NOW BEFORE THE SENATE.

By Associated Press.

Washington, Sept. 23.—The greatest war revenue bill in the history of the world entered today upon its third stage, being formally brought before the senate after its adoption last week by the house without a dissenting vote.

License Gas Companies.

Fort Smith, Ark., Sept. 23.—Gas companies doing an annual business of \$100,000 or more will be operated by the government through a license system, according to a telegram from Washington to J. E. McGehee, president of the Clear Creek Gas and Oil Company.

A SURE CURE.

Sufferer: I have a terrible tooth-

ache; and want something to cure it. Friend: Now, you don't need any medicine. I had toothache yesterday and I went home, and my loving wife kissed me and so consoled me that the pain soon passed away. Why don't you try the same?

Sufferer: I think I will. Is your wife at home now?—Le Rire (Paris).

CONFEDERATE VETERANS AT TULSA.

Tulsa, Okla., Sept. 23.—Veterans of the Confederacy, sons and grandson of warriors and Daughters of the Confederacy to a total of several thousand, have arrived here for the annual national reunion of the United Confederate Veterans and affiliated organizations, which will get under way tomorrow.

The reunion will be the first that the national organization has held in Oklahoma. Realizing that, by the very force of nature, they will probably never again have the opportunity to entertain the soldiers of the "lost cause," the citizens of Tulsa are bending every energy to make the gathering an event long to be remembered.

During the week there will be meetings of the Sons of Confederate Veterans and the Southern Confederate Memorial Association, in addition to the customary business sessions of the veterans. Patriotism and love of country will furnish the keynote of the combined gathering. Resolutions pledging the loyalty of the South to the nation in the present war and praising the gallantry of the Southern boys who are fighting at the front will be adopted at the opening session of the reunion.

That village troops made progress on a front of three-quarters of a mile.

British Bombing Metz.

London, Sept. 23.—The machines of the British independent air force dropped nearly 16 tons of bombs on German aerodromes and blast furnaces in the Metz sector on Saturday night, says the official statement.

Penetrate British Line.

London, Sept. 23.—Northeast of St. Quentin the Germans penetrated the British line at one point—Berthacourt—during an attack. The position was re-established by a counter attack.

Americans Took Prisoners.

With the Americans in France, Sept. 23.—American troops raided the enemy lines in the Hautmont neighborhood in the center of the new line across the St. Mihiel salient last night, capturing 25 prisoners. American patrols have discovered enemy trenches and machine gun displacements south of Dommarin in the Kriemhild line.

Austrians Boast Massacre.

Vienna, Sept. 23.—On Bossealto our storming troops made a surprise attack on a trench section defended by Czechoslovak legionnaires yesterday. The greater part of the garrison suffered the fate they deserved. On the Albanian coast further Italian attacks were repulsed, says the official statement.

Promised to Hold New Line.

Amsterdam, Sept. 23.—During the recent visit of the kaiser to the Lorraine front the German soldiers promised the kaiser that the Americans and the Frenchmen would never get through the new lines.

German Attacks Repulsed.

London, Sept. 23.—The Germans counter attacked yesterday in the Gillefont farm front vicinity, between Cambrai and St. Quentin to the west of Le Catelet. The attack was repulsed with heavy losses to the enemy.

From Tuesday's Daily.
ALLIES GAIN EVERYWHERE.

From all fronts comes news of allied gains and heavy reverses to the Germans and their allies. The Turks have met with a disastrous defeat in Palestine, having lost 25,000 in prisoners alone, two divisions being wiped out, and 260 cannon captured by the British.

In Macedonia the Serbians, Greeks and French have continued their advance, the Serbians capturing about 10,000 Bulgarians and their German allies, with 120 cannon.

There is nothing of great moment to report in the western theater, save that the British continue to advance in the Arras region, and the Americans captured a number of prisoners in minor raids.

The Austrians report with considerable satisfaction the massacre of some Czechoslovak allies of the Italians but they have no reports of other successes to make, so it is evident that the Italians are holding their own all along the line.

The Turks appear to be completely demoralized, and when two divisions ceased to exist the British captured their entire transport, which is a serious matter in the country where the fighting is going on.

The Bulgarians are faced with a prospect of the Rumanians once again entering the war, and Greeks, who have been held in reserve up to now, are proving themselves desperate fighters and as the sworn enemies of the Bulgarians they will give a good account of themselves in the fighting in the near future.

Bulgaria is without food and has no hope of being relieved, especially if the railway is successfully cut to the south, and Turkey is too busy with her own affairs to offer any help to the Bulgarians.

Germany is now engaged in the most desperate struggle to determine whether a nation founded upon rapine and violence can continue to exist, to paraphrase Lincoln's immortal words. She can spare no reinforcements for any of her allies, and even Austria can spare no forces from the Italian frontier to help the Germans in their desperate plight, or to send any troops to the help of the Bulgarians.

The Young Turks, who gained the support of their people by a promise of the conquest of Egypt, are now facing the overthrow of their government because of the reverses the Turks have met with, the only success they have been able to claim being the retirement of the allies from the Gallipoli peninsula.

The losses of the Teutonic allies recently have been constant and continuous. For more than two months the Germans have lost steadily, without a single gain to make up for their losses.

The capture of Metz is forecast by those who are in a position to know the condition of its defenses, and German prisoners say it is weak in artillery, the heavy guns having been taken away to other points months ago.

But chief of the forces which are aiding the allies is the lack of morale among the Germans, Austrians, Bulgarians and Turks. None of the prisoners taken has the slightest belief in the ultimate victory of the Teutons, and all are united in saying that the condition of the German armies and those of the German allies is worse than has been imagined.

The demoralization of the Germans is the entering wedge of discontent of the German people. And that the German troops are demoralized there is every evidence. The prisoners all tell of the willingness of their comrades to surrender if they were sure of decent treatment. They tell of mutinies which are quelled only by shooting the ringleaders. They tell of others who refuse to entrain for the battlefield, and of many who are only awaiting the chance to desert.

But chief among the proofs of demoralization is the story of the socialist meetings at which a new government is proposed—a parliamentary government in which the people shall have a voice. Two years ago—in fact, six months ago—such a thing would have been impossible. But the German people are awakening to their situation, and it means the end of kaiserism.

DUPLICATION OF EFFORT.

With a view to systematizing the question of relief donations, the various organizations soliciting funds have been urged to combine their efforts and make one single appeal at a time to the public, and as a result the War Chest has been adopted in many communities.

The government has found it necessary to co-ordinate its efforts in many lines, in order that there shall not be a duplication of any of the machinery and a consequent waste of effort.

The army is an example of what can be done to place everything under a single executive head, avoiding duplication of effort and waste of energy. The navy is another example of how useless waste can be avoided.

All of which is introductory to the matter in hand—the waste by the various government branches, the Red Cross, the Y. M. C. A. and other organizations which are doing good

work and which appear to fall in only one direction—that of their publicity. An Alabama editor had the following to say in a recent issue:

"During the seven days of last week the Ledger received printed and type-written matter from various government departments, the Red Cross, Y. M. C. A. and other activities incidental to the carrying on of the war weighing one pound and three ounces. If reproduced in the Ledger, according to request from these various activities, the matter would fill something more than 16 pages, or double the ordinary size of the paper. We are not certain of the exact number of daily and weekly papers in the United States, each of which receives, probably, the same stuff sent the Ledger. We believe it conservative to estimate the total weight of publicity stuff sent out in this way at 7,000 pounds a week, or enough to print 583 newspapers the size and circulation of the Ledger."

But the Alabama writer underestimates the amount of such matter sent out, and the amount is probably nearer 30,000 pounds a week, as the dailies get much matter that is not sent the weekly newspapers, and some of the large city papers get many times what the Ledger receives weekly.

Taking the Ledger's figures, however, one can readily see that cost must be enormous. Says the Ledger: "Again, there is the item of postage. Most of the matter mentioned above is handled free by the postoffice department. At the new zone rates for newspapers, the postage would amount to about \$1,000 a week, but as most of it is first-class mail (or handled as such), the postage on the usual basis of 3 cents for each ounce would be \$23,000. A good deal of the paper used is high-priced bond paper, ranging up to 35 cents a pound. But say the average cost per pound is 14 cents. This makes the cost of the paper wasted weekly in vain requests for publicity \$9,800. The cost of printing up this paper is approximately \$30,000, or approximately \$40,000 in addition to the postage—say \$70,000 weekly, or \$3,640,000 a year!"

And the trouble could easily be avoided if the writers of this vast pile of waste paper would observe the first rule of a newspaper—"Boil it down!" And if all the activities mentioned would get together and appoint a publicity chief whose duty it would be to see that no duplication of matter occurred and that only the really important stuff were sent out, the cost to the various organizations, to the government, to the people and to the newspapers could be enormously reduced.

What chance has any organization to get three or four columns of matter a week into The Times, for instance? We are limited as to space, and by the ruling of the government we are limited to a certain amount of paper each week. We cannot increase our number of pages, and without increasing them enormously we could not get a tenth part of what we are expected to get into our issues each week. Meanwhile, there is an enormous amount of paper going to waste each day, and the people are paying for it. If there is to be any reduction in paper supply, let it begin with the useless and extravagant publicity departments of the various war activities.

LETTERS FROM OVER THERE ARE ROLLING INTO LAREDO

Many of the Soldier Boys in France Write Interesting Letters Back to the Folks at Home.

Yesterday's mails brought large numbers of letters from overseas to Laredo people, the letters coming from Laredo young men who are with the American expeditionary forces "over there" chasing the Huns out of France and Belgium into their own hand of "kultuur." Many of the letters are descriptive in their nature and much space is devoted to telling their Laredo folks about the country, the people and the things that have come under their observation.

Most of the letters received refer to certain portions of France as reminding the boys of Mexico, both as regards the typical people that they have encountered, the "architecture" of the houses and the narrow streets. Some of the boys write in a very interesting manner of their experiences in France and tell of the long marches, the billeting with the French people, the picturesque scenery, the landscape, etc.

NIGHT SCHOOL.

Prof. John Reynolds of Corpus Christi, so well and favorably known through South Texas as a successful educator, has, at the solicitation of many friends, decided to open a Night School in the Central School building, in this city, on Monday, Sept. 30th.

An opportunity will be thus afforded pupils, unable to attend the public schools, not only to acquire a fund of necessary knowledge but also to conform to the requirements of "Compulsory Education Law" of the State of Texas.

Hours from 7 till 10 p. m.
Tuition, \$3.00 per scholastic month. For further particulars apply to
PROF. REYNOLDS,
No. 508 Main Ave.
2-20-10L

GEORGIA PHYSICIAN PRESCRIBED TANLAC

DR. J. T. EDWARDS TELLS OF REMARKABLE RESULTS BEING OBTAINED THROUGH USE OF THE MASTER MEDICINE.

"In my thirty years of active practice as a licensed physician, I have never seen anything to equal Tanlac as a medicine to produce results," says Dr. J. T. Edwards of Fayetteville, Georgia.

"People on all sides are telling of the benefits they have derived from its use," he continued, "and I am prescribing it for my patients almost every day. Just a little while ago, a well-known woman of Fayetteville told me that her daughter had been confined to her bed for three years with what had been called pellagra, and that after using Tanlac a short time she was up and well on the road to recovery. A day passes that someone does not tell me something about the good results they are getting from Tanlac."

"Some of our most prominent people have reported unusual gains in weight, and I have treated some stubborn cases of indigestion, catarrhal trouble and organic disorders with Tanlac, and secured splendid results." Tanlac is sold in Laredo by Windrow Drug Co. (Adv.)

W. S. S.

TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

SEPTEMBER 24.

1693—The ring bayonet was first adopted by the British.

1777—The State government of Pennsylvania was removed to Lancaster.

1784—Zachary Taylor, whose popularity as a Mexican war hero won him the Presidency, born in Orange County, Va. Died in Washington, D. C., July 9, 1850.

1850—A Papal Bull was issued establishing the Roman Catholic hierarchy in England.

1870—The French, besieged in Metz by Germans, made a vigorous but ineffective sortie.

1887—William O'Brien, the Irish leader, found guilty of seditious language and sentenced to three months' imprisonment.

1914—Belgians made a gallant stand against the Germans south of Antwerp.

1915—Encircling Russian attack rolled back von Mackensen's army north of Pinsk.

1916—Island of Crete reported to be in possession of the Greek rebels.

W. S. S.

IN THE DAY'S NEWS.

SEPTEMBER 24.

John Reed, who is to be arraigned today for trial on a Federal charge of obstructing the selective draft, is the designated Consul-General of the Bolsheviks in New York City. Mr. Reed is known as a young writer of brilliant attainments but of a radical, socialist turn of mind that of late has frequently brought him afoul of the law. Born in Portland, Ore., in 1887, he found his way to Harvard University and there attracted attention by his gifts as a writer. After leaving the University he became a magazine writer and as such was sent to Europe at the beginning of the war to report conditions in Russia, Turkey, France and other countries. When he returned to New York he joined the staff of "The Masses," and it was his writings in this periodical that were responsible for his present trouble.

Notice.
We pay best cash prices for Liberty Bonds. We buy and sell stocks Write us

MORGAN YATTER CO.
1210 Southwestern Life Bldg
Dallas, Texas. 8-3-1f

The War Taxes the Nerve Energy of the Country

To win the war every energy of body and mind must be concentrated to the purpose. It will not do for you to become stale. If the necessary high rate of speed exhausts you, if you forget things and cannot sleep nights, if your digestion is impaired and you are irritated by small things, that is a sign your nervous system is breaking down, and it is time for you to take

SENSAPERSA

which will help rebuild the worn-out nerves and tissues, and put you in the front ranks. The properties of this blood tonic and nerve sedative should double your nerve health in ten days and you will be able to vigorously attack your daily problems with renewed strength and ability to resist the strain caused by the conditions of to-day. Two sizes, 50c. and \$1.00 at your Druggist or from City Drug Co.

NITRO-GLYCERINE FROM KITCHEN DRAIN PIPES

ONE TON OF GARBAGE CONTAINS
SUFFICIENT GREASE FOR THE PRODUCTION OF 14 75MM. SHELLS
SUFFICIENT FATTY ACID FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF 100 12OZ. CAKES OF SOAP
SUFFICIENT FERTILIZER ELEMENTS TO GROW 8BU. OF WHEAT

The Hotel Division of the Food Administration is calling the attention of the State Hotel Chairmen to the waste of grease through the kitchen drain pipe, and the importance of conserving this grease for the manufacture of nitro-glycerine and other explosives. It is conservatively estimated that material enough to furnish the explosive power for at least 90,000 seventy-five millimeter shells is going to waste in hotels and restaurant kitchens every day.

The same material in its existent shape would bring from four to ten cents per pound, depending upon its condition and the local demand. The allies are asking the American people to increase our glycerine production for the remainder of this year by 30,000,000 pounds.

Tests were recently made in a large Chicago hotel after the preparation and serving of 1,400 meals. The waste that went into the drain was trapped and one hundred and eight (108) pounds of grease were recovered. This is about one and one-quarter (1 1/4) ounces per meal. It is believed that the waste per meal in the average public eating place would figure out anywhere from half an ounce to one ounce per person.

While this grease being wasted in Texas public eating places might be converted into soap, it has just now a far more important value. It may be used exclusively in the manufacture of cordite and nitro-glycerine. One pound of this grease would be sufficient to provide the powder charge of three 75 millimeter shells.

R. A. Parker, Director of Hotels and Restaurants for Texas, has been instructed by Washington to make a survey of waste in public eating places of Texas.

Peden Back From Washington Tells of Simplified Program of Conservation and Necessity for Winning the War in 1919

"Washington's definite and positive program is to win the war next year," said Administrator Peden of the Federal Food Administration for Texas, who returned to Houston September 11, after a conference of the 48 State Food Administrators with Herbert Hoover on September 4 and 5. "Every thought, every energy, everybody must concentrate upon that one major operation. All else must be secondary thereto," continued the food official.

"By winning the war in 1919 we may save millions of lives, not to mention billions of dollars and precious treasures; and let us also remember a quick, decisive, complete victory within 12 to 14 months will mean a gigantic advantage in dictating the peace terms of the world, compared with our position at the end of several years more of war."

"Really, there is only one wise, economic, humane thing to do, and that is to get busy (everybody—teamwork of the highest type) and settle the issue next year."

"Mr. Hoover told me in parting he had never before believed we could accomplish this objective so soon, but during his recent trip to Europe he became convinced we could do so during 1919, provided every man, woman and child in the country will see and do his duty thoroughly."

"We had a large attendance and most interesting conference. Mr. Hoover's recital of details concerning his European trip and his conferences with the Food Administrators of Great Britain, France and Italy was eagerly listened to by all the administrators present. One of the pleasant features of the convention was the presentation to Mr. Hoover by the 48 administrators of a large and beautiful Silver Loving Cup. Mr. Hoover's voice quivered with emotion and his eyes filled with tears as he, in his modesty, expressed his thanks and appreciation."

"Mr. Hoover stressed the fact that while we now have an increase in bread grains in the United States and Canada, there is a marked and serious shortage in fodder grains here and with our allies, and also a shortage in green feeds and hay. The Southern States especially, and Texas in particular, therefore, are urged this fall to plant larger crops than ever before of stock feed crops, including wheat, oats and rye for grazing purposes."

"The stabilization of cotton seed and cotton seed by-products prices was accomplished after deep study and careful investigation, and not until the planters had requested and the 48 State Administrators approved it. We hope the schedule adopted will meet with the universal satisfaction of all—the farmer, the crusher, the cattleman and all consumers."

"Our total exports to the allies since the Food Administration was established in 1917 now amount to:

330,000,000 bushels of wheat
75,000,000 bushels of barley
40,000,000 bushels of rye
80,000,000 bushels of corn
50,000,000 bushels of rice
320,000,000 bushels of oats
10,000,000 bushels of beans and peas.

"In view of the good wheat crops here and in Canada and with our allies, the bread regulations are lifted and wheatless days and meals abolished, except that all—everyone—must use 20 pounds of substitute with each 80 pounds of wheat flour, and the housewife is relied upon to make similar mixture, until she can purchase the Victory Mixed Flour (80-20)."

"There are now virtually no restrictions upon meat, but our program, as clearly outlined by Mr. Hoover, is one of careful economy and no waste. He strongly urges that we:

BUY LESS
COOK LESS
SERVE LESS
EAT LESS
WASTE NOTHING and Clean the Plate.

"That's our program. It's short, concise and easy to remember, and not difficult to observe, when we think of our allies and our boys 'over there' making the supreme sacrifice, with 250,000 more brave Americans being added to the number in France each month to fight for the cause of Liberty, Democracy, Freedom and Christianity."

ONION SEED IS DELIVERED FROM ISLANDS TO AMERICA

VESSELS BRINGING THE SEED ESCAPED THE SUBMARINES.

Indications Now Are That Onion Seed is as Plentiful This Year as It Was During Year 1917.

With the arrival here from the Tenerife Islands and California of the shipments of Bermuda onion seed ordered by Laredo growers, the work of planting onion seedbeds is now in progress on many farms in the section not far removed from this city and the farmers are a busy lot while engaged in this preliminary work of disseminating the seed in the protected ground used for seedbeds.

Many of those who were fearful that the Tenerife Islands seed would not get here in time on account of the submarine menace off the Spanish coast jeopardizing the safety of vessels conveying the shipments to this country, are now delighted at the fact that the seed has reached this country safely, and much of it has already been delivered to farmers in the Laredo section.

A few weeks ago the indications were that the 1918-19 Bermuda onion acreage in this immediate vicinity would be comparatively light to other years and that the farmers in many instances were turning their attention to the more profitable business of putting in large crops of diversified vegetation. But now it appears that almost as much acreage will be put in onions the ensuing season as last, while many growers will plant other crops in addition. Many growers have an idea planted in their noodles that onions might be given a big boost next year and be in demand at high prices, but if they are amiss in their calculations they will be found again next year holding the empty bag and wondering how it all happened. Diversification is the salvation of the farmer these days, and the man with a big patch of ground who does not put in a big acreage in crops that are always in demand is going to miss his guess.

W. S. S.

FOR SALE.

This year's Tenerife grown
Yellow Bermuda onion seed.
\$1.25 per pound.
CANNEL COAL CO.
9-18-1f.

W. S. S.

STENOS. ARE IN DEMAND; ANNOUNCE EXAMINATIONS

Those Eligible for Minor Positions Mentioned Are Urged to Take Examinations on October 9.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces an open competitive examination for minor stenography-typewriter, minor stenographer, and minor typewriter, for both men and women, on October 9, 1918. Vacancies in the Departmental Service, Washington, D. C., will be filled from this examination.

The entrance salary for these positions will be up to and including \$900 a year, and promotion may be made after satisfactory service, and without further examination, up to and including \$1,000 a year; but to be eligible for promotion above \$1,000 appointees must qualify through appropriate examination.

W. S. S.

Notice of Removal.

The Economy Grocery has moved to the Brannan building at the corner of Hidalgo street and Salinas avenue, where they are better prepared than ever to serve their customers.

8-29-1f.

CONSTIPATION

And Sour Stomach Caused This Lady Much Suffering. Black-Draught Relieved.

Meadersville, Ky.—Mrs. Pearl Patrick, of this place, writes: "I was very constipated. I had sour stomach and was so uncomfortable. I went to the doctor. He gave me some pills. They weakened me and seemed to tear up my digestion. They would gripe me and afterwards it seemed I was more constipated than before."

I heard of Black-Draught and decided to try it. I found it just what I needed. It was an easy laxative, and not bad to swallow. My digestion soon improved. I got well of the sour stomach, my bowels soon seemed normal, no more griping, and I would take a dose now and then, and was in good shape."

I cannot say too much for Black-Draught for it is the finest laxative one can use."

Theodore's Black-Draught has for many years been found of great value in the treatment of stomach, liver and bowel troubles. Easy to take, gentle and reliable in its action, leaving no bad after-effects, it has won the praise of thousands of people who have used it. NC-138

TIMES WANT ADS.
\$\$\$ Money Makers \$\$\$

OPPORTUNITY PRESENTED TO TRY FOR COMMISSIONS

DRAFT MEN ASKED TO ENTER OFFICERS' TRAINING CAMP.

Captain McClure of 37th Infantry Appointed to Receive Applications for Officers' Training Camp.

Captain C. I. McClure of the 37th Infantry regiment this morning receiving information from Southern Department headquarters notifying him that he had been appointed examining officer to receive applications from all civilians included in the draft and the farmers are a busy lot while engaged in this preliminary work of disseminating the seed in the protected ground used for seedbeds.

The requirements to enter this school are that the applicants must be citizens of the United States, must be graduates of high schools or have an equivalent education, must have some experience in horsemanship. In presenting their applications for admission to the school each applicant is required to have three testimonials vouching for his character from three reputable citizens of the community in which he resides. Other information, together with the necessary blanks will be furnished on application to Captain McClure at the headquarters of the Thirty-seventh Infantry regiment at Fort McIntosh.

This announcement from the Southern Department and the appointment of Captain McClure as the examining officer provides an unusual opportunity for all men within the draft ages to attend the officers training camp and secure commissions in the various branches of the army service. Those interested are requested to call on Captain McClure immediately, as all applications must be in by October 3 at the latest.

W. S. S.
MRS. EDWARDS CALLAHAN DODD PASSED AWAY THIS MORNING

Prominent Citizen of Laredo, Widow of the Late Capt. T. W. Dodd, Succumbed to a Short Illness.

This morning when the sad news gained circulation that Mrs. Edwards Callahan Dodd, widow of the late Captain Thomas W. Dodd, aged 58 years, had died at her home, 919 Santa Clotilde Avenue, this morning at 1:30 o'clock, a shock came to the many friends and acquaintances of the deceased, as very few knew that her condition had been considered serious, although she had been confined to her bed with illness for some time past in the handsome new home which she had recently completed on Santa Clotilde Avenue.

Mrs. Dodd was taken ill about four weeks ago and was compelled to take to her bed, but her condition was not considered serious up to about a week ago, when her relatives were summoned to her bedside and were present at her death early this morning. Deceased was born in Collins county, Texas, and was in her fifty-eighth year. She was married to Captain Thos. W. Dodd in August, 1896, and has since made her home in Laredo, her husband preceding her to the grave a number of years ago. Mrs. Dodd engaged in the onion growing business here a number of years ago and proved quite successful in that particular industry, gaining the sobriquet of "the Laredo onion queen."

Deceased is survived by two brothers, Charles Callahan of Smithville, Texas, and Judge A. W. Callahan of Hansford, Texas; also two sisters, Mrs. J. M. Youngblood of Canton, Texas, and Mrs. D. K. Tumlinson of San Angelo, Texas; and a niece, Mrs. R. G. Tempkins, Jr., of Arcadia, Fla.

The funeral will take place from the Dodd home, 919 Santa Clotilde Avenue, tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock, with interment in the city cemetery by the side of the remains of the late Capt. T. W. Dodd.

W. S. S.
FULL HOUSES WILL WITNESS GREAT PLAY HERE SATURDAY

Expected That the Royal Theater Will Be Crowded to Capacity During Showing of Pershing's Crusaders."

The big feature in eight reels, divided into two sections, entitled, "Pershing's Crusaders," or "Following the Flag to France" will be on the program at the Royal Theater in this city one night only, Saturday, September 23, with performances during the afternoon also.

This great spectacular picture has been shown throughout the country to millions of people who have thronged motion picture shows everywhere to witness the pictures taken by the army and naval signal corps both at home, at sea and abroad. Some Laredo people who have seen the picture in other places where they were visiting pronounce it superb, and when one sees the American soldiers in action in the training camps and then on the battlefield it makes one proud of the fact that he is an American and that such virile, stalwart and fine appearing men comprise the personnel of our fighting forces. In the picture one sees every branch of the fighting service on land, sea and in the air.

Those who fail to see "Pershing's Crusaders" on Saturday will miss the greatest, most spectacular and most patriotic film ever thrown on the screen not only in this city but anywhere in the United States.

LOCAL NEWS

—Yesterday was pleasant during the daytime, but last night there was a lull in the wind that made conditions almost stifling for a time during the early part of the night. But these are the times of sudden changes in the weather conditions, for one day it may be as hot as Russia and the next day as cool as the United States.

—Edward Green, florist. Day and night phone Crockett 4107. Ave. C. at 8th St., San Antonio, Texas.

—We sell Gage hats. Miss M. Saltee. 9-17-1m.

—According to reports brought here from Mexico that country is fast recuperating from the results of the protracted revolutionary siege and conditions are fast becoming normal, with a resumption of business activities in all parts of the republic with mining and other industries again operating their plants in full blast.

—Jersey milk—clean and pure. Quarts sixteen cents, pints eight cents, delivered. Phone 377. 9-25-3t.

—We will repair and put in order faulty plumbing installations. Juarez Plumbing Co. 419 Matamoros. 2-11-1f.

—We paint automobiles; also make auto tops. Fidel Cantu, Phone 202. 6-15-1f.

—Questionnaires are being mailed out as rapidly as possible by the local exemption board, and many of those who received these documents have filled them out and returned them to the board immediately. All those receiving the questionnaires are requested not to delay in the matter of filling them out and getting them back in the hands of the board as soon as possible.

—The Crescent Garage is the busiest shop in town. Why? 4-10-1f.

—Call 921 for Super-Six service car. City rates. 8-28-1m.

—New fall line Gossard corsets and brassieres. Miss M. Saltee. 9-17-1m.

—The big drawing for the draft numbers of all registrants from the ages of 19 to 36 inclusive is scheduled to take place between now and Saturday in Washington. This will be the largest drawing in history and the numbers will be drawn in the same manner as during the former drafts. All men between 19 and 36 have been given their order number already.

—Jersey milk—clean and pure. Quarts sixteen cents, pints eight cents, delivered. Phone 377. 9-25-3t.

—Teacher of Gregg shorthand and Spanish and English. Apply Will W. Gregg, Times office; residence 812 Farragut street. 4-27-1f.

—The Crescent Garage is the busiest shop in town. Why? 4-10-1f.

—The following marriage licenses have been issued by the county clerk since last report: George Boggs and Miss Alice Johnson, Juan Maldonado and Miss Eloisa Ramos, Casiano Zarate and Miss Rosa Robles.

—The Bellmont. Rooms and apartments. 602 Main Ave. Phone 576 or 1017. 6-20-1f.

—Will handle on commission alfalfa and cane in bales, large or small lots. Polanco Cavazos, 519 Victoria street. 9-2-1m.

—The following importations from Mexico passed through the port of Laredo this morning: Three carloads of iron, twelve carloads of calamine, eighteen carloads of lead and two carloads of copper.

—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans. 4-24-1f.

—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office; residence 812 Farragut street. Residence phone 348. 4-27-1f.

—In a letter recently received by Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Smith, their son Harold, who has been in France for the past six months, writes that he has been "over the top" four times and finds it very thrilling. He reports that he is in good health and still un wounded.

—If it is neat and accurate job printing that you want send your orders to The Times job department. Expert workmanship and the best of materials. 19-1f.

W. S. S.

CONSUL GENERAL OF COSTA RICA A VISITOR IN LAREDO

William H. Prestinary Was Formerly a Traveling Representative in This Country For a School.

William H. Prestinary, consul-general of Costa Rica to Mexico, arrived in Laredo this morning from Chicago where he had been for the past three months on a business trip. He leaves tonight for his station in Mexico City.

Mr. Prestinary is a very pleasant and affable gentleman, thoroughly acquainted with conditions in the United States and up to nine years ago was a traveling representative of a well known educational institution of this country which carried him to all parts of the United States at frequent intervals.



Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt
Society Editor
Phone 70 Phone 43

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Wednesday.

There will be a meeting of the Parish Guild of Christ Church at the home of Mrs. Arkles at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

There will be the regular weekly dance at the Y. M. H. A. Hall in the evening with Misses Stella and Lupe Rosenbaum as hostesses.

Dance at the Soldiers Club in the evening.

Meeting of the Training for Service Class of the Christian Endeavor Society at the Christian Church in the evening.

The Heights Red Cross Knitting Circle will meet with Mrs. T. A. Bunn at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

The four circles of the Baptist Ladies Aid Society will meet at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

The Woman's Club will entertain with their regular weekly program at the Army Y. M. C. A. in the evening.

Thursday.

Mrs. J. A. Wilson, formerly Miss Alice Mowry, arrived yesterday from Chicago to visit her mother and sisters, while Col. Wilson is somewhere in France as a member of the Medical Corps of the U. S. Army.

Miss Estelle Kline returned Monday from San Antonio, where she spent the week-end.

Misses Ora Lee and Eva Beyette returned yesterday from Aransas Pass, where they visited their parents.

Mrs. J. O. Buentz returned Monday afternoon from Bryan, Texas, where she went to bring her son Ernst home. He has been ill again for the past week.

Mr. Ira O'Meara returned yesterday from San Antonio, where he went for a short business trip.

Greetings have just been received from Mrs. D. F. Anderson. She writes that she is enjoying her stay in New York city to the fullest extent, and is very enthusiastic over her organ, choir work and music. She is playing the organ in St. James' Church. Mrs. Anderson will not return to Laredo until about Christmas time.

Rev. J. Ward went up to San Antonio on Monday for a short stay.

Mrs. C. W. Cook has just had a most interesting letter from Alfred Campbell. His many friends will be glad to know that he is well and satisfied. He says that he is billeted in a big house that is over 700 years old. Writes a number of interesting things in regard to the manners and customs of the peoples. In the center of the village there is a large watering trough where the cows are driven to water, and where the family washings are done.

Mr. and Mrs. Federico P. Montes left today for Austin on their honeymoon trip.

Mr. Earnest Biskamp left yesterday for A. & M. College.

Red Cross Notes.

The Alpha Club met yesterday morning at the home of Mrs. Dario Sanchez and the members spent the time knitting for the soldiers. Those present were Misses Anita Mullally, Celina and Luisa Ferrara, Maria Prado, Ernestina, Elvira and Ofelia Sanchez and Mrs. Dario Sanchez.

The Tuesday Red Cross Knitting Circle held a very pleasant meeting yesterday afternoon with Mrs. William Simpson. The time was devoted to knitting for the Red Cross. Those present were Miss Annie Pace and Mesdames M. M. Leyendecker, Kerr, Atlee, Ulmer, Elstetter and the hostess.

Missionary Society.

The Woman's Missionary Society of the Methodist Church met at the church yesterday afternoon at four o'clock, and the regular missionary program was given. The meeting opened with the singing of "More About Jesus" and "Jesus Loves Even Me." Mrs. Bailey led in prayer, after which plans for a reception to be given on Monday evening for the ladies of the church was discussed. Those present were Mesdames J. K. Thompson, A. G. Thompson, N. A. Miller, W. H. Mims, Bailey, Evans, and Barr.

Daughters of America!

"No nation can be great unless its sons and daughters have within them the quality to rise level to the needs of heroic days." Of course it may not be convenient for you to enlist as a student nurse. It may materially

change your plans and cause you some discomfort. America's sons did not consider their personal convenience when the big call came. Dare her daughters do less? Phone Mrs. H. M. Austin, Recruiting Agent, Woman's Committee Council of National Defense.

Notice, Boy Scouts.

To all members and candidates, Troop No. 2, Boy Scouts of America, greeting: On Friday, September 27th, at 8 p. m. we are going to have a big "meet" at our hall, over the Central Fire Station, at which time we will form Patrols, elect Patrol Leaders and other officers and make plans for the coming winter. Don't fail to be there. If you don't come you will miss something good. Fraternal yours, Leonard W. Craig, Scoutmaster.

Junior Auxiliary.

The Junior Auxiliary of Christ Church held their regular weekly meeting yesterday afternoon under the direction of Rev. and Mrs. C. W. Cook and Miss Martha Anderson. Upon the arrival of the members they went over to the church where the regular service was held. Then Mrs. Cook took the boys in charge. Mrs. Cook the larger girls and Miss Anderson the little tots. The boys assisted Mr. Cook place a new halyard for the church flag that flies from the tower. He then gave them a lesson on soldering, which included what could be soldered, and how to prepare the article for soldering, and the flux to be used in soldering. Next week each boy will bring something to be mended. Mrs. Cook with the assistance of the larger girls has commenced a scrap book called "The Inside of the Church." This will contain pictures of the furnishing of the church, accompanied by suitable verses in rhyme. The little ones under the direction of Miss Anderson cut out sets of paper dolls and placed them in envelopes. At the next meeting they will bring something to be mended. Mrs. Cook with the assistance of the larger girls has commenced a scrap book called "The Inside of the Church." This will contain pictures of the furnishing of the church, accompanied by suitable verses in rhyme. The little ones under the direction of Miss Anderson cut out sets of paper dolls and placed them in envelopes. At the next meeting they will bring something to be mended.

General Mention.

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PERSONALS

Vines Tucker of San Antonio is stopping at the Bender.

C. H. Helton, wife and son of Hebbronville are guests at the Bender.

Stewart H. Lewis of Austin arrived in the city this morning and is stopping at the Bender.

M. H. McMahon of Cotulla is a guest at the Hamilton.

E. A. Leighton of San Antonio is stopping at the Hamilton.

J. B. Hazelrigg of San Antonio is a guest at the Hamilton.

A. G. Sperber of San Antonio arrived in the city this morning on business.

Dr. A. W. Wilcox returned home yesterday from his regular annual summer trip. The Doctor spent a good portion of the time with his mother at her old home in Three Rivers, Michigan.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Hamilton:—F. W. Jacobson, Aguascalientes, Mex.; C. Portier, France; E. Percy Smith, Allendale, N. J.; Wm. L. Altherr, Corpus Christi; E. C. Dell, Dallas; F. J. Hawn, Kingsville; J. H. Waring, C. H. Cuff, Minera; Mrs. A. E. Walker, A. E. Nations, F. C. McNutt, Pat. Newman, A. G. Sperber, Geo. S. James, O. O. Gades, I. L. Webb, E. H. Leighton, J. B. Hazelrigg, C. C. Hackenjos, B. F. Whitledge, J. E. Harris, San Antonio; Mrs. Andres Koele, Philadelphia, Pa.; Mrs. A. Echland, Canada; J. Wightman, Austin; W. H. McMahon, Cotulla.

Bender:—H. P. Fletcher, (American Ambassador), Mexico City; Alberto De L. Moreira, (Brazilian Ambassador), M. Fernandez, (Secretary Brazilian Ambassador), Washington, D. C.; John C. Charles, Mr. Bland and wife, Mexico City; A. H. Staehle, San Antonio; L. O. Davis, Texarkana; F. Rosales, Mexico; Mrs. J. V. Brown, San Marcos; C. H. Helton, wife and son, Hebbronville; Mrs. C. B. Finckler, Miss J. M. Finckler, Washington, D. C.; Dr. F. Martinez Vela, McAllen; B. F. Palm, Dallas; F. E. Tucker, San Antonio; Jno. Newberry, Tampico; Jno. Murray, Washington, D. C.; C. A. Vargas, Washington, D. C.; Vines Tucker, San Antonio; Jas. D. Rodgers, Dallas; A. J. May, J. O. Miller, San Antonio; E. H. Mose, Rochester, N. Y.; S. H. Lewis, Austin; A. M. Cazaux and wife, A. M. White and wife, Fred. Kalb, Mexico City.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

Physicians, Surgeons and Specialists
Members Webb Co. Medical Society

DR. H. M. AUSTIN,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office hours:—10 to 12 a. m. and 4 to 5 p. m.
Office: Room 5, Richter Building.
Phones: Residence, 1107; Office, 634

SPECIALISTS.

DR. H. STOW GARLICK,
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office:—Richter Building
Hours: 10 to 12 a. m. and 4 to 5 p. m.
Sundays, 10 a. m. and by appointment
Phone:—Office, 699.
Res. 920 Logan St. (Heights).
Phone 212.

OSTEOPATHS.

DRS. C. F. and H. E. KENNEY,
Osteopaths.
Residence and Office
1603 Matamoros. Tel. 197.

LAWYERS.

HICKS, PHELPS, DICKSON AND BOBBITT,
Attorneys-at-Law.
Offices: Hicks Building, San Antonio, Valls Building, Laredo.

JOHN L. GEORGE,
Attorney-at-Law.
Office: Second Floor Alexander Bldg

IRA O'MEARA,
Attorney-at-Law.
Office: Suite 202 Alexander Bldg over Woolworth's.

E. A. ATLEE,
Attorney-at-Law.
Office:—New Alexander Building, next to Laredo Nat'l Bank, Phone 771.

DENTISTS.

DR. A. E. McCULLOCH,
Dentist.
Office:—Wilcox Block, Telephone, 299

J. K. THOMPSON,
Dentist.
Office: Richter Building N. W. Corner Market Plaza Phone 644

DR. W. I. WILSON,
Dentist.
Office:—Valls Bldg., over People's Pharmacy Telephone 746.

ARCHITECTS.

ALFRED GILES CO.
Architects.
Monterey, Mexico.
San Antonio, Texas.

UNDERTAKERS.

JOHN CONVERY,
Funeral Director.
Complete Auto Equipment,
Jarvis Plaza, Phone 68.

MUSIC.

Adelaide Gebhardt Macdonald, B. M.
Pianist—Soprano.
Class Now Forming.
Phone 1062.

TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS.

SEPTEMBER 25.
Admiral William S. Benson, U. S. N., Chief of Naval Operations, born at Macon, Ga., 63 years ago today.

William M. Hughes, the Australian statesman whom the war has developed into one of the biggest men in British Empire political circles, born in Wales, 54 years ago today.

Rev. James I. Vance, of Nashville, moderator of the Southern Presbyterian General Assembly, born at Arcadia, Tenn., 56 years ago today.

Victoria Claffin Woodhull Martin, candidate of the Equal Rights Party for President of the United States in 1872, born at Homer, Ohio, 80 years ago today.

Oliver Booth Dickinson, judge of the United States Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, born at Dayton, O., 61 years ago today.

Has a High Opinion of Chamberlain's Tablets.

"I have been selling Chamberlain's Tablets for about two years and heard such good reports from my customers that I concluded to give them a trial myself, and can say that I do not believe there is another preparation of the kind equal to them," writes G. A. McBride, Headford, Ont. If you are troubled with indigestion or constipation give them a trial. They will do you good.

RUMANIAN CROWN PRINCE SENTENCED TO IMPRISONMENT BY HIS OWN ROYAL FATHER

Declared Validity of Actions Which Led to Arrest of Crown Prince will be Investigated and Such Measures as May be Required by the Interests of the Country and Dynasty will Then be Taken.

FATHER OF WATERS TO DO HIS PART.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 25.—Steamboats have piled the Mississippi, performing punitive duties not at all commensurate with the river's possibilities, are to be put to work to help win the war and will be augmented by boats of modern type, by great barges and towboats powerfully propelled and modernly equipped, capable of affording great relief to the heavy transportation burdens of the railroads.

Today the local officers of the Federal Waterways Board announced the completion of all arrangements for inaugurating the new Mississippi River barge line service next Saturday, on which day a fleet of 30 barges and seven towboats will depart for New Orleans. The service will be started under favorable conditions and all equipment will be complete in every respect. The consignments of freight already booked assures that barge will be loaded to capacity on the initial trip.

From time to time the past few years tentative attempts have been made to revive the Mississippi River traffic on a large scale, but these attempts have usually failed, either for lack of capital or because of the transportation and business conditions existing at the time. The present project is not to be handicapped in either one of these respects. With the railroads of the Mississippi Valley and the country generally burdened with freight traffic, ample business is assured to keep the new barge line busy. Neither will the line have to worry over its finances, for the Federal government has backed the project with millions of dollars.

The Mississippi Valley Waterways Association, representing varied interests in all of the States bordering on the river from St. Paul to the Gulf, will exercise general supervision of the project.

Revival of river traffic on a large scale was proposed months ago when freight congestion on the railroads became acute. Business men began to wonder why the broad expanse of the Mississippi could not be used to transport their freight expeditiously, and the idea took form in an application to the government for financial assistance to build and maintain a river fleet. The government appropriated \$8,000,000 to be expended between St. Louis and New Orleans and \$3,600,000 to be used on the Upper Mississippi, between St. Louis and St. Paul. These amounts, it is explained, are considered merely expressions of good will, and if the project gives promise of being successful as many millions as may be needed will be forthcoming from the Federal treasury.

Announcement is made that for the present no stops will be made by the fleet unless the cities have provided terminal facilities for the quick discharge and loading of freight. New Orleans is making big preparations for the increased business, and will probably expend \$25,000,000 within the next year for docks and other terminal facilities. Similar activity is under way in St. Louis, Memphis, Cairo, Greenville and numerous other cities along the river have plans afoot for handling the new business.

The operation of seven towboats, each escorting three barges, will be equivalent to the facilities afforded by more than 1,000 railroad cars and will release that number of cars for other duties. One 100-ton barge can carry as much freight as fifty freight cars.

Director McAdoo has appointed M. J. Sanders of New Orleans to the post of Federal manager of the barge lines. For many years Mr. Sanders has been identified with Gulf shipping. Associated with him in the new project are A. W. Mackie, who is to serve as regional manager, and Theodore Brent, who will supervise the traffic details.

People Speak Well of Chamberlain's Tablets.

"I have been selling Chamberlain's Tablets for about two years and heard such good reports from my customers that I concluded to give them a trial myself, and can say that I do not believe there is another preparation of the kind equal to them," writes G. A. McBride, Headford, Ont. If you are troubled with indigestion or constipation give them a trial. They will do you good.

By Associated Press.

Amsterdam, Sept. 25.—Crown Prince Charles of Rumania has been punished by his father as commander-in-chief of the army with close confinement for 75 days for transgression of military regulations. The validity of the actions which led to his arrest will be investigated and such measures as are required by the interests of the country and the dynasty will be taken. The crown prince began his sentence yesterday.

Bulgarian Situation Critical.

London, Sept. 25.—North and northwest along the shores of Lake Doiran the situation of the enemy is becoming more difficult. The Bulgarians are retreating along the road from Stillers to Ishtih. There is a railroad running as far as Ishtih, but after they will be forced to depend upon wagon roads against which the Serbians are advancing. On the western side of the battle zone some of the retreating Bulgarians may escape to Albania, where they can join Austrian detachments, but they must cross a difficult country and the Albanians are not friendly to the Bulgarians. Although the German officers are still with the Bulgarians, there are no definite German units with them.

Bulgarians Falling Back.

London, Sept. 25.—East of the Vardar river in Macedonia the Germans and Bulgarians are falling back on Vesli, 25 miles southeast of Uskub.

Bulgarian Resistance Stubborn.

Paris, Sept. 25.—Stubborn resistance is being encountered by the allies on the Bulgarian frontier beyond Demickap pass and Strumitsa, where the fighting is proceeding on the bank of the Vardar river.

German Attacks Repulsed.

London, Sept. 25.—The Germans last night counter attacked the British lines above Grincourt and northwest of St. Quentin, where advances had been recently scored by the British. These attacks were repulsed.

Took 1,000 Prisoners.

London, Sept. 25.—One thousand prisoners were captured yesterday in operations, particularly around St. Quentin.

Remained in French Hands.

Berlin, Sept. 25.—After the fighting yesterday in the region west of St. Quentin the town of Pecquilly-Selency remained in the hands of the French, says a headquarters report.

German Effort Failed.

Paris, Sept. 25.—The Germans last night made an effort to regain some valuable ground recently won from them by the French near the western end of the Chemin des Dames. They attacked in the Molsy farm region but the effort was a failure.

Attacked by Lettish.

London, Sept. 25.—The allied forces advancing south of Archangel have

WILL TAX INCOMES AT 12 PER CENT NET

ONLL SIX PER CENT ON INDIVIDUAL INCOMES UP TO FOUR THOUSAND DOLLARS.

By Associated Press.

Washington, Sept. 25.—A normal tax of 12 per cent on net incomes of individuals, together with a proviso that the rate be 6 per cent upon the first \$4,000, as written in the house revenue bill, was approved today without change by the senate finance committee.

Baptists Notice.

This evening at the end of the regular Wednesday mid-week prayer-meeting at the Baptist church the church in conference will go into the annual call of pastor.

Investors Take Notice.

Do you want to make money? Invest in Southern Motor Manufacturing Association shares, par value \$100, payable half cash balance within 6 months. Prices will advance \$25.00 per share Oct. 1. Buy now before it is too late. Phone 1124.

GAMMAGE and RYAN, Hamilton Hotel, City.

ARCHBISHOP IRELAND DEAD.

By Associated Press.

St. Paul, Minn., Sept. 25.—Archbishop John Ireland of the St. Paul archdiocese of the Roman Catholic church died here at 3:55 this morning, after a short illness from heart disease and stomach trouble. He was 80 years old.

TODAY'S EVENTS.

1517th day of the Great War.

The Minnesota Conference of the M. E. Church meets in annual session at St. Paul today, with Bishop Wilson presiding.

The general sessions of the annual reunion of the United Confederate Veterans will begin today at Tulsa, Okla.

The annual convention and tournament of the Massachusetts State Firemen's Association will open today at Fitchburg.

Pittsburgh is to be the meeting place today of the annual convention of the Central States Division of the American Water Works Association.

Michigan Democrats are to meet in convention at Detroit today to name candidate for minor State offices and adopt a platform for the coming campaign.

The several sections of the American Bankers' Association will conclude their sessions in Chicago today, preliminary to the opening of the general sessions of the convention tomorrow.

A war convention will be opened at Atlantic City today by the American Hospital Association, which is made up of professional trained nurses in all parts of the United States and Canada. In conjunction with the meeting there is to be an exhibition illustrating the advance of surgical knowledge that has come out of the war.

again been attacked by Lettish troops fighting with the Bolsheviki.

Swedish Gunboat Sank.

Copenhagen, Sept. 25.—The Swedish gunboat Geinheid has been sunk by striking a German mine in the Skagerrak with the loss of the chief officer and eighteen men.

Claim Submarine Victory.</

RAISING THE TAXES.

The proposal to tax individual incomes at six per cent of the net income up to \$4,000 and 12 per cent above that will strike some as a heavy tax. For instance, a man with an income of \$3,000 will pay \$180 per annum, while one with an income of \$10,000 will pay \$1,200 each year.

There has never before been such a heavy tax imposed in the history of this country, especially by the federal government. But it is necessary, and it seems the only way to force some people to pay their legitimate share of the cost of carrying on the war.

When the American civilians went to the Philippines in 1900 they were required to pay a "cedula" tax—an income tax—which amounted to 2½ per cent of their incomes. As most of those employed in Manila and other cities of the archipelago were in the employ of the government, either military or civil, it was easy for the tax office to keep track of the incomes.

This was the first income tax which had been imposed upon Americans in many years. The other taxes of the federal government had been indirect, with the exception of the excise tax, and so no one felt what he was paying to the government, usually paying his share in the form of increased prices for wines and liquors, cigars and tobacco, and for goods which had paid import duties.

The present income tax first was imposed after the beginning of the European war, when the reduced imports from foreign countries made it necessary for the federal government to find some means of replenishing its fast diminishing treasury.

The increased income tax will furnish an enormous sum of money, and it is perhaps the fairest form of tax that can be imposed. The citizens who come within the list of exemptions are paying their share in other ways, and they should not be burdened with a direct income tax.

It is difficult to imagine, however, a tax which will be more unpopular with the majority of those who have to pay it. While other nations have had a graduated income tax for many years, the people of the United States have never been called upon to pay a share of the cost of running the government out of their incomes. And our country is filled with tax dodgers who have been accused with making false returns of property in order to pay the lowest taxes permissible.

Our system of real estate assessment has given rise to a method of tax dodging which is not confined to those who are in poor or even moderate circumstances. There are wealthy property owners in various parts of the country who have not paid as much in proportion as our very poorest, and some of them have for years escaped the payment of their just dues to the city, county and state.

The penalties prescribed for income tax dodging are severe enough to prevent any but the most confirmed swearer of false oaths from making a false declaration. The men who have been in the habit of assessing the value of their own property will find it hard to conceal any part of their income from the shrewd eye of the federal tax collectors, and they will ponder a while before rendering themselves liable for rendering an untrue account.

The government needs the money. Not all of the money expended in the prosecution of the war can be raised by bond issues, and those who are now living and who expect to derive some of the advantages of the victory for which we are fighting must pay their share of the cost.

Perhaps in no city in the United States are there so many people who are in receipt of an income much less than the lowest which is exempted from taxation as there are in Laredo. But we also have many who are in the enjoyment of an income sufficiently large to establish Laredo as a place of wealth in proportion to its population, even though not all of the residents are enjoying comfortable incomes.

A DANGEROUS EPIDEMIC.

The report that a few cases of influenza, now called Spanish influenza, are discovered in Texas will cause some apprehension, especially as the government officials report that there are now about 30,000 cases in various army camps, and that the deaths so far have totalled 150.

For centuries past this disease, in various forms and under various names, has appeared at irregular intervals, and because of the lack of control at some times, due to the ignorance or the inexperience of those who combated it, many thousands of deaths resulted.

In modern times the disease was known as la gripe, or Russian influenza, and as such has become known to the people all over the world. Frequently it has caused a number of deaths, and once it has obtained a foothold in any community it spreads rapidly, owing to lack of precautions and failure to properly isolate those affected.

It is now known that the disease is transmitted through direct or indirect contact through the use of handkerchiefs, common towels, cups or other objects contaminated with fresh secretions from the nose, throat and

respiratory passages of cases or of carriers.

All cases of influenza should be isolated and kept in bed during the course of the disease. People should avoid crowded assemblages, street cars and the like. Patients should be treated in well-ventilated, warm rooms, as the cause of death in most influenza cases is broncho-pneumonia, or acute bronchitis.

No other communicable disease which is known to assume epidemic proportions spreads so rapidly, or attacks indiscriminately as large a proportion of the population, according to the scientists.

It is not always fatal, but it is always dangerous, for influenza leads to other diseases, and where a case is not carefully treated there is always the danger of complications.

Naturally such a disease takes its heaviest toll in army camps, where the men are crowded together and come in close contact, and for this reason the soldiers in Europe, particularly the underfed German soldiers, have been the heaviest sufferers during the present epidemic.

Some doctors have urged that the disease is the result of famine, but this evidently is only because the lowered vitality of those suffering from want of food lessens the resistance of the patient, and the result is usually death in such cases.

A case of gripe, or Spanish influenza, or whatever it is called, should be carefully watched and carefully treated. Many have reached the point of saying: "Oh, it is only a case of gripe; I'll be all right in a day or two." But this is the sort which usually have a "relapse" and come close to the point of death, if indeed they do not succumb.

There is little to fear from an epidemic of influenza provided the public health officials take the proper precautions and the families of those afflicted can make to see the danger of carelessness.

Once the disease obtains a foothold in a family, it is rare for any of those living in the same house, or even neighborhood, to escape the infection. This is why the disease presents dangers to the practitioner, for the spread of the disease from a single focus is very rapid.

In case the disease should reach Laredo, the city authorities, as well as the military officials, will take all precautions to prevent its spread. If any soldiers are stricken with it, the post probably will be quarantined until all danger of further infection is passed, and nothing will be left undone to prevent new foci of the disease in our midst.

For the reason that the disease in itself is not fatal, there have seldom been any precautions taken by the laity as to infection and spreading of the disease, but the doctors know the danger of too lax treatment of this worrisome ailment, and they can be depended upon to do all in their power to prevent its spread among our citizens, should it reach here.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE AND FARM DEMONSTRATION WORK

Activities of Both Merged For the Term of the War, With Prof. F. W. Mally Acting as Secretary.

Due to the fact that war activities of every description are being restricted to those directly necessary for the winning of the war, it was suggested that for the year the activities of the Chamber of Commerce and of the farm demonstration work be merged into one budget, under the leadership of the Chamber of Commerce. However, before such a plan could be acted upon, it was necessary to secure the consent of the U. S. Department of Agriculture, the A. & M. College, co-operating in order that the Farm Demonstration Agent, Prof. Fred W. Mally, might assume the dual duty of secretary of the Chamber of Commerce and that of the farm demonstration agent.

Through the proper officers the government at once made an investigation of the local conditions, and found that the plan suggested was in the best interests of all concerned, and have approved of the plan.

The Board of Directors of the Chamber of Commerce at once met, and unanimously decided to enter into this co-operative agreement and without a dissenting voice elected Prof. Mally as secretary of the Chamber of Commerce. The president and officers of the Farmers organizations were consulted, and also unanimously agreed to the plan. This will save an immense amount of duplication of effort, at least during the period of the war. The funds raised by the farmers, together with that of the Chamber of Commerce budget, will enable these in control of these activities to concentrate all efforts along the lines at all times calculated to mean the most for Webb county.

When the bowels feel uncomfortable and you miss the exhilarating feeling that always follows a copious morning operation, a dose of HERBINE will set you right in a couple of hours. If taken at bedtime you get its beneficial effect after breakfast next day. Price 50c. Sold by all druggists.

A Card of Thanks.

To all those who came to our assistance during the last illness and death of our beloved mother, Mrs. Jose T. Vda. de Zuazua, we wish to return our sincere thanks and appreciation.

THE FAMILY.

LEADERS OF ALLIED FORCES IN VLADIVOSTOK



This interesting picture, taken in front of the Czechoslovak headquarters in Vladivostok, shows some of the leaders of the allied military and naval forces who have undertaken the task of freeing Siberia and Russia from the yoke of the bolsheviks. On the right is Colonel Ward, commander of the British battalion, and scattered through the picture are Japanese army and navy officers, Czechoslovak officers, an American naval officer and others of the allies.

TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

SEPTEMBER 26.

1759—Gen. Hans York, commander of the Prussian troops in Napoleon's invasion of Russia, who would not fight the Russians, born at Potsdam. Died Oct. 4, 1839.

1789—Edmund Randolph was commissioned first Attorney-General of the United States.

1846—Gen. Taylor concluded an agreement with the Mexicans for the capitulation of Monterey.

1862—Office of Provost Marshal-General created by the United States Secretary of War.

1875—A riot, in which several persons were killed and injured, tended a Roman Catholic memorial procession in Montreal.

1891—The Prince and Princess of Wales (now King George and Queen Mary) visited Winnipeg.

1914—Russian troops occupied the city of Przemyśl.

1915—Bulgaria informed Entente Allies that mobilization was purely protective and not offensive in purpose.

1916—New York bankers announced \$50,000,000 loan to Paris for alleviation of suffering caused by the war.

LOCAL NEWS

—E. B. Brewster is in receipt of a letter from his son, Private Edward Brewster, who is "over there" with our soldier boys, in which the young man says he is much pleased with conditions and that he is in readiness for his duties at all times—that in fact the American boys are always ready to go forward after the Hun at every opportunity that is presented.

—Everybody has heard of Tommy Ryan, ex-lightweight champion fighter of the fist arena. Well, he is in Laredo and will give exhibitions at the Army tonight and tomorrow night and Director Jenkins invites everybody in Laredo to come out and see Tommy give athletic stunts of the kind that put him on the pinnacle of fame in the manly art of self-defense.

—The following marriage licenses have been issued by the county clerk since last report: Dionicio Esquivel Ochoa and Miss Virginia Gonzales, Florencio Campos and Mrs. Sotero Ramirez, Salvador Salazar and Miss Maria Medrano.

—District Judge Mullally, District Attorney Valls and Court Reporter Seb Wilcox leave here Sunday for Carrizo, where on next Monday morning the regular term of district court for Zapata county for one week will be convened.

OLD-TIME ENGINEER DEAD: WAS WELL KNOWN IN LAREDO

J. R. Winlack Was an Engineer on Texas-Mexican For 25 Years; Resigned on Account of Ill Health.

A telegram received here from Bryan, Texas, announces the death at the home of Mrs. Mazie Winlack Lundin, his daughter, of J. R. Winlack, a former well known resident of Laredo and one of the old-time engineers on the Texas-Mexican railroad between this city and Corpus Christi.

Mr. Winlack was in the employ of the Texas-Mexican as engineer for about 25 years, and about three or four years ago he resigned the position on account of failing health and soon afterwards went to Bryan to make his home with his daughter, Mrs. Lundin, at whose home he died yesterday.

TIMES WANT ADS. \$\$\$\$ Money Makers \$\$\$\$

ONE YEAR AGO TODAY IN THE WAR.

SEPTEMBER 26.

Many alien enemies arrested in a general roundup in Greater New York.

British advanced along a six-mile front in Flanders, capturing 1,000 prisoners.

Gen. Soukhomloff, former Russian war minister, convicted by a Petrograd court of high treason and exiled to Siberia.

Swellings of the flesh caused by inflammation, cold, fractures of the bone, toothache, neuralgia or rheumatism can be relieved by applying BALDWIN'S SNOW LINIMENT. It should be well rubbed in over the part affected. It's great healing and penetrating power eases the pain, reduces swelling and restores natural conditions. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

FROM HERE AND THERE.

The Imperial Canal of China has a length of more than 1,000 miles.

The first English man-of-war, the "Great Harry," was launched in 1487. The first institution for the employment of the adult blind was established in Edinburgh in 1793.

Of the men now sitting in the United States senate 26 have served as governors of their respective States. Montreal reaps an annual revenue of several hundred thousands dollars from a special tax on bachelors.

The design of an eagle was at one time considered for the national flag of the United States, but the suggestion was abandoned.

The gas meters of the houses in New York City are now recorded by cameras, which yield a permanent record of each of the regular readings.

According to the poet Tasso carrier pigeons were employed for the transmission of messages during the siege of Jerusalem in the year 1099.

The antique statue of the sleeping Ariadne, one of the gems of the Vatican museum, is celebrated as the only marble statue with eyelashes.

Not until the siege of Paris, in the Franco-Prussian war, when balloons were used for purposes of observation and communication, did military ballooning become a subject of study and experiment in army circles.

Previous to the present war, the only town in the Old World ever captured by the United States was the town of Derne, in Tripoli, which was taken by an American force under Gen. Eaton in 1804.

The first medal awarded to a foreigner for meritorious service to the United States was given by Congress to Lieut. Fleury, a young officer, for gallantry displayed at the battle of Stony Point in 1779.

In the manufacture of great bells Russia has always taken the lead. A bell cast at Moscow in the sixteenth century weighed nearly 200,000 pounds, and it required twenty-four men to ring it. Larger still was the "Great Bell" of Moscow, which, however, was cracked and broken before its completion.

The rumored plans for a German invasion of the British Isles in the early part of the war calls to mind the fact that no battle has been fought on the island of Great Britain since 1745, when the English under the Duke of Cumberland defeated the forces of the Young Pretender at Culloden Moor, near Inverness, Scotland.

Yellow complexion, pimples and disfiguring blemishes on the face or body can be gotten rid of by dotoring the liver, which is torpid. HERBINE is a powerful liver correctant. It purifies the system, stimulates the vital organs and puts the body in fine vigorous condition. Price 50c. Sold by all druggists.

IN THE DAY'S NEWS.

SEPTEMBER 26.

Denmark, one of the few European countries now at peace, will make merry today in celebration of the birthday of King Christian X, who has succeeded thus far in his efforts to keep his little kingdom neutral in the war. During the six years he has occupied the throne King Christian has increased the popularity he enjoyed among the Danish people as Crown Prince. Like his father and grandfather before him, he is a soldier, sportsman, and a democrat, but with little knowledge or love of politics. In 1898 Christian married Princess Alexandrine of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, who is a sister of the Crown Princess of Germany. The royal couple have two sons, Prince Frederick, who is now in his 20th year, and Prince Knud, who is about a year younger.

W. S. S. — Still Has Onion Seed. Wm. Schultz, Chris Reuter's representative, still has some onion seed ready to deliver. If interested please phone 516. NO WAX. 9-26-17. W. S. S. — PARR-GLASSCOCK CONTEST ON AT EDINBURG MONDAY

Fight Over Senatorial Nomination Will Be Watched With Interest by Democrats of 23d District.

The following item taken from the Corpus Christi Caller of yesterday will be read with interest by the people of this city, as it concerns a matter in which Webb county Democrats are interested:

The exchange of seats between District Judges Voll M. Taylor and F. G. Chambliss of the seventy-ninth and thirty-sixth districts, respectively, is expected to result in Judge Chambliss hearing the Parr-Glasscock case at Edinburg starting next Monday, and Judge Taylor hearing the Chambliss-Childers case that is scheduled to go to trial this morning at Sinton.

Archie Parr, who claims to have been nominated as state senator from the twenty-third district in the recent Democratic primary election and who has been repudiated by the State Democratic convention, has applied to the court of the seventy-ninth district for a review of the senatorial conventions held in Corpus Christi on August 24. The secretary of state has announced that he will certify the name of D. W. Glasscock of McAllen as the nominee.

W. S. S. — WANTED. A clerk for my Customs Department who speaks English and Spanish and who can operate a typewriter. E. DENIKE. 9-24-17. W. S. S. —

TAKE CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

She writes further: "I am in splendid health... can do my work. I feel I owe it to Cardui, for I was in dreadful condition." If you are nervous, run-down and weak, or suffer from headache, backache, etc., every month, try Cardui. Thousands of women praise this medicine for the good it has done them, and many physicians who have used Cardui successfully with their women patients, for years, endorse this medicine. Think what it means to be in splendid health, like Mrs. Spell. Give Cardui a trial.

All Druggists

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

LAREDO WAS THREATENED BY J. PLUVIUS LAST NIGHT

BUT IT ONLY PROVED A BLUFF AND LIGHT RAIN FELL.

Farmers in This Section Would Be Greatly Benefited by Heavy Rain, While Stockmen Also Need Rain.

From the time that the shades of darkness began to gather last evening up to the early hours of this morning the threatening conditions and obscured sky presaged a heavy downpour of rain—in fact at one time it appeared that within a few minutes Laredo would experience a deluge—but old J. Pluvius just pulled off another one of those bonehead plays and never reached home. One time, however, it appeared that he was caught between third and home, spluttered for a time and then got back to his starting point safely. In other words he tried to cast a little moisture on the dried realm below the heavens—and the word "hilo" fully qualifies the extent of his effort.

No reports of any rain to amount to anything in the country anywhere near Laredo have been received here, and the indications are that the threatening clouds passed to the northward and evidently turned loose elsewhere.

In the country around Laredo at this time large acreages have been planted in diversified vegetation, while considerable land has been plowed up and put in preparation for the cultivation of Bermuda onions. While the onion seed is planted in seedbeds and is being carefully looked after during the germination and embryo stages, the vegetable seed is planted in the open field and subjected to irrigation, but should a good, heavy rain come at this time it would be of inestimable value to farmers, while stockmen would find a good rain a godsend in starting nutritious young grasses growing on the ranges.

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SEED GARDEN SEED

Just received everything in Seed for the Truck Grower ROY CAMPBELL LAREDO, TEXAS

RIO GRANDE BUICK COMPANY

Buick Automobiles Cadillac Automobiles Buick Service Republic Trucks

We are the best equipped organization in Southwest Texas for caring for their customers.

We carry a more complete stock of parts for our cars than any other automobile represented in Laredo.

We have the largest number of satisfied customers in Laredo, because we are able to give them what they want when they want it.

"Better buy a BUICK than wish you had."

RIO GRANDE BUICK COMPANY 820 Convent Ave. Tel. 1163

WEBB COUNTY'S QUOTA FIXED AT HIGHEST FIGURE TO DATE

MUST SUBSCRIBE \$523,900 FOR FOURTH LIBERTY LOAN.

Leaders in Campaign Feel Confident That Laredo and Webb County Will Raise the Full Quota.

The following telegram to Mr. W. J. Sames, chairman of the Fourth Liberty Loan organization for Webb county, announces the amount we are to raise in this drive:

"Quota your county is \$523,900. Confirmation mailed. Quotas have been fixed by meeting of twenty representative business men from all parts of district. I know that our government will be satisfied with your people's response. (Signed) Hoopes."

The preliminary steps for perfecting an organization for an effective campaign have already been taken by the various leaders in charge of preparations for this Fourth Liberty Loan drive. There is a feeling of determination which dominates the several chairmen and the committees, which indicates that Laredo and Webb county will do their full duty towards securing the quota assigned us.

It is plain that our government needs the money. The spirit of giving has been gradually developed among our people by the previous campaigns. In addition the emergencies arising from the various war activities have given our people a clearer vision along all lines connected with the great struggle in which we are involved. It is confidently hoped that our people have been saving in order that they may be better prepared for the liberal giving which our increased quota will require. This matter is more clearly than ever a personal duty and responsibility which no one can afford to ignore, or in any way fail of his or her very best efforts.

There will be committee meetings in all departments at the Chamber of Commerce rooms tonight for a preliminary conference, and for working out some further details to be ready to make a good start on the first day of the drive.

W. S. S. — Hop at Latin-American Club. The regular weekly hop at the Latin-American Club will occur tomorrow evening to which all members and their families are invited. Entertainment Committee.

W. S. S. — Investors Take Notice. Do you want to make money? Invest in Southern Motor Manufacturing Association shares, par value \$100, payable half cash balance within 6 months. Prices will advance \$25.00 per share Oct. 1. Buy now before it is too late. PHONE 1124. GAMMAGE and RYAN, 9-25-17. Hamilton Hotel, City.

Hem Stitching

I have bought Mrs. Sauls' hem-stitching machine and have moved same from Mr. Richter's store to our residence, 910 Juarez avenue. (two doors north Slaughter Hotel). For the present leave your work with my husband, Mr. J. J. Hudson of the Laredo Woolen Co., or phone 210.

I can do your work right.

Mrs. J. J. Hudson.

CHICO

WASHING WONDER

LEE FULLER, Agent. Phone 1154.

LOCAL NEWS

—According to a new ruling announced from Washington, all men of Class one, from 18 to 45 years of age, or who would have been placed in that classification, can not become candidates for commissions in the army until they have first been inducted into the army service as privates. This order by the adjutant general at Washington supersedes all previous orders.

—Edward Green, florist. Day and night phone Crockett 4107. Ave. C. at 8th St., San Antonio, Texas.

2:25-tf. —We sell Gage hats. Miss M. Saltee. 9-17-1m.

—The following marriage license has been issued by the county clerk since last report: Francisco Ramirez and Miss Angelita Valdez.

—Jersey milk—clean and pure. Quarts sixteen cents, pints eight cents, delivered. Phone 377. 9-25-3t.

—A clouded firmament throughout last night and today foreboded prospects of rain, but signs don't count for much. There are times when clouds look so heavy that they are liable to burst at any moment, and even then many people do not anticipate rain until it actually comes. Those are the old-timers who know weather conditions in this country.

—We will repair and put in order faulty plumbing installations. Juarez Plumbing Co. 419 Matamoros.

2-11-tf. —The following importations from Mexico passed through the port of Laredo this morning: Two carloads of lead, eight carloads of calamine, fourteen carloads of iron, one carload of copper, one carload of skins, one carload of rope and one carload of castor oil.

—We paint automobiles; also make auto tops. Fidel Cantu, Phone 202. 6-15-tf.

—The Crescent Garage is the busiest shop in town. Why? 4-10-tf.

—Have you planted that home garden yet? If not, why not? Get a wiggle on and get that seed in the ground or you may find it too late to have the seed germinated and given a good start before a cold spell comes sneaking along and puts the kibosh on your little garden in the back yard.

—Call 921 for Super-Six service car. City rates. 8-28-1m.

—New fall line Gossard corsets and brassieres. Miss M. Saltee. 9-17-1m.

—Jersey milk—clean and pure. Quarts sixteen cents, pints eight cents, delivered. Phone 377. 9-25-3t.

—Tomorrow starts the Fourth Liberty Bond campaign. Don't only boost for the bonds and get the other fellow to come across, but go down in your own little jeans and make a noise like a liberal subscription. This thing of telling the other fellow how much to subscribe and not doing so yourself is one of the poorest demonstration that one can make.

—Teacher of Gregg Shorthand and Spanish and English. Apply Will W. Gregg, Times office; residence 812 Farragut street. 4-27-tf.

—The Crescent Garage is the busiest shop in town. Why? 4-10-tf.

—"Pershing's Crusaders," or "Following the Flag to France," a great picturization of the fighting men of the United States army and navy, will be the attraction at the Royal tomorrow afternoon and night—one day only. The show begins at 1 p. m. tomorrow and continues until 11 p. m. The picture consists of eight big reels divided into two sections.

—The Bellmont. Rooms and apartments. 602 Main Ave. Phone 576 or 1017. 6-20-tf.

—Will handle on commission alfalfa and cane in bales, large or small lots. Policarpo Cavazos, 519 Victoria street. 9-2-1m.

—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans. 4-24-tf.

—The first of five institutes will be held tomorrow beginning at 9 o'clock at the Central School. Four other institutes will be held on alternate Saturdays.

—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office; residence 812 Farragut street. Residence phone 348. 4-27-tf.

—W. S. S. Great Methodist Celebration. People are asking everywhere what the Great Methodist Celebration, which we hear so much about means. What is it the "centenary" of? And how is it going to be celebrated? I will answer all these questions next Sunday morning when I speak on "Celebrating the Centenary."

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WALTER L. BARR, Pastor.

SOCIETY

Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt
Society Editor

Phone 70 Phone 43

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Friday.

Story-telling hour at 5 o'clock at the home of Mrs. M. P. Cullinan.

The Boy Scouts of Troop 2 and Junior Scouts will meet at the Scout Headquarters in the evening.

Stunt Night at the Army Y. M. C. A.

The San Agustin Red Cross Knitting Circle will meet at the residence of Mrs. J. R. Rodriguez at four o'clock in the afternoon.

Saturday.

The Busy Bees will have a called meeting at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon at the home of Lois and Dorothy Derby.

The Red Cross Hospital Room will be open from 4 until 6 o'clock in the afternoon with Mrs. W. W. MacGregor in charge, for the accommodation of the knitters.

Dance at the Soldiers Club in the evening.

Guard your shores and train your men.

Teach your growing youth to fight; Make your plans ere once again Ships of foes appear in sight.

Build the ships and train to arms, Make your millions fighting strength.

That shall frighten war's alarms, Ere they reach a challenge length!

General Mention.

Mrs. Andres Cardenas and daughter, Mrs. Joe Fernandez, left yesterday for a short visit to San Antonio.

Mr. Frank G. Benavides of San Antonio arrived in the city this morning to attend the funeral of the late Mr. H. A. Sauvignat.

Mrs. C. A. Belmont and daughters, Misses Annette and Florentine, after spending the summer here with their parents and grand-parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Bruni, will leave tomorrow for San Antonio to make their future home.

Greetings have been received from Mrs. R. C. Yost from Washington, D. C. She speaks of enjoying real fall weather. The many friends of George Brown will be pleased to know that he is the guest of his sister for the winter and will attend school in Washington this year.

Mrs. Lena Poggenpohl has returned home from a pleasant visit to her sister, Mrs. Beckman of Austin.

Mrs. Finkel and Miss Finkel, who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Hellen of Hebronville, arrived in the city the early part of the week and have gone on to Washington, D. C., to visit relatives.

Mrs. Payson left yesterday for San Antonio, after a pleasant visit to her daughter, Mrs. H. W. Johnston.

Mr. and Mrs. Lent and family have moved into the Kenney home on the Heights.

Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Woods and children, accompanied by Miss Vera Sharkey, will motor to San Antonio tomorrow for the week-end.

Mrs. Chester Burbank has returned from a three weeks' trip to Colorado Springs and Denver. She also visited in Kansas City.

The members of the Laredo Chap-

ter of Red Cross will be pleased to know that Miss Gallagher of St. Louis is expected in the city on October 8th to speak to them about Red Cross Work.

Red Cross Notes.

The members of the Heights Red Cross Knitting circle met yesterday afternoon and the following garments were turned into the chairman, Mrs. T. A. Bunn: 71 sweaters and 31 pairs of socks. These articles will be packed tomorrow and sent down to Mrs. W. W. MacGregor. The members of this circle pledged themselves for 80 sweaters, and the ones still out will be turned in as soon as possible.

Within a very few days the second call to subscribe to the Liberty Loan will be issued. Will you respond? You know that the effects of a successful administration of the war bill will be as far-reaching as any issue connected with the struggle. You know that upon its stable structure will be erected a certainty of purpose and assurance of outcome which will improve the morale of armies and of nations. You know that it will be edifying in its admirable fairness, sound calculation, and pre-eminent success. You are certain that it will be the safeguard of our country and, from a military point of view, our first great sweeping drive against the enemy. You know that patriotism will find no surer and more universal way of displaying its enthusiasm. And finally, you are stricken by an unescapable feeling that upon the nature of your response rests the future of your self-respect and the quality of your standing in the great surrounding world of sacrifice. It is a privilege, an opportunity, a duty: "By their gifts shall you know them." The great and vital question is: Will you be known?

—Red Cross Magazine.

Has a High Opinion of Chamberlain's Tablets.

"I have a high opinion of Chamberlain's Tablets for biliousness and as a laxative," writes Mrs. C. A. Barnes, Charleston, Ill. "I have never found anything so mild and pleasant to use. My brother has also used these tablets with satisfactory results."

W. S. S.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Bender: J. H. Houze and wife, Tampico; Miss Hattie Welner, Cleburne; Miss Helen Leary, San Antonio; F. S. Buel, Mexico; C. H. Woodson, San Antonio; J. O. Turner, Hillsboro; Geo. F. Walker and family, Brownsville; H. M. Wolcott and wife, Washington, D. C.; Mrs. H. M. Culum Houston; R. Rosales, San Antonio; J. B. Reavey and wife, McAllen; C. H. Knight, Mexico City; L. Dreher, St. Louis, Mo.; C. S. Young, San Antonio; B. F. Egger, Waco; A. J. May, San Antonio.

Hamilton: L. L. Gardner, L. L. Simpson, Asherton; Roy Jennings, Aguilar; Ted Waring, Kansas City, Mo.; W. F. Brawn and wife, E. J. Merchant, Corpus Christi; D. K. Newsum, Dr. R. O. Lance, F. R. McNatt, San Antonio; Samuel D. de Colombia, wife and daughters, Mexico City; R. Pozas, Emilio Pozas, Juana Laguno, Monterey; B. M. Awaft, Dallas; R. C. Ives, Dearborn, Mich.; A. H. Pride, Maryville, Mo.; R. O. Gauger, Cotulla; F. E. Ellis, San Luis Potosi, Mex.; E. A. Higginbotham, Chicago; P. Rozzelle, St. Louis, Mo.

International & Great Northern. Through fast train for St. Louis leaves at 10:45 a. m. and arrives at 6:10 p. m.

Night Train. Leaves at 9 p. m. and arrives at 8 a. m.

Rio Grande & Eagle Pass. Train No. 1 leaves Laredo daily except Sunday at 8 a. m. Arrives at Minera at 10:20 a. m.

Train No. 2 leaves Minera daily except Sunday at 1 p. m. Arrives at Laredo at 2:15 p. m.

Great Faith in Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy.

"Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy was used by my father about a year ago when he had diarrhoea. It relieved him immediately and by taking three doses he was absolutely cured. He has great faith in this remedy," writes Mrs. W. H. Williams, Stanley, N. Y.

W. S. S. MONEY MAKERS

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OUR LIBERTY LOAN QUOTA

Laredo Will Back Our Boys With More than the \$523,900 That Has Been Assigned Us.

The quota for Laredo for the Fourth Liberty loan has been fixed at \$523,900. That is the amount our people are to buy of the total which must be sold if the government is to successfully finance, during the next few months, our part in the terrible conflict the Kaiser and his hordes have brought upon the world.

Of course the people of Laredo are going to buy that amount, and the only question is how much more and how quickly are we going to do it?

Laredo people are going at this bond-buying proposition in just the same way that our Laredo boys are going at the Heinies in France. We are not going to wait until the fight is over before we get into it, and we are not going to stop at the fixed objective of \$523,900 any more than our boys stop when they reach the first German trench or German machine gun nest.

We are going to put Laredo dollars back of Laredo boys and let them work together so that in the end the "world may be a decent place to live in."

W. S. S. DESTROYS SLEEP.

Many Laredo People Testify to This.

You can't sleep at night With aches and pains of bad back.

When you have to get up from urinary troubles

If the kidneys are at fault Set them working right with Doan's Kidney Pills.

Here is Laredo proof of their merit. J. C. Stein, barber, 1620 Lincoln St., says: "Some time ago I came down with a severe backache and it hurt me to stoop over or straighten. My kidneys acted too freely and I was obliged to get up five or six times during the night. I had heard Doan's Kidney Pills highly recommended so I started using them. Two boxes entirely removed the trouble and I haven't been bothered since."

Price 60c at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Stein had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgs. Buffalo, N. Y.

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BULGARIANS ASK FOR ARMISTICE AND DISCUSSION FOR EVENTUAL PEACE TERMS

King Ferdinand Assents to Meeting between Allied Officers and Delegates from Bulgaria, and Latter are Now on Their Way to French Headquarters in Macedonia, Although Hostilities Are Still On.

By Associated Press.

Paris, Sept. 27.—General Desperes, commanding the allied armies in Macedonia, telegraphed the French government today that a high Bulgarian officer presented himself on behalf of General Tomarow, commanding the Bulgarian army, asking for a suspension of hostilities for 48 hours to permit the arrival of two authorized delegates of the Bulgarian government. Minister of Finance Liapoff and General Loukoff, commanding the Bulgarian Second army, are on their way to French headquarters with the assent of King Ferdinand to arrange conditions of an armistice and eventually terms of peace.

READY FOR COLLEGE FOOTBALL.

Chicago, Ill., Sept. 27.—Intercollegiate football, the second "wartime season" for the American colleges, will get under way tomorrow with minor contests in various parts of the country. Many of the larger institutions have definitely abandoned the gridiron sport for the period of the war, but nearly all of the smaller colleges have decided to continue the game. Nearly all of the Western universities and colleges, both large and small, will put teams in the field. The schedules of the most of them, however, will differ radically from the schedules of previous years. The season for the most of them will consist of fewer games than has been the custom in the past, and practically all long trips will be eliminated. Probably the longest trip to be made by any team this year will be that of the University of Nebraska, which will journey to Morgantown, W. Va., for a game with the University of West Virginia on Oct. 26.

Many of the prominent teams will not measure up to the standard of other years, because of the absence of seasoned players who have answered the call to the colors, but popular interest in the sport is expected to be maintained nevertheless. Games with eleven representing the army training camps and naval stations will feature the schedules of the larger universities.

For the first time in many years the Carlisle Indians will be missing from the gridiron this season. This is because the school has been closed and the school property taken over by the War Department to be used for convalescent soldiers.

Despite the fact that the University of Michigan has returned to the Western Conference, the Wolverines will play their customary game with Cornell. Other sectional games tentatively arranged include a contest between Syracuse and Nebraska at Lincoln and a clash between the University of Pennsylvania and Georgia Tech at Philadelphia. For the first time in a quarter of a century the Pennsylvania-Cornell game for Thanksgiving will be eliminated. The game will be played November 23.

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From Saturday's Daily.

THE LIBERTY LOAN.

It is estimated that the government will get from the people of the United States, either by loan or through taxation, from July of this year to July of next year, 48 per cent of the total income of all the people of this country.

This, of course, does not mean that every person in the country will give up in loans or taxes 48 per cent of his entire income. But it does mean that 48 per cent of the entire national income of fifty billions—or twenty-four billions—will be raised, and that each man, woman and child in the country will have to contribute at least a part of that gigantic sum.

Naturally those with the most money will give or lend the greatest proportionate amounts. The man with an income of \$600 a year could not for the life of his pay \$288 of that amount in loans or taxes, even though threatened with the loss of everything he owned through foreign conquest. He needs practically every cent of his earnings, not for luxury or for comfort, but for absolute necessities.

The man with an income of a million dollars could easily afford to give, not only 48 per cent of his income, but all except a very few thousands, for a great part of his expenditure is for luxuries without which he can live in case of need.

The factories making enormous profits can afford to give much more than their proportionate 48 per cent, for a great deal of their profits comes from the necessities of our government or of our allies.

Those with large real estate holdings, which they have done nothing to create but which have come to them as inheritance, can easily afford to give more in proportion than the man who needs every penny of his wages to buy the necessities of life.

The question is not, What can these wealthy men and corporations afford to do; that is easily answered. The question now is, What are they going to do. And the government is going to help answer that question. Those who can afford to lend large sums to the government will have to do so, or have the money taken from them by harsh methods. The financial standing of practically every man and woman in the country is now on record. It has been carefully investigated, and there is not a capitalist, a landlord or a rich manufacturer whose income is not figured down practically to the odd cents.

Those who prefer to use their money in a way which will bring them in more than the 4 1/2 per cent which the government is paying will be informed that while the government has need of the money they will not be allowed to use it in other ways.

Our government has gone so far as to forbid the construction of any but the absolutely necessary residences and factories, and anyone wishing to build a house with a value of more than \$2,500 will first have to get a government permit.

Those who have money to lend on mortgages will have to lend at least a proportionate share of their money to the government, or the government will take it away from them.

If the government can commandeer the needed factories and other plants; if it can forbid certain manufactures for the duration of the war; if it can demand that factories making non-essentials shall turn their plans over to the government to make munitions and supplies, why then, surely the government has the right to demand that the money it needs be turned over to its treasury for such time as it needs it, especially when the government is paying a good rate of interest and exempting certain bonds from taxation until the interest reaches a certain sum.

There is no more reason for the government to tax a man's income than there is for the government to demand the use of all that income over and above a man's real needs, while our men are fighting for the preservation of our government and for future security against invasion by a cruel foe.

Those who have the least are doing the most in proportion to their ability; it is now the turn of those who have plenty.

THE SALVATION ARMY.

Many years ago a strange sight was witnessed in conservative old London. A small group of men and women were marching through the streets, led by a man with a violin, the women shaking and pounding tambourines and one of the men beating a bass drum. This was the first street meeting of the Salvation Army, and it attracted the attention of the ribald, as well as arousing the disgust of some of the more conservative.

But since that day the Salvation Army has constantly moved forward. It has never retrogressed, and it has never surrendered to the enemy. Its work is acknowledged by religious leaders, sociologists and thinkers of all classes as being one of the most effective for the regeneration of the world since the Master walked through Galilee. It has taught the people.

The work of the indirect loan Army has ever been to make the other real failure to reach the "lost" class, was the disbelief of.

religion that permitted men, women and children to starve while others rolled in luxury, the Salvation Army workers began their labor of furnishing food and clothing to those who had no other source of supply.

One of the dogmas of the Salvation Army is "He that will not work, neither shall he eat." Their wood yards and other establishments where the unemployed can earn a meal without losing self-respect have done much to reform the wilfully and viciously loafing element which is a menace to good order in our larger cities.

Their farms and factories have done much to redeem many who had become indifferent because they could not earn enough to support a family. And the very members of the great organization were encouraged to work at some trade during the day, devoting their evenings—often late into the night—to the work of the regeneration of others.

From the very beginning of the war the Salvation Army has been "on the job" at the front. In many cases they have been nearer to the front lines than those of any other organization. Some of the Salvation Army workers have been wounded by enemy shells, while most of them have been under fire, sometimes for days at a time.

They administer creature comforts to the men coming out of the trenches, and their preaching is usually confined to the "word in season" instead of long-winded harangues, so that the man who is given a bit of religious advice along with a hot doughnut and a cup of steaming coffee is apt to appreciate it more than he would a sermon or a tract without the accompanying "means of grace" from a field kitchen.

The Salvation Army has received little aid from any government in the prosecution of its work. But it has none the less carried on its labors as energetically as if it had the combined treasuries of the allied nations behind it. The belief of the Salvation Army is that funds will be always forthcoming when needed, and their faith has never been betrayed.

Just now a campaign is being carried on for funds to help the Salvation Army help our men. It is actually for our own that we are contributing to this worthy work. The Salvation Army gets nothing out of it, except the certainty of the crown of rejoicing which all of them expect when their earthly labors are over.

Their has been a work carried on without any flourish of trumpets. The workers themselves are mostly of humble origin, and they do not care whether their names appear in the list of workers in any society column, nor are they asking for any recognition at the hands of any government or human organization. They merely ask for more funds with which to carry on the great work they have been doing so unostentatiously.

It is little to ask for. Theirs is the self-denying work which carries cheer to the very gates of hell, and which greets the men upon their return from the trenches with a cup of hot coffee and a bite of food. The Salvation Army is non-sectarian, it has no distinction of race, color or creed, and it does its work in the Master's name, without hope of earthly reward.

DISTRICT COURT IN LAREDO BEGINNING OCTOBER 7TH

GRAND JURY FOR THE TERM HAS BEEN SUMMONED.

Court Will Be in Session Here for Sixteen Weeks, Divided Into Two Terms of Eight Weeks Each.

The regular fall term of district court for Webb county in the Fortyninth Judicial District will be convened at the county courthouse in this city on the morning of Monday, October 7, at 9 o'clock by District Judge J. F. Mullally and will continue in session for eight weeks, at the end of which time the second consecutive term will be convened on the following Monday.

The following is a list of the grand jurors summoned to appear in the court on Monday morning, October 7, from which the grand jury for the term will be empaneled: August C. Richter, Marcelino I. Martin, R. E. Welhausen, M. T. Coxley, M. A. Hirsch, P. J. McMahon, C. M. Fish, H. P. Valdez, Reuben W. Davis, Louis R. Ortiz, Steve Simon, Leopoldo Villegas, B. B. Alexander, J. E. Hill and C. C. Biggio.

On next Monday morning, September 30, the regular term of the district court will be convened at Carrizo, Zapata county, and continue in session for one week. The officers of the court, consisting of District Judge Mullally, District Attorney Valls and Court Reporter Wilcox leave here tomorrow via the auto route for Zapata county to be on hand for the opening of the week's term of district court there on Monday morning.

Great Faith in Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy.

"Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy was used by my father about a year ago when he had diarrhoea. It relieved him immediately and by taking three doses he was absolutely cured. He has great faith in this remedy," writes Mrs. W. H. Williams, Stanley, N. Y.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

"PERSHING'S CRUSADERS" ON AND DRAWING LARGE CROWDS

GREAT PATRIOTIC PICTURE SHOWING AT ROYAL TODAY.

Crowds Thronged the Theater This Afternoon to See it and House Will Be Crowded Again Tonight.

The big spectacular picture in eight reels, "Pershing's Crusaders," or "Following the Flag to France," is on at the Royal Theater today and tonight and thousands of Laredo people will crowd the spacious opera house building to see this great picture taken by the American army and navy photographers and the official photographers of the French army.

This picture begins with the severance of relations by the United States with Germany, the call to arms, the response to the call, the mobilizations in the various military posts and cantonments, the training of the fighting men of both the army and navy, including the aeronautic branches of both services, the tank marines, the signal corps, the sub-marines, the artillery, infantry, cavalry, the scenes at the naval training schools, the nation's leviathans of the deep, in fact everything that goes to the make-up of the American army and navy.

Then the transportation of our fighting forces to foreign ports is shown, together with their arrival "over there," the training behind the fighting lines, the Americans in the trenches, on the firing line, etc., and then it shows the mettle of which Americans are made when he goes after the Huns. The spectacular picture is on at the Royal this afternoon and will be shown also tonight, and the indications are that the place will be crowded to its utmost capacity at all shows. The picture will be shown here today and tonight only.

HUNTERS ARE PERPLEXED ABOUT KILLING OF DOVES

One Law Says the Season is On When Doves Can Not Be Killed; State Law Says Season on to Kill.

Is the dove season on so that the birds can be killed, or is the dove closed season on? This is the question that has served to cause many a nimrod with his little gun and supply of shells to stop and wonder whether he will play safety in killing doves, or whether it will be safer to let the old shotgun stay where it is and let the coveys of dove stand off and laugh at him.

The federal law pertaining to the killing of doves has the closed season on, while the state law says the limit that can be bagged in a day is fifteen—the state law says twenty-five. So many of the hunters are taking a risk and going out after doves, although to play "safety first" they are bagging the minimum number of fifteen as provided under the federal law in the open season. Those who are killing doves now are doing so in accordance with information given out from Austin by the attorney general to parties in San Antonio.

MEXICO MAIL CONGESTION REPORTED FROM TWO PLACES

Nuevo Laredo and Mexico Holding Many Packages of Mail for Lack of Help to Sort and Dispatch it.

According to information contained in a local Spanish paper, which states that the information has been received by them, the postal service in Mexico at this time is evidently badly handicapped for the lack of sufficient clerical help to facilitate the distribution of certain classes of packages coming through the mail service of Mexico.

The information states that in Nuevo Laredo at this time there is a congestion of bundles of mail and that 700,000 bundles sent by mail are detained there for lack of help to assist in the assorting and distribution of the bundle mail for dispatch. The information also states that a similar condition to that existing in Nuevo Laredo also exists in Mexico City, as there are 120,000 packages and bundles detained there for the same reasons. The postal authorities of Nuevo Laredo, it is said, have issued an appeal to the Mexican postoffice department for authority to employ the necessary help to assist in relieving the congestion and sending the mail matter on its way.

Feast of Tabernacle.

The feast of Tabernacle will be fittingly observed tomorrow at the Y. M. H. A. hall. Services will be held at 10 a. m. and at 8:30 an informal evening will be had.

Still Has Onion Seed.

Wm. Schultz, Chris Reuter's representative, still has some onion seed ready to deliver. If interested please phone 516. NO WAX. 9-26-tf.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATHARRH MEDICINE. FRANK J. CHENEY. Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1918. A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public. Hall's Catharrh Medicine is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. Send for testimonials free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

THE VARIOUS COMMITTEES FOR DRIVE ARE ANNOUNCED

State Council of Defense Branch in Webb County Name Committees for Fourth Liberty Bond Drive.

The Webb County branch of the Texas State Council of Defense acting as an executive committee for the Fourth Liberty Loan, made the following appointments yesterday:

Chairman of Ward Committee:—Ward No. 1, R. A. Miller; Ward No. 2, Ira O'Meara; Ward No. 3, L. M. Purwin; Ward No. 4, Sam Mackin. Allotment Committee.—R. K. Mims, G. P. Farias, Sam Brown, B. G. Salinas.

Soliciting Committee on Allotment of \$5,000 or More.—J. R. Moore, A. M. Bruni, A. C. Richter, Leo M. Purwin. Clean-Up Committee.—A. Deutz, chairman.

Soliciting Committee on Non-Resident Corporations and Land Owners.—W. L. Gulyer.

The above named chairmen will select their own committees and organize for work Monday morning, September 30th. Allotment cards are prepared and will be furnished to all solicitors. It is expected that the allotment committee will have their work completed by Friday night.

Members of men's ward committees appointed to report to their respective ward chairmen:

Ward No. 1—J. W. Brewster, Gus Becker, W. B. Heaner, J. S. Westbrook, L. A. Lafon, G. W. Sprague, M. P. Cullinan, S. E. Leonard, G. C. Hiatt, Ed. Sanchez.

Ward No. 2—Clarence Jefferies, Paul W. Evans, Mrs. Ira O'Meara. Ward No. 3—G. R. Weber, H. G. Earnest, S. Copeland, R. L. Puster, S. Dixon, J. N. Worsham, J. R. Garcia, L. Joseph, J. S. Bourrou.

Ward No. 4—E. Denike, S. E. Wood, P. A. Kerr, C. N. Idar, J. B. Morton. Women's Committee National Council of Defense has made the following appointments for the Fourth Liberty Loan:—Mrs. C. S. McKinney, chairman; Mrs. G. R. Weber, vice-chairman.

Advisory Committee.—M. T. Cogley, chairman; L. A. Lafon, Wm. Brennan, L. Villegas.

Chairmen of Ward Committees:—Ward No. 1, Mrs. E. R. Tarver; Ward No. 2, Mrs. E. J. Foster; Ward No. 3, Mrs. I. Goodman; Ward No. 4, Mrs. Aug. C. Richter. Allotment Committee.—Mrs. R. A. Millar, chairman; Mrs. Wilmer Threadgill, Mrs. H. M. Austin, Mrs. Ira O'Meara.

Soliciting Committee on Allotment of \$5,000 or More.—Mrs. L. M. Purwin, chairman; Mrs. R. L. Puster, Mrs. I. Goodman. Over the Top Committee.—Mrs. Hugh Cluck, Mrs. A. S. J. Tucker, Mrs. Witting.

Soliciting Committee on Non-Resident Corporations.—Mrs. F. A. Lattig. Committee on Rallies and Speaking at Parks.—Dr. Helene Kenney, chairman; Mrs. F. W. Mally, Mrs. C. M. Fish.

Central Finance Committee.—Mrs. A. H. Camp, chairman; Miss M. Byerley, Miss Emma Wright. Publicity Committee.—Mrs. John T. Halsell, chairman; Miss Amar Penn, Miss Minnie Burr, Mrs. R. B. Lee, Mrs. Harry Johnston.

The above named chairmen will select their own committees and so perfect their organizations as to be ready for work Monday morning, September 30th. Allotment cards are prepared and will be furnished to all solicitors. It is expected that the allotment committee will have their work completed by Friday night.

Membership of Women Ward Committee's appointed to report to their respective ward chairmen:

Ward No. 1—Mrs. Rex Tarver, chairman; captain, Mrs. O. Guinn; assistant Capt., Mrs. Cullinan; Asst., Mrs. Charlie Richter; Capt., Mrs. Mason; Asst., Mrs. Anderson; Capt., Mrs. W. Arkles.

Ward No. 2—Mrs. Edmond Foster, chairman; Capt., Mrs. J. C. Martin; Asst., Capt., Mrs. H. S. Garlick; Asst., Mrs. Morton; Capt., Mrs. A. R. Vidaurri; Asst., Capt., Mrs. T. A. Leyendecker.

Ward No. 3—Mrs. I. Goodman, chairman; Capt., Mrs. Jefferies; Asst., Capt., Mrs. Shelly; Asst., Mrs. Ira O'Meara; Capt., Mrs. L. J. Christ; Asst., Mrs. C. Eiggio; Asst., Mrs. R. McComb; Capt., Mrs. Hall; Asst., Mrs. L. Lafon; Capt., Mrs. L. Daiches; Asst., Mrs. Ed Russell; Capt., Mrs. Witting; Asst., Mrs. Galbraith; Asst., Mrs. Barlow.

Ward No. 4—Mrs. Aug. C. Richter, chairman; Capt., Mrs. R. P. Woodard; Asst., Miss L. Murphy; Asst., Miss J. Leyendecker; Capt., Mrs. W. N. Young; Asst., Mrs. J. Wilson; Asst., Mrs. Briscoe; Capt., Mrs. Sam Mackin; Asst., Miss Marie Mowry; Asst., Miss Ethel Mackin; Asst., Dr. A. Thaisson.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATHARRH MEDICINE. FRANK J. CHENEY. Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1918. A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public. Hall's Catharrh Medicine is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. Send for testimonials free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills for constipation.



Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt Society Editor

Phone 70 Phone 43

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Saturday. The Busy Bees will have a called meeting at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon at the home of Lois and Dorothy Derby.

The Red Cross Hospital Room will be open from 4 until 6 o'clock in the afternoon with Mrs. W. W. MacGregor in charge, for the accommodation of the knitters. Dance at the Soldiers Club in the evening.

Sunday. The Epworth League of the Methodist Church will meet at the church at 6:30 in the evening. The Christian Endeavor of the Presbyterian Church will hold its regular weekly meeting at the church at 7 o'clock in the evening.

The B. Y. P. U. Senior and Junior will hold their regular weekly meeting at the Creath Memorial Baptist Church, at 6:45 in the evening. The Christian Endeavor of the Christian Church will meet at the church at 7:00 in the evening.

Monday. The Sunbeam Band of the Baptist Church will hold their regular weekly meeting at the church at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. The Woman's Club will entertain with their regular weekly "At Home" for the soldier boys and their friends in the evening.

This May Interest You. The Times desires all social items of interest and cordially invites its readers to supply such news to the society editor. Send or phone all items about weddings, parties, visitors, dinners, receptions, bazaars, children's parties, etc. If you are leaving town or returning, or have visitors arriving or departing, The Times will be glad to know it. While names will not be used all written communications must be signed. This is imperative to prevent imposition. Phone all society communications to the Society Editor of The Times at No. 70 between 7 and 8 o'clock in the morning and 5 and 8:30 in the evening.

The Rivers of France. The rivers of France are ten score and twain. But five are the names we know: The Marne, the Vesle, the Ourcq, and the Aisne, And the Somme of the swampy flow.

The rivers of France, from source to the sea, Are nourished by many a rill. But these five, if ever a drought there be, The fountains of sorrow would fill.

The rivers of France shine silvery white, But the waters of five are red With the richest blood, in the fiercest fight For Freedom, that ever was shed.

The rivers of France sing soft as they run, But five have a song of their own. That hymns the fall of the arrogant one And the proud cast down from his throne.

The rivers of France all quietly take To sleep in the house of their birth, But the carnadined wave of five shall break On the uttermost strands of Earth.

Five rivers of France, see their names are writ On a banner of crimson and gold, And the glory of those who fashioned it Shall nevermore cease to be told. —H. J. M. in Westminster Gazette.

General Mention. Mr. and Mrs. L. R. Ortiz and little son, Master Joe, arrived home yesterday after spending the summer away. They spent most of the time in various parts of California.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Hill of Webb spent the day in the city yesterday.

Mrs. Agnes Huberich is expected home today from a several months' delightful visit to Mr. Henry Deutz in Moorestown, New Jersey. While in the east Mrs. Huberich visited in New York City, Ocean Grove, Atlantic City and other points. She was accompanied home by Mrs. Max Deutz, who went north with her.

Dr. May Foster returned home yesterday from a pleasant stay in Corpus Christi.

Mr. and Mrs. S. W. De Wolf are in Dallas visiting Mrs. Wood and Mrs. Patterson.

Mr. Pablo Escandon and daughters, Mrs. Sarandof and little daughter,

ST. LOUIS COLLEGE

WEST END, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

Boarding and Day School for Boys and Young Men. Preparatory, Business, High School, Collegiate Courses. Chartered by the State of Texas to Confer Degrees.

Excellent location, experienced teachers, thorough courses, small classes, complete laboratory equipment, spacious campuses and tennis courts, splendid outdoor natatorium.

The only boarding school in Southwest Texas having a special department for small boys. Visitors are always welcome. For illustrated catalogue apply to

REV. JAMES P. CANNING, S. M., President. College reopens September 4, 1918.

and Mrs. Iturbide returned yesterday from a several months' stay in Corpus Christi. Miss Rubio and Miss Davila were also in the party.

Miss Mary Hall and Miss Helen Richter expect to leave Sunday night for Washington, D. C., to enter the National Park Seminary.

The many friends of Mr. A. C. Hamilton will be pleased to learn that he is improving rapidly and will soon return home.

Dr. H. C. Hall arrived in the city yesterday morning for a short stay.

Mr. and Mrs. James H. Winch have returned home from El Paso, where they spent some time visiting relatives and friends.

Mrs. D. D. Davis and daughters, Misses Hyacinth and Hannah, of Dolores are guests at the Hamilton.

Mrs. E. Z. Uzzell has returned from San Antonio, where she has been visiting her son for the past two weeks.

Mr. Earnest Biskamp has joined the Naval Aviation branch of service and has gone to Austin to enter the University until he is called.

Judge and Mrs. Hal W. Greer and little grandsons, expect to leave on Sunday morning. Mrs. Greer will go to Houston and then to Beaumont and Sulphur, La., before returning home, and Judge Greer will go on to Texarkana, with the boys to meet their mother.

Announcement.

Boy Scouts of Troop No. 2 and Junior Scouts are requested to be present at the Scout headquarters at 6:45 this evening at which time they will accompany Scout Master Craig to the Royal Theatre.

War medals won by the Scouts in the last Liberty Loan Campaign will be presented this evening during an intermission, Mr. Ira O'Meara making a short address.

Red Cross Notes.

The San Agustin Red Cross Knitting Circle held a very pleasant meeting yesterday afternoon with Mrs. J. R. Rodriguez. The ladies turned in their completed quota of sweaters. This little band of knitters has been organized but a short time, but has entered into the Red Cross work with enthusiasm.

The meeting day is Friday afternoon of each week. Quite a peculiar incident happened at one of their meetings, that will bear repeating. Friday, September 13th, General John J. Pershing's birthday, the day our gallant troops made their initial advance and penetrated 13 miles into territory occupied by the foe, and took 13,000 prisoners, this small circle of knitters was gathered together busily working on sweaters for our faraway men. The day and the outcome of the day was discussed, and, glancing around, the chairman discovered that there were 13 knitters making their needles fly on 13 sweaters. Then you talk about the strangeness of things in this old world of ours; who knows but some of those very same intrepid fighters will be clothed in these self-same sweaters? Those present at the meeting yesterday afternoon were Mesdames Atlee E. S. Vidaurri, Mendiola, Puig, and Mrs. Rodriguez.

Story Telling Hour.

The children of the Heights met yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock at the home of Mrs. M. P. Cullinan for the usual story-telling hour. Mrs. E. Rex Tarver, Mrs. E. A. Anderson and Mrs. Cullinan entertained the children very delightfully with a number of interesting stories. Miss Evelyn Ryan at the piano played a number of patriotic songs which the children enjoyed singing. It was also decided that the members would adopt a French orphan and would contribute to its support by money earned by their own efforts. A romp was also enjoyed at the conclusion of the program. About 25 children were present.

The Quota Completed.

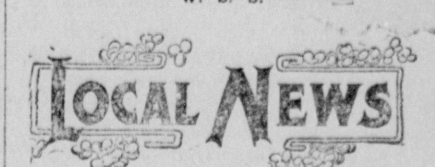
The quota for the Refugee Garment Unit is completed, packed and ready for shipment to headquarters at St. Louis. The work has been done by the Presbyterian, Baptist and Methodist aid societies and various circles. Those in charge of these circles are Mesdames C. Jefferies, Horace Hamlin, Frank Nye and Mrs. W. B. Heaner for the Child Welfare Circle on the Heights. Donations have been received from the following: Baptist ladies on the Heights, Miss Laura Mudd's class, Mrs. W. D. Butler for Swastika Camp Fire Girls, Mrs. Alfred Poggenpohl for Blue Bird

Chapter and Mrs. F. Wormer for "Uncle Sam's Willing Workers." This work was done so cheerfully and this has been appreciated.

"Only the Master shall praise, And only the Master shall blame; And no one shall work for money, And no one shall work for fame. But each for the joy of working, And each in his separate star Shall draw the thing as he sees it, For the God of things as they are." Let us continue in the good work, for all we can do is needed.

Mrs. Hal W. Greer, Chairman.

W. S. S.



—Francisco Bolanos, who was arrested yesterday on a charge of bootlegging, was given an examining hearing before Justice of the Peace Benavides and bound over to the district court grand jury in the sum of \$2,000, which he has failed to give and will languish in the county bastille until his case is disposed of in the district court—then he may go back to jail, or worse.

—The campaign for the Fourth Liberty Bond issue started today and the Webb county soliciting committees are hard at work to raise the quota of \$523,900 allotted as the quota of Webb county. This bond issue is for six billion dollars. Make up your mind the extent of your subscription and don't delay the committee in its work when it calls upon you.

—The rector and members of Christ Church will conduct the services at the Army Y. M. C. A. next Wednesday evening at 8:30 o'clock.

—Many people are laboring under the false impression that the time will be changed back to the old standard on October 1. This is a mistake. The time will not change until October 27, the last Sunday in that month. This is in accordance with the act of congress, which established the daylight saving plan.

—The importations through this port from Mexico this morning totaled forty-six carloads, divided as follows: Twelve carloads of lead, two carloads of iron, thirteen carloads of calamine, seven carloads of lime, four carloads of fibre, four carloads of henequen, one carload of skins and one carload of garlic.

—"Lead the way they fight," should be the slogan of every loyal American. If you can not go "over there" to fight the battles of your country against the fiend who would subjugate the world to his autocratic rule, then go down in your purse and subscribe liberally for Liberty Bonds that the wherewith to help the boys fight your battles for you will be provided.

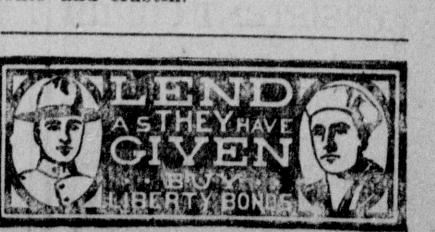
—It is all right to talk patriotism, but it is a whole lot better to show your patriotism by either getting on the firing line or buying Liberty Bonds to help those who are already there. Get ready to do your share!

—In the show window of A. Deutz & Bro's. store is a very interesting patriotic display, showing a port with tugboats at the dock, a submarine in the harbor, the statue of Liberty, soldiers and Marines and Uncle Sam. There are also miniature cannon, machine guns, etc., on display, and as a whole the display is attracting much attention.

—There will be a game of base ball at Caliche Park tomorrow afternoon between the Post Hospital and Laredo teams. The soldier boys have a good team together and the Laredos are expecting a hard tussle from the hospital aggregation. Go out and see the game and encourage good baseball in Laredo.

—Vicente Vargas, who was summoned to appear before the exemption board under a former draft but failed to respond, has returned from Mexico and presented himself to the local board ready to don the uniform. His brother, Nicolas Vargas, is now in France with the American forces and it is the desire of Vicente to go there also.

—Lieut. Poponoe of the surgeon general's department, law enforcement division, arrived here this morning from Brownsville by auto accompanied by Dr. H. C. Hall, in charge of the bureau of venereal diseases. They are on a trip of inspection of military posts and will leave tomorrow night on their way to San Antonio and Austin.



Established
June 14, 1881.

Laredo Weekly Times.

Laredo, Texas. — The Future
Great Railroad Centre and Grand
Gateway of International Com-
merce.

VOL. XXXVIII.

LAREDO, TEXAS, SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1918—TWELVE PAGES.

NO. 18.

HERE'S A BEAUTIFUL LINE OF DRESSES

In The New

"Stylish Stouts"

--for large women who
have had so much dif-
ficulty in obtaining ultra-
style at a sensible price.

Serges
Silks
Jerseys

From
\$18.75
To **\$45**

— Every desired shade for fall.
— All of the latest style ideas to be found in
regular sizes.
— Sizes from 38 1/2 to 46 1/2.

RICHTERS

Laredo's One-Price Department Store

THE PRICE YOU PAY

THE INCREASED PRICE OF GOOD CLOTHES IS
PROPORTIONATELY LESS THAN FOR THOSE
OF QUESTIONABLE QUALITY. BY GOOD
CLOTHES WE MEAN PURE WOOL CLOTHES
TAILORED TO OUR ORDER — THE KIND THAT

Real economy consists in paying
the price of quality.
Yet our hundreds of weaves in
pure wool and worsted for tail-
ored suits and overcoats are price-
surprises.

EXAMINE THE SUITS THAT WE HAVE ON
DISPLAY. YOU'LL FIND THE QUALITY TO
WHICH YOU ARE ACCUSTOMED, OR HAVE
ALWAYS PREFERRED, AT A PRICE THAT
YOU WILL WILLINGLY PAY.

I. ALEXANDER

CLOTHIER AND FURNISHER

Consult Us If You Need Glasses.

Those who want the
most accurate optical
service to be found will
secure it here.



The right glasses for
your eyes—glasses that
will give your eyes aid
and comfort.

LAREDO OPTICAL CO.

The only optical house in Laredo
with a grinding plant.

516 Flores Ave. opposite City Hall.

CONCENTRATION OF AMERICAN FORCES WAS CAUSE OF COLLAPSE OF BULGARIA

Elimination of Bulgaria Would Foreshadow the Isolation of Turkey and the Possible Re-entry of Rumania into the War, Said General March—Bulgarian Minister Believes It Settled.

WANT PEACH STONES.

By Associated Press.

Chicago, Sept. 28.—The prune pit and peach stone drive for greater supplies of gas masks as requested by General Pershing is making splendid headway in the Central West, according to officials of the Red Cross here.

It is declared that 500,000 tons of fruit stones, nut shells and seeds are needed each month to make charcoal for soldiers' gas masks. Only about 50,000 tons were obtained before the drive opened.

Along State street here are red, white and blue barrels into which are being placed large quantities of pits and shells daily.

TEXAS MEN IN ARMY.

By Associated Press.

Austin, Texas, Sept. 28.—Through the process of the Selective Service, 114,218 men have been inducted into the army from Texas, according to figures compiled by Major Townes, supervisor of the Texas selective service. Of this number 81,927 were whites and 32,291 negroes.

It is estimated, however, that the state has supplied 200,000 men for the army, as the above figures do not include 15,000 men of the old Texas National Guard and 16,000 men of the new National Guard. They bring the total up to 187,660 without considering those who have volunteered for the navy and marine corps.

CAPITALIZED EARTHQUAKE.

By Associated Press.

Washington, Sept. 28.—How the American Red Cross in Italy is capitalizing an earthquake by using part of the wreckage of the 1915 disaster at Avezzano and Sora to construct a badly needed day nursery at the latter place, is told in a cable to National Headquarters in Washington. No new building material being available, the Red Cross collected enough bricks, timber and metals from the ruins of Sora, for a building to care for 400 babies while their mothers are attending to harvest duties.

The earthquake of 1915 practically wiped out Avezzano and Sora. The people have been trying to live in the debris of their homes and many of them are destitute.

HID CHURCH BELLS.

By Associated Press.

Surich, Sept. 28.—Several Roman Catholic priests, together with leading members of their congregations, have been imprisoned by the Germans because they concealed church bells to prevent their confiscation by the German military authorities, Warsaw papers report. None of the prisoners have been brought to trial. They were merely told that they would have to remain in jail until the bells were found.

Some years ago Paderewski, the pianist, gave a magnificent bell to the church at Kansas. This the Austrians have requisitioned to the intense indignation of the parishioners.

HAD MURDEROUS JOY.

Paris, Sept. 28.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press)—First Lieutenant Rene Fonck, of the French air service, is officially credited with the destruction of 60 enemy planes, although he has actually forced down 97 since his first flight, August 6, 1916. Fonck used one machine in shooting down fifty of the German airplanes.

"I have had the joy, the murderous joy, of having killed 67 crews," Fonck wrote recently, "and I must confess that no nightmares disturb my sleep. The more I kill of these assassins the happier I shall be and the more convinced that I have worked not only for France but for humanity."

"The only thing to use with the Boche is force."

By Associated Press.

Washington, Sept. 28.—The impending collapse of Bulgaria is the direct result of the concentration of American forces on the western front, said General March today. The elimination of Bulgaria, should a separate peace be granted, would foreshadow the isolation of Turkey and the possible re-entry of Rumania into the war, said General March. The effect of these events on the grand strategy of the war was obvious, he added.

Bulgaria Out of the War.

Washington, Sept. 28.—Bulgaria is out of the war, is the opinion of Stephen Fanterio, the Bulgarian minister here. He believes that his country is definitely determined to abandon the alliance with Germany and Austria.

Not Impulsive Act.

Paris, Sept. 28.—Bulgaria's offer of peace to the allies was the result of a meeting here Monday attended by all political leaders in Bulgaria, including Vasell Radoslavoff, the liberal leader, and members of the cabinet. It was not, as the Germans pretend, an impulsive act of Premier Malinoff, say despatches received here.

London Receives Notice.

London, Sept. 28.—The official statement today says that a Bulgarian statement dated September 24 announced that Bulgaria has initiated a proposition for obtaining an armistice and peace.

Americans Overran Germans.

With the Americans at Verdun, Sept. 28.—The Americans overran the

CHAIRMAN OF WOMEN MADE EARNEST PLEA

CALLS UPON WOMEN OF SOUTH- WEST TO WORK FOR SUC- CESS OF LIBERTY LOAN.

Special to The Times.

Dallas, Texas, Sept. 28.—Dr. May Agnes Hopkins of Dallas, who has rendered medical attention to a total of about 800 wounded soldiers in France, recently sent to the women of the Southwest this message: "If any of you feel that we men and women who are over here are of value, let me tell you that you are a hundred times more valuable, for you are the ones that have made it all possible."

Are you living up to that high standard that a woman like this ascribes to you? Women of the Southwest, we must live up to those ideals which these brave men and women credit us with. They feel that we are worth fighting and suffering for; they feel it a privilege to fight and suffer for us. Do let us try to be worthy of them. If we denied ourselves every luxury, if we lived upon bread and water, we could not be really worthy of all this sacrifice. But at least let us try to be as little unworthy as possible while these men and women are fighting, struggling, bleeding, even dying that we may be secure from harm. Let us at least forget our petty vanities, our selfish pleasures, and lend to the Liberty Loan to the point where we do not know where the money is coming from. Let us work to sell bonds until we are exhausted, if need be, for even then we shall have done as nothing compared with what they have suffered and accomplished. Most earnestly I appeal to your hearts, to your sense of citizenship, to lend and work for the Liberty Loan as you have never lent or worked before."

Mrs. E. B. Reppert, Federal Reserve Chairman National Woman's Liberty Loan Committee.

Germans in yesterday's operations along the line held by an American corps. The enemy attempted to stand on a line running through Sulz. The Americans pushed ahead and by an early hour captured the town and pressed forward as far as Fayel. Observers reported that enemy movements northward had been detected, the Germans moving from Montfaucon to Mantilly, and that fires were blazing at many points.

Back to Hindenburg Line.

With the Americans at Verdun, Sept. 28.—With their backs to the outer edge of the Hindenburg line, the Germans today were fighting desperately in an endeavor to bring the American advance to a definite halt. The Germans are increasing their force, indicating their determination to resist to the uttermost.

Americans Take Russian Towns.

Achanzel, Sept. 28.—American troops who are taking part in operations in virtually all sectors on the northern Russian front have captured several villages as the result of fighting in which the Americans co-operated, the British and Russians taking many more places in the last ten days along the Dvina in an advance of over 50 miles.

French Offensive Continues.

Paris, Sept. 28.—In a successful continuation of the offensive east of Argonne the French have captured the village of Sommepey and advanced about four miles. The heights north of Fontaine-en-Dormois have also been taken with additional prisoners. The fighting continues.

Another Allied Attack.

Paris, Sept. 28.—Allied troops began an attack on the front of Ypres today. The advance at some points has been over two and a half miles. The attack is being made by the Belgian army and is on the larger part south of the North Sea. One thousand prisoners have already been taken. Heavy fighting is taking place between Dixmude and Ypres. Further north the French gained ground northeast of Sancy, capturing 15 prisoners. A German counter attack north of Altemant was repulsed.

British Resumed Battle.

Paris, Sept. 28.—British forces resumed the battle before Cambrai at daybreak. Today they are reported to have captured the villages of Fontaine-Notre Dame, Cantlaign, Noyelles and Sailly.

British Captured Arieux.

With the British in France, Sept. 28.—British forces today captured Arieux, five miles southeast of Douai.

Reach Douai-Cambrai Road.

London, Sept. 28.—Canadian troops pursued their way through Haynescourt, and have reached the Douai-Cambrai road.

British Captured 10,000.

London, Sept. 28.—Ten thousand prisoners have been captured by the British in their offensive in the Cambrai area, and 200 guns were also taken. The towns of Epinoi and Oisy-le-Verger have been captured.

Serbiens Captured Veles.

London, Sept. 28.—The city and fortress of Veles, one of the important bases of the Bulgarian forces in southern Serbia, has been captured by Serbians. The Serbian forces keep pushing on from Veles toward Uskub. The troops defending Veles were taken prisoners.

Japanese Took Town.

London, Sept. 28.—Japanese cavalry have occupied Zeyaristan, 85 miles north of Blagovestchenk in the region northwest of Vladivostok.

STATEMENT OF THE LAREDO NATIONAL BANK LAREDO, TEXAS.

At the Close of Business, August 31, 1918, as rendered to the Comptroller of the Currency
CONDENSED.

RESOURCES	LIABILITIES
Loans and Discounts.....\$1,384,568.18	Capital Stock.....\$200,000.00
United States Bonds.....336,349.00	Surplus Fund.....100,000.00
Other Bonds and Securities.....23,063.03	Undivided Profits, net.....141,488.67
Stock in Federal Reserve Bank.....9,000.00	Circulation.....200,000.00
Redemption Fund with U. S. Treasurer.....10,000.00	Other Liabilities.....3,704.24
Bank Building, Furniture and Fixtures.....55,000.00	Deposits.....1,868,339.85
War Saving Certificates.....2,654.10	
Cash and Exchange.....692,908.45	
Total.....\$2,513,532.76	Total.....\$2,513,532.76

R. M. Alexander, Vice-Pres. J. K. Beretta, President
Sam W. Brown, Cashier M. W. Brennan, Asst. Cashier
A. L. Vidaurri, Asst. Cashier



MAKE HOME HAPPY WITH A GLOWING NEW HEATER. ENJOY THE COMFORT OF SITTING AROUND A HANDSOME, WARM STOVE. OUR HEATERS WILL HOLD THE FIRE OVER NIGHT, SO THAT YOU ONLY NEED TO MAKE A FEW TWISTS AND POUR IN SOME COAL TO QUICKLY HAVE A HOT FIRE.

"FIRE OUT" YOUR OLD STOVE AND "FIRE UP" A NEW ONE.

WE SELL WAR SAVINGS STAMPS.

A. DEUTZ & BROTHER

ELGIN

WALTHAM

MILITARY WATCHES

are now extensively used by our boys over there. A watch that comes from Daiches will give satisfactory and enduring service. These watches have proven by actual tests that they are qualified to render time-keeping qualities such as required by the military.

L. Daiches

The Jeweler

GRUEN

OMEGA

GOOD MATERIAL, honest work-
manship, and careful attention to
sanitary conditions make your plumbing a
source of pleasure.

In "Standard"
fixtures you get
guaranteed mat-
terials—you run no
risk. And in our
service you receive
the results of ex-
perience, skill, and
an honest desire to
furnish plumbing of
unequalled quality.



JOSEPH NETZER HARDWARE CO.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

The Reliable Playhouse, The Unique that affords
to its patrons security and comfort
BEST MUSIC, BEST FILM SERVICE
TODAY.

"PERSHING'S CRUSADERS," the first official war film of the United States, taken by U. S. Signal Corps and Navy photographers, and the French general staff.

See how the money you subscribed for Liberty Bonds is being used to organize and equip the greatest army of free men that ever sprang from American soil.

Prices 15c and 25c.

From Friday's Daily.

BULGARIA'S SITUATION.

The news of the allied successes in Macedonia has caused such consternation in Bulgaria that King Ferdinand has asked Von Mackensen to take command of the Bulgarian army in the hope that the German leader will be able to stem the advance of the allies and prevent the invasion of Bulgaria.

Bulgaria is now beginning to feel the effects of her treachery to the other Balkan nations, and the Bulgarian people are holding pacifist meetings and threatening an overthrow of the present ministry and a change in their relations with foreign nations—meaning, of course, that they are ready to betray their erstwhile Teutonic allies for the sake of saving their own hides.

But the Rumanians, and above all, the Serbians and Montenegrins, are not apt to accept this offer of pacific relations while they still remember the horrors of the Bulgarian outrages when, backed by the German forces, the Bulgars were enabled to gain a momentary advantage over their neighbors.

Neither will the other allied nations be willing to forego the opportunity of chastising Bulgaria, in order that the proper peace terms may be secured from that treacherous nation, and that she may not continue to aid Germany in her attempt to dominate the world.

Insolent because of her victories in the Balkan war, Bulgaria quarreled with Greece and Serbia and the result was the second Balkan war. And now that both Serbia and Greece are among the allied nations which are driving Bulgaria to the wall, it is not likely that any pacifist attempts on the part of the defeated Bulgarians will meet with consideration.

Even the German atrocities pale into insignificance alongside those of the Bulgarians against the unfortunate Serbians, and later against the Rumanians. The latter had made peace with Germany and her allies, yet the Bulgarians were permitted to have their own way when they entered the Rumanian capital. Nothing was too harsh for the Bulgarians to inflict upon the Rumanians, and if the latter country should re-enter the war on the side of the allies the retaliation will be severe.

King Ferdinand is finding that victory is inclining to the side of the Entente, and he wants—like all the thrifty Germans—to get in on the winning side and have a share in the booty. But his treachery is now only too apparent to the Entente allies, and he is not above suspicion by the Germans.

Should the Bulgarian people decline to carry the war further against the allies, what will be the effect upon Ferdinand? Will the Bulgarians be content to remain under German tutelage and ruled by a German prince, while they are forced to pay the cost of a war into which they were seduced by German promises?

Rumania has suffered severely at the hands of Bulgaria, with whom she had no quarrel previous to the present war. Serbia has seen thousands of her sons and daughters killed, even tortured to death, by the Bulgarians. Montenegro also has a bone to pick with Bulgaria, and the Albanians have a hatred for the Bulgarians which will not cease with the peace treaty which concludes the war.

Russia aided Bulgaria to attain her independence, yet Russia was betrayed by the very people she had reason to call her friends. The same in religious faith, in race origin and in customs, the Bulgarians were the worst enemies Russia had when the fighting favored the Germans and their allies.

There is not a single country engaged in the war that has a friendly feeling for the Bulgarians. Turkey has always hated them. Austria has suffered from their false friendship, and now Germany is facing betrayal at their hands. None of the Entente allies have reason to feel friendly toward the Ishmael race of the Balkans, and there is no hope of Bulgaria finding a friend at court when the peace parleys begin.

And the best interests of the Balkans demand that Bulgaria be so severely punished that she will never again be a menace to her neighbors.

THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS.

Colonel Roosevelt is of the opinion that the league of nations to be organized after the war should exclude Germany and her allies and Russia. This is a disappointing suggestion to come from the doughty colonel, whose ideas have usually had much to recommend them to the general public.

It will be necessary to include Germany, Turkey and Bulgaria in the proposed league, for if they were to be shut out they would naturally be rabid in their antagonism to the league, and it might not be long until the league were forced to fight them—at least Germany.

Naturally the idea of an alliance of any sort with the vile butchers of Prussia is repugnant to the decent peoples of the world. But for the sake of restoring peace and ensuring it for the coming years, Germany must be aligned with the other nations in the league which will make wars less probable, because less profitable.

It would be impossible for the other nations to continue making of Ger-

many an outlaw nation, and that is the only alternative to admitting her to the league of nations. The Germans would never submit to being dominated by other nations, and this is furthest from the plans of the proposed league.

But before Germany can be admitted, she must give such guarantees of a change of heart that the others will be convinced of her repentance and her willingness to lead a new life in the future.

The league of nations will be based upon reciprocity, friendship and good will. It will be based, above all, on strict truth as between nations. No treachery can be imagined upon the part of a member nation, for that would disrupt the league.

And Germany's past performances are such that she will be always open to a suspicion of treachery. Even her open and above board acts will be carefully scrutinized in order to discover the brick hidden behind her back which all will suspect her of holding.

It will take many years for Germany to live down her evil record. She has destroyed her friends, her enemies and those who could be classed as neither. She has "done those things which she ought not to have done and has left undone those things which she ought to have done." Her name is a byword and a hissing throughout the world.

With Russia it is different. The people now in power in that unfortunate country are the lowest element. They were helped to power through the treachery and the duplicity of Germany. But they will not long endure, and the real Russia will rise to new life over the ashes of the old, while in the conflagration the baser elements will be burned away and the dross removed.

Russia is as much entitled to a membership in the league as any other nation. Not because of her faults, but in spite of them. There was a day when France was as unruly, as decadent and as barbarous as the present Russia. The baser element ruled, and the good people suffered. But the sufferings of France purified her, and today she is demonstrating the nobility of her character, which was forged on the anvil of internecine strife and tempered in the blood of her innocent sons and daughters.

To hold out to Russia the hope of participating in the work of the future re-establishment of the world would be to offer an inducement for her to rid herself of the very elements which are now making her a worthy companion of the Prussian wolf.

To deny her membership in the coming league of nations would be to drive her into the arms of the Prussian militarists who will be as a modern Ishmael with their hands against the world.

For it must be understood that even the signing of peace treaties will not change the character of these "nobles" of Prussia and Bavaria. They will still long for the day when they can set their fangs in the throat of an unprotected humanity, and until those fangs are drawn they will always be a potential menace to the rest of the world.

ENTERTAINS LARGE CROWD WITH EXHIBITION AND TALK

TOMMY RYAN TOLD SOLDIER BOYS RIGHT WAY OF LIVING.

He Also Gave Some Exhibitions in the Manly Art of Self-Defense and Cautioned Boys Against Cigarettes.

The old-time middleweight champion pugilist, known to the sporting world as "Tommy Ryan," but whose real name is J. M. Juvenal, arrived in Laredo yesterday, as stated in last issue of the Times, and last night the army Y. M. C. A. building was crowded to its utmost capacity with soldiers and civilians to witness the athletic exhibitions given by the fighter (who is in his 49th year) who is making a tour of the army camps lecturing to the soldier boys on the proper way of living and encouraging physical exercises for the development of their physique.

Last night Ryan gave some interesting exhibitions in the manly art of self-defense and showed the old-time agility that made him famous in the days of John L. Sullivan, Jim Corbett, Bob Fitzsimmons and other noted fighters, and although in the middle weight class at all times, he took on some of the heavy ones purely for the love of the sport.

Tommy Ryan is the man who trained Jim Jefferies when he defeated both Corbett and Fitzsimmons, and Ryan himself held his own in a ten-round draw with "Lanky Bob." This morning at 11:30 o'clock Ryan delivered a lecture to the pupils of the high school in their auditorium and the remarks were listened to with much interest. Tonight he will give another exhibition and deliver a lecture at the "Y" and every body is invited to attend.


BELLANS

Absolutely Removes Indigestion. Druggists refund money if it fails. 25c

"HANSOM DIRECT TO BERLIN"



These British Tommies intend to ride in comfort when they begin their triumphant ride through Berlin. Of course the cab will need a little repairing. The cab was found in a ruined village which the British captured on the western front.



W.S.S.

WAR SAVINGS STAMPS
ISSUED BY THE
UNITED STATES
GOVERNMENT

IN THE DAY'S NEWS. TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS.

SEPTEMBER 27.
George H. Moses, who is slated to receive the Republican nomination for United States senator at a convention to be held in New Hampshire today to select a candidate for the seat of the late Senator Gallinger, is a native of Maine, but has been identified with public affairs in New Hampshire ever since his student days at Dartmouth, when he served as private secretary to the governor of the Granite State. For the past 20 years he has been the publisher of a newspaper at Concord. Although he has never held a elective office, Mr. Moses has figured prominently in politics and has served on several State commissions. In 1909 he was appointed United States Minister to Greece and Montenegro by President Taft, and remained at Athens until 1912. He has always been an ardent Republican, and was a close friend of Senator Gallinger.

SEPTEMBER 27.
Hon. William Pugsley, Lieutenant-Governor of New Brunswick, born in Sussex, N. B., 48 years ago today.
Ell A. Helmick, one of the new major-generals of the United States Army, born in Indiana, 55 years ago today.
Rear Admiral Robert S. Griffin, U. S. N., chief of the navy bureau of steam engineering, born at Fredericksburg, Va., 61 years ago today.
Rt. Rev. Frederick J. Kinsman, Episcopal bishop of Delaware, born at Warren, Ohio, 59 years ago today.
Thomas L. Rubey, representative in Congress of the Sixteenth Missouri district, born at Lebanon, Mo., 56 years ago today.

WAR WORKERS RETURN HOME FROM ATTENDING MEETING

Campaign for War Funds in Webb County and This Entire District Will Be Launched at Proper Time.
R. M. Alexander, district chairman, and Charles Deitz, chairman for Webb county of the United War Fund Campaign, returned home this morning from El Paso, where they were in attendance upon a meeting of several hundred of the representative and influential war workers of the state. The Laredo gentlemen will at once outline their plans for an aggressive campaign in this section.

President Wilson's letter, in which he urged the consolidation of the campaigns for war funds aggregating \$170,500,000 to support the welfare work of the seven organizations, is being utilized as one of the campaign documents of the United War Fund Campaign, whose headquarters in the Southern Department, comprising the states of Arizona, New Mexico, Texas, Oklahoma, Arkansas and Louisiana, have been established at Dallas, Texas.

The letter of the President explains what many persons have asked about. Why Catholics, Jews and Protestants will work together in a united war fund campaign. The campaign will be launched after the Fourth Liberty Loan campaign, and will begin November 11 and continue until November 18.

The agencies participating in the United War Fund campaign and the amounts to be raised are as follows:
Young Men's Christian Association, \$100,000.00
Young Women's Christian Association, \$15,000.00
War Camp Community Service, \$15,000.00
American Library Association, \$3,500.00
National Catholic War Council (the Knights of Columbus), \$30,000.00
Jewish Welfare Board, \$3,500.00
Salvation Army, \$3,500.00.

TENNESSEAN LAYS CRUTCHES ASIDE

TROUBLES OF EIGHT YEARS STANDING HAVE ENTIRELY DISAPPEARED SINCE HE TOOK TANLAC HE DECLARES.

"Before taking Tanlac I was one of the sickest men you ever saw, and today I feel as well and strong as I ever felt in my life," said Frank Jinks, living on Route 13, Martin's Mill Pike, South Knoxville, Tennessee.

"For the past eight years," he continued, "I suffered from kidney trouble and my back hurt like it would kill me. I would have such awful spells that I would have to quit work for as long as three weeks at a time. I had rheumatism too, so bad that I couldn't walk without crutches, and my feet were swollen so I couldn't put on my shoes. I suffered agonies all the time and nothing I took did me the least bit of good."

"Two weeks after I started taking Tanlac I was so much better that I laid my crutches aside and I can now walk as good as anybody. The pain in my back is gone. I have been relieved of rheumatism and feel absolutely well in every respect. I sleep like a child, my appetite is fine and everything agrees with me. I have gained ten pounds, my strength has returned and I am now back at work again and in the best of health."

Tanlac is sold in Laredo by Windrow Drug Co. (Adv.)

W. S. S. TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

SEPTEMBER 27.
1803—Rear Admiral Samuel F. Du Pont, who commanded the Federal naval force at the capture of Port Royal, S. C., born at Bergen Point, N. J., died in Philadelphia, June 23, 1865.
1809—David Stockton McDougal, the American commander who with a single ship destroyed a Japanese squadron and elicited the betteries of Shimonoseki in 1863, born in Ross county, Ohio, died in San Francisco, Aug. 7, 1882.

1849—The Hungarian rebellion collapsed with the capture of the strong fortress of Comorn by the Austrians.

1870—The French city of Orleans was occupied by the Prussians.

1879—The Marquis of Lorne opened the Dominion Industrial Exhibition at Ottawa.

1914—Russians occupied Uzsook Pass leading through the Carpathians into Hungary.

1915—French in terrific two-day battle smashed German lines in Champagne.

1916—Rumanians defeated Austrians in Northern Transylvania.

W. S. S. Notice.

We pay best cash prices for Liberty Bonds. We buy and sell stocks. Write us.

MORGAN YATTER CO.
1210 Southwestern Life Bldg.
Dallas, Texas. 8-34t

People Speak Well of Chamberlain's Tablets.

"I have been selling Chamberlain's Tablets for about two years and heard such good reports from my customers that I concluded to give them a trial myself, and can say that I do not believe there is another preparation of the kind equal to them," writes G. A. McBride, Headford, Ont. If you are troubled with indigestion or constipation give them a trial. They will do you good."

W. S. S. ONE YEAR AGO TODAY IN THE WAR.

SEPTEMBER 27.
Japanese War Mission was welcomed in New York City.

French repulsed counterattacks by the Germans at Verdun.

Secretary McAdoo announced a second Liberty Loan to be offered to the public on October 1.

W. S. S. WILL OPEN THE AMERICAN CONSULATE TORREON, MEX.

U. S. Consul H. M. Wolcott Goes There to Recopen the U. S. Consulate.

American Consul H. M. Wolcott, accompanied by his wife, arrived in Laredo yesterday afternoon and after spending the night here left this morning with Vice Consul Randolph Robertson for Monterey.

Mr. Wolcott will proceed to Torreon for the purpose of opening the American Consulate there. The consular agency at Torreon has been closed for sometime and the U. S. government has decided to establish a full consulate there, sending Consul Wolcott for that purpose.

Consul Wolcott during the years 1912 and 1913 was vice consul in the consulate general in Mexico City and under Consul General Arnold Shanklin, and therefore is no stranger to Mexico or its people. Since leaving Mexico he has been stationed at various places in Cuba, coming from Santiago, where he represented the American Government as Consul.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

PLANS HAVE BEEN ADOPTED FOR FOURTH LIBERTY LOAN

MEETING HELD AT CHAMBER OF COMMERCE LAST EVENING.

Campaign Will Open Tomorrow and From the Word "Go" to the Finish Committees Are to Keep at Work.

In response to a call by W. J. Sames, chairman of the Fourth Liberty Loan Organization of Webb County, thirty of the men and women chairmen of committees, and ward leaders under those committees, met at the Chamber of Commerce rooms at 8:30 last night for the purpose of discussing and deciding on the plans upon which the Fourth Liberty Loan drive should be conducted.

A great many details of the discussion are omitted, for the reason that the salient features and net result of the deliberations resolve themselves into one or the other of the following motions and resolutions, which were adopted unanimously.

First. That the allotment cards be assigned, jointly, to the men and women chairmen of each ward, with instructions to prorate them properly among the several men and women members of their ward committees; to make lists of the cards assigned each committeeman; to require a receipt for them and to require a report and an accounting for each such card, and finally to especially explain and insist that no salesmen or solicitor shall accept a bond sale for an amount less than that stipulated on the card for the party or parties assigned to them. That in cases of refusal to take the amount of bonds allotted, the solicitors shall report the reasons claimed to the central committee for action. Upon investigation this central committee shall decide whether the request for that amount shall be adhered to or receded from.

Second. Duplication of calls and requests for subscriptions are to be avoided under the plan adopted, that no name shall be given to more than one solicitor. Hence the fact that a solicitor has your card and asks for your subscription, is of itself evidence that no one else has it.

Third. That solicitations for subscription from business men shall be at their place of business.

Fourth. That there shall be daily report and tabulations at the Chamber of Commerce rooms, at an hour to be named later, of all sales made that day, and for the discussions of various reasons given for failure to subscribe, and for action concerning same.

Fifth. That the lists of names of parties subscribing, and the amounts subscribed, be published in the daily papers of the city, for each day's subscriptions. Also that the clock be used each day, the same as for the third liberty loan campaign, to indicate each day's sales, and the total to the date before.

There was such a general exhibition of a spirit of good will and co-operation among all leaders present, both men and women, that it was an inspiration to all who could be present, and no one who attended can feel otherwise than that the very best and most sincere earnest effort will be made, harmoniously, to put Laredo and Webb County over the top.

Mr. Sames chivalrously asked Mrs. McKinney to take charge of the meeting, but she as gracefully declined, and insisted that he preside over the deliberations for the evening.

The full personnel of the various memberships of committees will be published when perfected, within the next few days.

W. S. S. WANTED.

A clerk for my Customs Department who speaks English and Spanish and who can operate a typewriter.

E. DENIKE
9-24 St.

W. S. S. BOUND OVER TO GRAND JURY CHARGE CRIMINAL ASSAULT

Man Arrested Here Yesterday on Serious Charge Tried This Morning and Later Held Without Bail.

Margarito Esparza was arrested yesterday afternoon by Constable Marcial Zapata charged with a heinous crime which carries a severe penalty, and was placed in jail until this morning, pending an examining hearing.

This morning Esparza was arraigned before Justice Benavides charged with a statutory offense (criminal assault) and after hearing the evidence adduced at the hearing Justice Benavides bound Esparza over to the October grand jury without bail—that is, denied him bail.

W. S. S. Masonic Notice.

Called meeting of Laredo Lodge No. 547 A. F. & A. M. tonight at 8 p. m. Work in M. M. degree. All visiting brethren invited to attend.

J. A. BURNETT, W. M.

W. S. S. Investors Take Notice.

Do you want to make money? Invest in Southern Motor Manufacturing Association shares, par value \$100, payable half cash balance within 3 months. Prices will advance \$2.00 per share Oct. 1. Buy now before it is too late. Phone 1124.

GAMMA and RYAN
Hamilton Hotel, City.

CAMPAIGN WILL BE OPENED FOR THE FOURTH BOND ISSUE

WEBB COUNTY ASKED TO SUBSCRIBE \$523,900 BONDS.

It is Going to Take Some Hustling to Put This County Over the Top, But Work Will Do the Trick.

Boom! They're off! The campaign for the Fourth Liberty Bond begins tomorrow morning, and the committee in Laredo having charge of the campaign to raise Webb county's quota of \$523,900 will begin their work at sun up tomorrow and not allow any grass under their feet until after the close of the campaign on October 19. So be ready to do your part when called upon.

This is the largest quota yet given to Webb county and the committee having charge of the campaign in this county realize that they have much work to be done in raising that amount—but it must be raised and there is going to be no dilly dallying about it, either. Many of the wealthier element of Laredo and Webb county have had the amount expected from them set down in plain figures and will be asked to come across with that apportionment.

The new bond issue is the heaviest in the history of the war so far—\$6,000,000,000, and every place in the United States has been given its quota to raise, and it is greatly in excess of all previous quotas. Here in Laredo the Four-Minute-Men and others will help in the work of arousing the people to the importance of the bond issue and the duty they owe their country to subscribe, but why wait to be urged to subscribe when you know it is your duty to do your part in this respect if you are unable to do your bit in the trenches?

W. S. S. STILL HAS ONION SEED.

Wm. Schultz, Chris Reuter's representative, still has some onion seed ready to deliver.
If interested please phone 516.
NO WAX.
9-26 St.

W. S. S. FUNERAL H. A. SAUVIGNET TODAY LARGELY ATTENDED

Remains of Pioneer Resident Who Died Yesterday Tenderly Laid to Rest in Red Men's Plot Today.

The funeral of the late Henri August Sauvignet, the venerable aged citizen who died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. T. K. Hamilton, yesterday morning at 7:20 o'clock, took place from the Hamilton home this morning at 9:30 a. m. under the auspices of the I. O. R. M., with funeral service conducted by Rev. C. W. Cook of the Episcopal church and interment being made in the family burying grounds in the Red Men's plot in the city cemetery.

The funeral was largely attended and many beautiful floral tributes which were sent to the home of sorrow yesterday were mounted about the casket on all sides, mutely attesting the high esteem in which the deceased was held in the community in which he had resided for nearly forty years and reared a family whose members are among the mostly highly respected in this section. When the remains were laid to rest in the arms of Mother Earth and the grave was filled in, a mound of flowers was left to mark the last resting place of a man who will be missed not only by the members of his family, but by all Laredo as well.

The funeral services at the home were conducted by Rev. Cook, while at the grave the ritualistic funeral services of the Red Men were conducted. The following were the active pallbearers: J. A. Rodriguez, B. J. Leyendecker, Joe G. Garcia, H. B. Earnest, George R. Weber and P. Floyd.

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GAMMA and RYAN
Hamilton Hotel, City.

KEEP YOUR SHOES NEAT

2 IN 1

SHOE POLISHES

PRESERVE THE LEATHER

LIQUIDS AND PASTES
FOR BLACK, WHITE, TAN, DARK BROWN OR OX-BLOOD SHOES

THE F. F. DALLEY CORPORATION, LTD., BUFFALO, N. Y.

From Thursday's Daily.

HENRI AUGUST SAUVIGNET, OCTOGENARIAN, PASSES AWAY

HAD BEEN RESIDENT OF LAREDO THIRTY-NINE YEARS.

During His Life Here He Established Ice Factory, Was in Onion Business and Withal a Good Citizen.

When one has lived his span of life and eventually reaches the stage of an octogenarian and realizes that the inevitable is near, and can then look back on the past and find no act for which there can be any regret, but whose conscience is clear of any intentional wrong, how sweet must be the passing of the subtle shadow that closes one's eyes to the living world and opens it on that realm where the righteous find a reward of rest awaiting them when the evening shadows gather and awakening when the delicate sunshine comes filtering in through the curtained windows in the morning.

This morning at 7:20 o'clock, as his loved ones stood at his bedside ministering to him, Henri August Sauvignet, aged 80 years and father of Dr. E. H. Sauvignet and Mrs. T. K. Hamilton, opened his eyes for a moment, looked at those about him and gently lisped the words, "no more," and then like a little babe falling to sleep, his soul left its citadel of mortality and floated upward to the realm where life is eternal. Mr. Sauvignet passed into his last sleep at the home of his daughter, Mrs. T. K. Hamilton, 1514 Victoria street, this morning at 7:20 o'clock. From the time he was taken ill with pneumonia early in the present month he realized that the weight of his years was such that the race of life was nearing the end and that the lamp of mortality was burning low—in fact he told those about him that he was ready for the call that would take him to the peaceful shores of the other world.

Henri August Sauvignet was a native of France, where he was born on June 18, 1838, and was 80 years old last June. When only eleven years of age he left his native land with his family and emigrated to the United States, landing in New York in 1859, and from there going to Louisiana. In 1879 the family moved from Louisiana to Texas and came from San Antonio to Laredo early in that year. Mr. Sauvignet established the Laredo Ice Factory here in the spring of 1878, or immediately after his arrival, giving Laredo its first ice manufacturing, for which the machinery had to be transported by ox cart, as these were the days prior to the advent of the railroads to this section. During his residence in Laredo he was always active in the commercial life of the community and for several terms served as alderman in the city council.

Seven years ago his beloved wife preceded him to the grave and four years later he retired from the ice manufacturing business and turned it over to his son, the late Paul M. Sauvignet. Later, in association with his sons, Paul M. Sauvignet and Dr. E. H. Sauvignet, he engaged in the onion-growing business at their farm in North Laredo, but the sons remained in this business but a short time and returned to their commercial and professional work in Laredo, the father continuing in the onion-growing industry up to about four years ago, when he also retired and has since made his home with his daughter, Mrs. Hamilton. In the different lines of work in which he had engaged in Laredo those who had dealings with him always found him upright and honest, and there is no man or woman in Laredo who ever found fault with him. And thus it was that his life ended—haste and clean, pure and honest, without a conscience troubled by fear of retribution in the other world, but in full preparation to confront his God and have the Book of Life opened and his earthly deeds checked off before the final accounting is had at the bar of judgment. When he lisped the farewell words of "no more" just before he died this morning a delicate smile of contentment and satisfaction was on his features as they left this world. Peace to his ashes.

Deceased is survived by one daughter, Mrs. T. K. Hamilton, and one son, Dr. E. H. Sauvignet, and also five grandchildren, Mrs. J. J. Hewitt, of Houston, who was at his bedside up to last evening, when she left for her home; Miss Josephine Sauvignet and Louis Sauvignet, and Paul Sauvignet, the latter with the American army in France, and Miss Aileen Hamilton.

The funeral will take place from the Hamilton home, 1514 Victoria street, tomorrow morning at 9:30 o'clock under the auspices of the local Red Men, of which lodge he was sachem, and with funeral services conducted by Rev. C. W. Cook of the Episcopal church. Interment will be made in the family burying grounds in the Red Men's plot in the city cemetery.

Notice.
Regular meeting of Encampment Number 23, I. O. O. F., every second and fourth Friday of each month at the Odd Fellows' Hall at 8:30 o'clock. JES. NETZER, Chief Patriarch. GEO. W. PEW, Scribe.

ON THE WORLD'S FIRING LINE.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 26.—The city of Metz, within sight of which General Pershing's army has taken up its stand, has been considered by the German general staff to be the principal pivot against France ever since it came into possession of the Germans in 1870. They have surrounded the city by a system of powerful defenses said to be the most extensive to be found anywhere in the world, and even in time of peace they have maintained there a garrison of 25,000 or more men.

Metz is one of the most historic cities on the Lorraine frontier. It was known to the Romans under the name of Divodurum, and in the fifth century it was called Mettis. Early in the tenth century it became a free imperial city, famous for its commerce, its brilliant society and its love of letters and art.

The river Moselle is joined at Metz by the Seille, both flowing through the city and they are crossed by fourteen bridges. The esplanade in the center of the city is a beautiful promenade.

Metz has been fortified since 1550. Vauban put up a heavy fortification in 1674. Under Napoleon III. the works of Vauban were somewhat remodelled and a circle of detached forts begun, some of which were not finished when the war of 1870 brought the Germans to Metz. After the surrender, the defenses of Vauban and Napoleon's engineers were modified by the new owners of Metz, though Fort Manteuffel (called by the French St. Julien) and Fort Goeben (called by the French Queuleu) were not altered in the general lines the French engineers laid down. Wing batteries were added and later these were reinforced by other batteries, either to defend the intervals or to dominate the important lines of approach, such as the valley of the Moselle. Then followed armored batteries, infantry positions, great systems of trenches, hundreds of shelters, and magazines to supply the lines and ways of safe communication.

From 1890 to the opening of the present war the Germans kept on building forts, this time at a distance of about six miles from the city. These forts are of the newest German type, concrete and steel and mounted with Krupp's most powerful fortress guns designed to take part in a distant artillery duel. Thionville, frequently mentioned of late in news of the movements of the American troops, was turned into a powerful fortress. Between the forts on St. Quentin, Mestel, Frederic Charles and Fort Albenstein covered communication exists.

Metz itself is on low-lying ground on the banks of the Moselle and Seille, but only a very short distance. On the right bank a quarter of a mile from Fort Steinmetz the country presents steep hills and narrow valleys. The hills, which are very compact, are of all heights, from 100 to 750 feet, the highest point on the right bank of the river, and which Fort Manteuffel stands. On the left bank the ascent is even more abrupt and attains higher elevation. St. Quentin being more than 1,000 feet above Metz. The high ridges form a strong natural wall against invaders from the west, as the defenders are in vastly superior and much higher positions.

The siege of Metz in 1870 was begun by the Germans on August 19. Marshal Bazaine, the French commander, attempted "several sorties which failed, and on October 27 he capitulated with two other marshals, fifty generals, 60,000 officers and an army of 173,000 men.

For the surrender of the city Marshal Bazaine was tried by court-martial and unanimously condemned to death. President McMahon commuted his sentence to twenty years' seclusion. He was sent to the Island of St. Marguerite, but escaped August 9, 1874. His last years were passed in Madrid, where he died in 1888.

W. S. S.

WEATHER FORECAST.

The following forecast from the United States weather bureau at New Orleans is furnished The Times by the Telephone Co. each day:
Tonight fair; colder. Friday fair.

Local Weather Report.
The following are the observations taken at Fort McIntosh for the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m. today:
Max. temp. 99 degs.
Min. temp. 72 degs.
General direction of wind: North-east.
Cloudy.
Rainfall, .19.

W. S. S.

Has a High Opinion of Chamberlain's Tablets.

"I have a high opinion of Chamberlain's Tablets for biliousness and as a laxative," writes Mrs. C. A. Barnes, Charleston, Ill. "I have never found anything so mild and pleasant to use. My brother has also used these tablets with satisfactory results."



Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt
Society Editor

Phone 70 Phone 43

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Thursday.

The Heights Red Cross Knitting Circle will meet with Mrs. T. A. Bunn at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

The four circles of the Baptist Ladies Aid Society will meet at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

The Woman's Club will entertain with their regular weekly program at the Army Y. M. C. A. in the evening.

Friday.

Story-telling hour at 5 o'clock at the home of Mrs. M. P. Cullinan.

The Boy Scouts of Troop 2 and Junior Scouts will meet at the Scout Headquarters in the evening.

Stunt Night at the Army Y. M. C. A.

General Mention.

Mrs. Alden B. Muller left Monday night for Austin, where she will enter the University. She will also study music.

Reeve Shanks left Monday for Austin, where he will attend the State University.

Mrs. Payson, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. H. W. Johnston, for the past several weeks, will leave shortly for Washington D. C.

Dr. A. W. Wilcox has returned from Three Rivers, Mich., where he visited his mother for the past three months.

Mr. and Mrs. Hellen of Hebbroville spent the day in the city yesterday en route to Washington, D. C.

Mrs. Leo Purwin has returned from a delightful stay in Los Angeles, California. She was accompanied home by her mother.

Greetings have been received from Fumey Muller and Tom Nye from Oklahoma. They are enjoying a fine trip and are finding the nights quite chilly.

Mrs. Geoffrey J. Giles left San Antonio Sunday for New York, after a pleasant stay of ten days with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Muller returned on Tuesday night from San Marcos, where they had a delightful camping trip with Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Jackson.

Parish Guild.

The Parish Guild of Christ Church met yesterday afternoon with Mrs. Arkles. Plans were discussed for the annual Thanksgiving Sale and they decided to make mostly useful things and some fancy articles. The hostess served a salad course at the conclusion of the business session. Those present were Mesdames Arthur, MacGregor, Mason, Cook, Vidales, Puster and the hostess.

Entertainment.

The dance last night at the soldiers club of the Y. M. H. A. was a very pleasant affair. The hostesses of the evening were Miss Stella Rosenbaum and Miss Lupe Rosenbaum. Good music made dancing very pleasant. There was a good crowd in attendance.

Raul de la Garza, of the class of '16 of the Laredo High School, left today for Chicago, where he will study medicine at the University of Chicago.

Rev. J. Ward has returned from a short trip to San Antonio.

Mrs. J. W. Thompson is in Dolores visiting her daughter, Mrs. John Loftus.

Mrs. Norwood Witting has returned from a pleasant visit to her parents in San Antonio.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Hfeld have returned after summering in different parts of the country.

Club Notes.

The Tuesday Music and Literary

Club held the first meeting of the season yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. C. M. Fish. Mrs. A. S. J. Tucker presided at the meeting and various matters of business were discussed. The club will devote their time this winter to sewing on garments for the French and Belgian women and children. The garments will be distributed at the meetings and will be made at home, except for the button holes and finishing up, which will be done at the meetings while the members are listening to the program. A paper by Mrs. Blakamp, read by Mrs. Fish, dealt with "Club Work During War Times." Mrs. Tucker gave an instrumental number by a French composer, which was very much enjoyed. There was a good attendance, and the members are much interested in the plans of the work laid out for the coming months.

Busy Bees.

There will be a called meeting of the members of the Busy Bee Club on Saturday the 28th at 2:30 o'clock with Lois and Dorothy Derby. All members are urged to be present, as business matters for the coming year are to be arranged.

Dorothy Derby, Secretary.

Orphanage Children Entertained.

The children of the Orphanage on the Heights were most pleasantly entertained last evening by the Heights Circle of the Child's Welfare League. Trucks were kindly furnished by Zafirini & Barberio and by Mr. G. Lopez. The ride was cut short because of the threatening elements, but the children were happy in being able to deliver flowers to the Post Hospital before beginning the retreat homeward. The chaperones for the ride were: Mesdames Cullinan, Tarver, Puig and Volpe. After the ride delicious ice cream was served at the home of Mrs. Cullinan. Mesdames Murray, Atlee and Hodges assisted in serving the little guests.

After enjoying a thoroughly good time the chaperones and orphans marched to the Orphanage where the "littlest orphan" presented the Mother with a lovely bouquet. These entertainments are looked forward to by the orphans, and their happiness is most evident by their merry laughter, chatter and singing that prevails during the evening.

W. S. S.

PERSONALS

Wm. Schultz, representative for Chris Reuter's seed house will be out of the city until tomorrow night and during his absence J. S. Westbrook will look after his business.

Sergeant John D. Carpenter of Co. F, 89th Infantry, stationed at Camp Sevier, Greenville, South Carolina, is home for a few days visit to his family and will return to his station next Sunday.

Jose Naranjo leaves tonight for Galveston where he goes to continue his study of medicine at the Medical Department of the University of Texas.

W. S. S.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Hamilton:—A. M. Cozant and wife, Mexico City; James La Gro, V. L. Conrad, Brownsville; I. H. Snow, Corpus Christi; J. D. Jennings, Aguilares; M. A. Garcia, Brownsville; L. S. Perales, A. Feinseller, Mr. and Mrs. J. Rubie, W. H. Chadwick, D. Healy, B. Ross Jones, H. A. Enles, Fred Grell, P. Lucke, W. E. Swain, San Antonio; W. A. Day, Jerome; E. L. Gam-mage, C. W. Ryan, Rio Grande City.

Bender:—W. O. Simpson and wife, New York; B. Hfeld and wife, City; Jno. Newberry, Tampico; Jack Fryer, Denver, Colo.; F. W. Moore and family, Mexico City; A. C. Karbach, Dallas; V. A. Hawn, Kingsville; N. H. Tucker, New York; Tony Ryan and family, Kansas City, Mo.; H. A. Eub, St. Louis, Mo.; Louis Genord, New Orleans, La.; C. W. Bubar, Ft. Worth; Mrs. I. E. Sour, Houston; John P. Cosgro, New York; J. O'Brien, New Orleans, La.; B. P. Manning, Dallas; J. H. Houze, Tampico; Mrs. G. Pogson, San Antonio.

W. S. S.

Notice.

We pay best cash prices for Liberty Bonds. We buy and sell stocks. Write us.

MORGAN YATTER CO.
1210 Southwestern Life Bldg.
Dallas, Texas.

8-31f

NEW FRANCO-AMERICAN ATTACK BEGAN IN CHAMPAGNE AFTER ARTILLERY PREPARATION

First Allied Thrust in This Sector Since Foch Assumed the Initiative in July and Result of Allied Success in Picardy in Driving Germans Back on the Hindenburg Line from Arras to Laon.

ZAPATA A PRISONER.

By Associated Press.
Mexico City, Sept. 26.—Unconfirmed reports published here state that Emiliano Zapata, who, for years has held virtually undisputed sway over the rebel forces that control the state of Morelos and part of Mexico, is being held prisoner by Marcelo Caraveo, a one time subordinate. Caraveo, has been reported as aiding the former federal general, Cirilo Arenas, who revolted last April and who has been opposing successfully the troops of General J. Agustín Castro, sub-secretary of war, in the state of Puebla.

W. S. S.

ASKS COOPERATION.

By Associated Press.
Austin, Texas, Sept. 26.—An appeal to the various county medical societies to assist in the campaign against venereal diseases has been made by Dr. H. C. Hall, head of the bureau of Venereal Diseases, in letters to the secretaries of those societies. This is one of the numerous methods being employed to obtain co-operation in the enforcement of the law relating to venereal diseases.

W. S. S.

SPANISH INFLUENZA.

By Associated Press.
Austin, Texas, Sept. 26.—With the announcement that cases of Spanish influenza had been found in Texas, State Health Officer W. B. Collins has taken steps to see that the cases are properly isolated. Apart from several cases which were found among the crew of a ship which touched at Port Arthur, Dr. Collins says, there also have been found cases of gripe in Bosque, Kaufman and Williamson counties.

In regard to treatment of Spanish influenza the State Health Department says:

"The epidemic of pneumonia, following an epidemic of measles, which spread over the state last October is still fresh in the minds of Public Health Officials. In gripe or influenza a great majority of deaths occur due to pneumonia which follows. Every precaution should be taken to prevent spread of the disease before it becomes prevalent. Texas, because of its climate, has a light death rate compared with the northern states, except for the complications. Safety in times when human power must be conserved demands closest attention and care of every suspicious case for there is no known disease which spreads with such rapidity or leaves the person so prostrated and unfit for any kind of work than does 'Spanish gripe.'"

W. S. S.

ODD AND INTERESTING.

Green is the gala color of the Turk. England now has a special type of railway car built to carry aeroplanes. In Sweden one cannot buy drink without buying something to eat at the same time.

Despite the war, Great Britain produced nearly 250,000,000 tons of coal last year.

In the Isle of Man a belief prevails that the eating of carrots is a specific for jealousy and bad temper.

It takes fifty pounds of paraffin candles to provide as much light as 1,000 cubic feet of illuminating gas. In Italy there is no "legal charity"—that is, the poor have no right to be supported out of the tax funds.

The elephant frequently seen as a British army regimental badge, or part of one, commemorates service in India, as does also the tiger.

The largest bank check on record was one for more than \$55,000,000, representing the last instalment of the war indemnity paid by China to Japan.

There are in the British Isles nearly 8,000,000 inhabited houses—sufficient to make two streets of two rows each enough to connect London with Madrid.

W. S. S.

People Speak Well of Chamberlain's Tablets.

"I have been selling Chamberlain's Tablets for about two years and heard such good reports from my customers that I concluded to give them a trial myself, and can say that I do not believe there is another preparation of the kind equal to them," writes G. A. McBride, Headford, Ont. If you are troubled with indigestion or constipation give them a trial. They will do you good.

By Associated Press.

Paris, Sept. 26.—French and American troops attacked this morning on the Champagne front. At 5 o'clock the French attack was launched in co-operation with the American army which was attacking further east. The American attack on the Champagne front is the first allied thrust made in this sector since Foch assumed the initiative in July and is the logical result of the allied success in Picardy in driving the Germans back to the Hindenburg line from Arras to Laon.

German Attacks Repulsed.

Paris, Sept. 26.—Renewed German attacks north of the Aisne have been repulsed. At a point where the Germans gained a foothold upon French positions they were ejected after a counter attack.

Capture Enemy Strong Points.

London, Sept. 26.—Northwest of St. Quentin the British continue pressure against the German defenses and have captured enemy strong points in the Selleny and Greycourt neighborhoods. In Flanders the British line has likewise been advanced, progress being made in the sector north of La Bassée.

Attack Under Cover of Fog.

With the French Army in France, Sept. 26.—French troops attacked in Champagne today under cover of a thick fog after a period of artillery preparation which terminated in an hour of most intense drum fire. Early indications were that the attack was progressing most favorably.

Along a Wide Front.

With the French Army in France, Sept. 26.—The attack by the French which was launched this morning was along a wide front.

Germans Report Captures.

Berlin, Sept. 26.—The headquarters statement today reports the capture of French and American prisoners in the Lorraine sector, east of the Moselle river. In fighting to the west of St. Quentin the French succeeded in effecting small breaches in the German lines between Francilly and the Somme.

German Airdromes Bombed.

London, Sept. 26.—German airdromes at Buhl, 25 miles southwest of Karlsruhe, and Kaiserslautern, between Metz and Mannheim, have been bombed by British independent air forces.

Serbians Reach Ishtib.

London, Sept. 26.—Serbian troops have reached the outskirts of Ishtib, an important Bulgarian base. Elsewhere east of the Vardar river the Serbians have made important gains.

Serbians Chasing Bulgarians.

London, Sept. 26.—North of Pilep the Serbians are pursuing the Bulgarians, who are in complete retreat and are approaching Izvor, midway between Prelep and Velez.

Serbs Capture Gradsko.

London, Sept. 26.—Gradsko station, defended by Germans, southeast of Uskub, has been captured by the Serbs. An enormous quantity of supplies, including 19 guns, was also captured.

Germans Are Uneasy.

Paris, Sept. 26.—The German government is very uneasy over pacifist demonstrations in Bulgaria, and the German minister has conferred with King Ferdinand. Pacifist manifestations were held at Sofia Sunday, Monday and Tuesday. It is reported that martial law has been established at Sofia. There are also reports that a new ministerial crisis and a complete change of Bulgaria's foreign policy is impending.

Ferdinand Getting Worried.

Paris, Sept. 26.—Fresh dispositions made by Gen. Desperes, who passed through Pilep, justified the belief that there had been energetic exploitations of the great, inter-allied victory in Macedonia, says the Echo de Paris. King Ferdinand of Bulgaria asked Field Marshal von Mackensen to take command of his armies in order to block the advance of the allies in old Serbia and preserve Bulgaria from invasion.

Cut Pilep-Veles Road.

London, Sept. 26.—Reports from official quarters here indicate that the Pilep-Veles road has been cut at Izvor, isolating the First Bulgarian

WOMEN SUFFRAGE DELAYED.

By Associated Press.
Washington, Sept. 26.—Plans for a vote by the senate today on the federal woman suffrage amendment were virtually abandoned. Chairman Jones stated that likely there would be no vote until Saturday, when Senator La Follette is due to arrive.

W. S. S.

SURPLUS OF PAPER.

By Associated Press.
St. John's, N. F., Sept. 26.—The paper mills at Grand Falls, established ten years ago to supply paper for English publications have now, owing to the inability to obtain vessels and the restriction of paper in the British Isles, decided to go into the shipping of paper to Australia. Last year about 30,000 tons were shipped to the United States during the latter half of 1917, while further quantities are being manufactured and shipped at the present time, but these stocks will not suffice to keep the mills running full time, and arrangements have accordingly been made to ship paper to Australia.

W. S. S.

TODAY'S EVENTS.

1518th day of the Great War.
King Christian X. of Denmark today celebrates his 48th birthday.

Today is the 25th anniversary of the fire which destroyed the larger part of the city of Lead, S. Dak.

The general sessions of the forty-fourth annual convention of the American Bankers' Association will begin today in Chicago.

Under an agreement of the party leaders the woman suffrage constitutional amendment is to come up for consideration today in the United States senate.

The annual convention of the Ohio Association of Real Estate Boards is to be entertained at Youngstown during the two days beginning today.

St. Paul is to be the meeting place today of the annual conference of the Minnesota chapters of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

army from its main line of communications and placing it in a precarious position. The First army is on the allied left.

Allies Invade Bulgaria.

Saloniki, Sept. 26.—Bulgaria has been invaded by allied troops. The British entered Bulgarian territory opposite Kosturino, about six miles south of Strumitsa, the enemy base in this region.

Turks Face Annihilation.

London, Sept. 26.—The Turkish Fourth army on the Palestine front now faces annihilation by the allies. The total number of prisoners has been increased to 45,000. The annihilation of the Fourth army now hoped for would complete the cleaning up of the Turks in Palestine, accounting for about 80,000 men.

Took 42,000 Turks.

Paris, Sept. 26.—Latest advices reaching here say that 42,000 Turkish prisoners have been taken in Palestine.

W. S. S.

EX-LIGHTWEIGHT FIGHTER TOMMY RYAN IS IN LAREDO

Will Give Exhibitions of Athletic Nature at Army Y Tonight and Tomorrow; Will Lecture at School.

Tommy Ryan, ex-champion lightweight fighter of the world, and who became famous in the arena by his many victories over contenders for the championship, arrived in Laredo this morning upon invitation of Director Jenkins of the Army Y. M. C. A. and will remain here two days. Tonight at the Army Y he will give an exhibition of an athletic nature and also make some timely remarks. Tomorrow morning he will lecture to the students of the Laredo High School, and again tomorrow night he will give exhibitions at the Y will start tonight and tomorrow night at about 8:30 o'clock and he extends a cordial invitation to the people of Laredo to be present on both occasions.

TIMES WANT ADS.

\$\$\$\$ Money Makers \$\$\$\$

CHARITY OF THE POOR.

AMERICAN ADAPTIBILITY.

AMERICAN ADAPTIBILITY.

When the narrow gauge line running out of Manila was captured by the Americans there were but two locomotives left. One of those was in the ditch and the other badly in need of repair. Upon the captain of one company asking for volunteers who could repair and run the engines, there were seven men who presented

robbery near St. Joseph Mo.	an
14—First contingent of British Indian troops landed at Marseilles, France.	ces of an

berlinian's Cough Remedy for
oughs and colds with the best re-
sults, which shows it to be a through-
reliable preparation for those
eases. Try it. It is prompt and
ectual and pleasant to take.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO., Winston-Salem, N. C.



On the reverse side of this tidy red tin you will read: "Process Patented July 30th, 1907," which has made *three* men smoke pipes where *one* smoked before!

— W. S. S. —

* * * * *

IN THE DAY'S NEWS.

IN THE DAYS NEWS.

* * *

* * * * *

— W. R. S. —

Notice of Removal.

The Economy Grocery has moved to
the Brannan building at the corner of
Hill and Franklin streets.

Hidalgo street and Salinas avenue, where they are better prepared than ever to serve their customers.

— W. R. R. —
AFFORDS AN OPPORTUNITY
TO ENTER TRAINING CAMPS

Men Within the Draft Age Can Now
Make Application for Admission to
Leon Springs Training Camp.

the Leon Springs school not later than October 3. Here is an unusual opportunity for the young men within the draft ages to try for a commission in some particular preferred branch of the army service.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

-----W. S. S.-----
PASSED HIS EXAMINATION
AND WILL GET COMMISSION

E. J. Foster, County Surveyor, Suc-

Mr. Foster passed the examination successfully, being one of twenty out of eighty-nine who passed. He was

instructed to hold himself in readiness for service and that he would receive his commission as a first lieutenant in the engineering corps

Captain Willis is now in command of Co. M, Texas Rangers, and those who know him recognize the fact that the deserved recognition of the services of a good man has been made when he was promoted to a captaincy.

[illegible]

FOR SALE.

This year's Teneriffe grown
Yellow Bermuda onion seed.

AVERAGE OF PRICES
AUGUST 15 TO SEPTEMBER 1

Statistics lately prepared by the

Lard substitutes, lb. basis, whole-
sale 2432-2482, retail 2760-2933.
Hams, fancy, lb. basis, wholesale *
3218-3344, retail 3720-3960. *

Bacon, fancy, breakfast, lb. basis, *
wholesale .4943-5154, retail .5619-.6058. *

Tall evaporated milk, dozen and can, wholesale \$1.29-\$1.36, retail 1260-1590.

Baby evaporated milk, dozen and can, R
wholesale .5853-.6753, retail .0573-.0708, I
Onions, Bermuda, New Texas, lb.
wholesale .0200-.0400, retail .0200-.0400

"Stabilization of cotton seed prices average recommended by the producers has been accepted by the Food Administration after a conference with the State Administrators. The plan proposed is as follows:

Zone One, \$68.00 *

Price for sacked meal and screened
sacked cake 43 per cent protein, any
quantity, \$57.00; hulls, \$20.00 loose;
1, 17½ cents, basis prime

"The Food Administration has ap-
pealed to the War Industries Board to

price of lint; any increase in price of lint will be applied to reduction of meal.

W S S.

WANTED.

A clerk for my Customs De. ❖

W. S. S.

S. AMBASSADOR FLETCHER
PASSED THROUGH THIS CITY

Reached Here Last Evening From
Mexico City and Immediately Pro-
ceeded on His Way to Washington



Hot water
Sure Relief

RELLANS

FOR INDIGESTION

FOR INDIGESTION

Subscribe for
1 YEAR

LOCAL NEWS

A telephone message received by relatives last night from San Antonio announced that Bernardo de la Garza, Jr., who returned recently from Mexico to be inducted into the national army, was somewhat improved. The young man has been seriously ill with pneumonia at the base hospital at Camp Travis.

—Edward Green, florist. Day and night phone Crockett 4107. Ave. C at 8th St., San Antonio, Texas.

—We sell Gage hats. Miss M. Saltee.

—W. D. Butler is in receipt of letters from his two brothers, Private H. H. Butler of Hq. Co. of 141st Infantry, and Private Vershall (Mike) Butler, of the same regiment, who tell of their experiences "over there." The boys tell of their billeting with the French, their long hikes, etc., while certain portions of the letters bear the earmarks of the censors.

—We will repair and put in order faulty plumbing installations. Juarez Plumbing Co. 419 Matamoros.

—We paint automobiles; also make auto tops. Fidel Cantu, Phone 202.

—Read the item elsewhere on this page of The Times offering an opportunity to all registrants to put in applications for the officers' training camp to be opened at Leon Springs next month. Then go out and get other information and application blanks from Captain McClure at headquarters of the 37th Infantry at Fort McIntosh.

—The Crescent Garage is the busiest shop in town. Why?

—Call 921 for Super-Six service car. City rates.

—New fall line Gossard corsets and brassieres. Miss M. Saltee.

—This is regular concert night at Fort McIntosh, when the Thirty-seventh Infantry Band will furnish a program of popular selections, beginning at 8:15 o'clock. These concerts, began last week and held every Tuesday and Friday evenings, and each Sunday morning, are already becoming popular.

—Teacher of Gregg shorthand and Spanish and English. Apply Will W. Gregg, Times office; residence 812 Farragut street.

—The Crescent Garage is the busiest shop in town. Why?

—The Belmont. Rooms and apartments. 602 Main Ave. Phone 576 or 1017.

—A good rain at this time would do great good for farmers and stockmen, to say nothing of the numerous home gardens that are now depending on irrigation applied through the garden hose.

—Will handle on commission alfalfa and cane in bales, large or small lots. Policarpo Cavazos, 519 Victoria street.

—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans.

—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office; residence 812 Farragut street. Residence phone 348.

—If it is neat and accurate job printing that you want send your orders to The Times job department. Expert workmanship and the best of materials.

W. S. S.

MAJOR CLEMENTS DOING WELL IN HOSPITAL "OVER THERE"

He Was a Lieutenant With the Old Ninth Here and Well Remembered; Has Been Wounded Severely.

The following item from the Cincinnati Enquirer regarding an officer well known in Laredo, who several years ago was a second lieutenant of the Ninth Infantry, while his wife was prominent in musical circles here, but who later was detailed to take charge of the army target range in Florida, and at the outbreak of the war rejoined the Ninth Infantry and went to France:

"Major Joseph Clements, son-in-law of Mr. Thomas P. Carothers, in a letter to his wife, states he is improving in a hospital in France after being severely wounded. He has been 'over the top' five times and the day he was shot was the bearer of a message. He was picked up by several of the American troops and laid in the trenches for five hours before he could be carried to a hospital, where he is still confined."

BECKMAN'S
Calcerbs

FOR THROAT AND LUNGS

A calcium compound that will bring relief in many acute and chronic cases. Provided in handiest form, a basic remedy highly recommended by science. Contains no harmful drugs. Try them today.

50 cents a box, including war tax

For sale by all druggists

Beckman Laboratory, Philadelphia

SOCIETY

Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt
Society Editor
Phone 70 Phone 43

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Tuesday.

The members of the Alpha Club will meet at 8:30 o'clock in the morning at the residence of Mrs. Darlo Sanchez to knit for the Red Cross.

The Junior Auxiliary will meet at the Rectory at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

There will be a special meeting of the Women's Missionary Society at the Methodist Church at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

There will be a meeting of the Tuesday Knitting Circle with Mrs. Simpson at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Community Singing at the Soldiers' Club in the evening.

Wednesday.

There will be a meeting of the Parish Guild of Christ Church at the home of Mrs. Arkles at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

There will be the regular weekly dance at the Y. M. H. A. Hall in the evening with Misses Stella and Lupe Rosenbaum as hostesses.

Dance at the Soldiers Club in the evening.

Meeting of the Training for Service Class of the Christian Endeavor Society at the Christian Church in the evening.

Hearts That Love Their Land.

When the country's calling, That calls to heart and hand, And into line they're falling— The hearts that love their land. They dream the call, And answer all:— They need not a command!

—Frank L. Stanton.

General Mention.

Mrs. T. S. King of San Antonio, sister of Lieutenant Leslie Stoner, is visiting in Laredo as the guest of Mrs. Leslie Stoner.

Mrs. S. H. Nunneley, after a short visit here to her daughter, Mrs. W. D. Butler, has returned to her home in San Antonio.

Mrs. Heloise M. Villegas arrived yesterday afternoon from San Antonio to again make Laredo her home. She has apartments in the Villegas building, corner of Farragut street and Flores avenue. Mrs. Villegas' host of friends will be glad to learn that she is once more in their midst.

Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Harper have moved their residence from the Heights and are now located at 2114 Bruni Street.

Mr. Guy Trout, who has been visiting his parents for a short while, left last night for Austin and from there will go to Dallas, at Camp Dick, waiting orders to be sent to a flying field.

Miss Christine Hill is expected home from a short stay in San Antonio.

Mrs. E. H. Kline, after a short visit to friends in Corpus Christi, is visiting in San Antonio this week.

Mrs. A. B. Muller spent the weekend in Corpus Christi with friends.

Mrs. Frank Nye received a very interesting letter from her son Randall yesterday, from somewhere in France. He writes they are all well and in good spirits. He also says he received his first bunch of books and papers the other day and in them was an old Laredo Times, which looked so good to him that he read every line and advertisement in it.

Letters were received yesterday from Dr. J. T. Halsell, from "somewhere in France." His many friends will be glad to hear that he is well and so far pleasantly located. Says he is putting in all his spare time in learning French, and talks to every one who will talk to him. He is very much impressed with the beautiful scenery and the wonderful roadways.

Announcements.

The Tuesday Music and Literary Club will meet at the home of Mrs. C. M. Fish at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

The residents of the Heights having clothing to contribute for the French and Belgian people will please hold it in readiness for the committee when they call. If the committee fails to reach you, please phone 660.

Entertainment.

The Woman's Club entertained last evening with their regular weekly "at home" for the soldier boys and their friends. The rooms were attractively arranged for the occasion and the hostesses of the evening were Mesdames Goodman, Arkles and Mason. Miss Courtney Slaughter sang a solo. Good music made dancing

very pleasant and there was quite a crowd in attendance.

Woman's Club Elect.

The Woman's Club held an executive meeting at the club room yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock. A number of matters pertaining to the club were discussed, and a motion was carried to offer the club rooms to the Tuesday Music and Literary Club to be used for their club work. The president of the latter club, Mrs. A. S. J. Tucker, being present, gladly accepted the offer. The following new members were taken in: Mesdames C. Withoff, Geo. W. Derby, W. B. Heaner, H. G. DaCamara and Miss Mabel Byerly. The following committees were then appointed:

Library Committee—Mrs. A. R. Smith, chairman; Mrs. C. C. Burr, Mrs. F. W. Mally, Miss Nelson. Music Committee—Mrs. D. F. Anderson, chairman; Mrs. A. S. J. Tucker, Mrs. J. L. Dannelly, Mrs. Thos. Reed, Miss Esther Hirsch. Home Economics Committee—Mrs. J. E. Applewhite, chairman; Mrs. Chas. Richter, Mrs. D. Z. Windrow, Mrs. Geo. Scratchley, Mrs. J. Slaughter.

Civics Committee—Mrs. E. H. Buenz, chairman; Mrs. Ira O'Meara, Mrs. E. R. Tarver, Mrs. J. F. Mullally, Miss A. V. Pace.

Suffrage Committee—Dr. Adellina Thaison, chairman; Mrs. W. N. Young, Mrs. S. R. Anderson, Mrs. W. Threadgill, Mrs. M. J. Diaz.

Finance Committee—Mrs. H. M. Austin, chairman; Mrs. Sam Mackin, Mrs. Jos. Netzer Mrs. R. L. Paster.

House Committee—Mrs. A. Poggenpohl, chairman; Mrs. E. H. Buenz, Mrs. John W. Mussett, Mrs. Mary Shelby, Mrs. W. J. James.

Open House Committee—Miss Nelson, chairman, with all club members assisting.

W. S. S.

PERSONALS

H. C. Lane of Millett is a guest at the Hamilton.

W. J. Billings and family of Bruni are stopping at the Hamilton.

James O'Keefe of Jacksonville is a guest at the Bender.

Capt. J. J. Sanders and Ranger C. W. Price of Alice are guests at the Bender.

W. S. S.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Hamilton:—W. D. Wall, St. Louis; J. C. Brice, W. A. MacTavish, F. W. Thomas, J. D. Dodson, J. E. Harris, J. W. McGee, J. D. Moore, Eph. M. Goldstein, San Antonio; E. G. Lastinger, Guillermo Guerra, Monterey; C. C. Harris and wife, Franco, Gomez Palacio, P. Sandoval, Mexico City; Mrs. A. L. Schumacher and family, Misses Mary and Corrie Woods, Tampico; B. Ross Jones, W. A. Day, J. N. Petrolia, Rio Grande City; W. J. Billings and family, Bruni; H. C. Lane, Millett; J. Harvey Giles, Floyd Avery, Chicago; Jorge Romero, San Jose, Calif.; J. A. Abellin, Dallas; M. C. Woolf, Del Rio; E. L. Duforne, New York City; Mrs. Frank Nagel, children and maid, Grand Rapids, Mich.

Bender:—P. C. Chismas and sisters, Tampico; Ramon Alcazar and family, Mexico City; W. A. Metts, New York; H. W. Caldwell, Dallas; Capt. J. J. Sanders, C. W. Price, Alice, Jas. O'Keefe, Jacksonville; B. D. Clemente, San Antonio; J. B. Robbins, Dallas; L. O. Davis, Texarkana; R. Rosales, R. E. L. Lerper, San Antonio; A. A. Wipf, Freeman, S. D.; R. L. Benham, W. H. Voss, San Antonio; R. H. Ward, Wm. H. Prestinary, Chicago; W. R. Farley, Dallas.

W. S. S.

Has a High Opinion of Chamberlain's Tablets. "I have a high opinion of Chamberlain's Tablets for biliousness and as a laxative," writes Mrs. C. A. Barnes, Charleston, Ill. "I have never found anything so mild and pleasant to use. My brother has also used these tablets with satisfactory results."

W. S. S.

TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS.

SEPTEMBER 24

Major General William M. Wright, U. S. A., commanding the 35th (Kansas and Missouri) Division at the front, born in New Jersey, 55 years ago today.

Major General Clarence G. Townsley, U. S. A., who visited the battlefront last spring, born in New York, 63 years ago today.

Hon. Duncan McLean Marshall, Minister of Agriculture of Alberta, born in Ontario, 46 years ago today.

J. Horace McFarland, president of the American Civic Association since 1904, born in Juniata County, Pa., 69 years ago today.

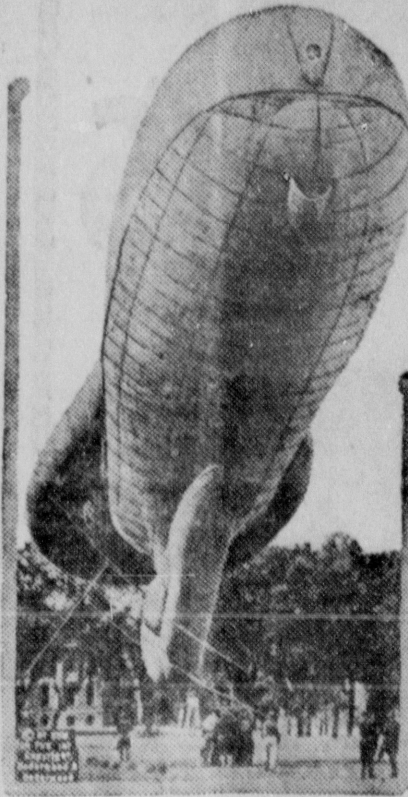
Eugene N. Foss, former governor of Massachusetts, born in West Berkshire, Vt., 60 years ago today.

W. S. S.

Great Faith in Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy.

"Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy was used by my father about a year ago when he had diarrhoea. It relieved him immediately and by taking three doses he was absolutely cured. He has great faith in this remedy," writes Mrs. W. H. Williams, Stanley, N. Y.

EYES OF THE U. S. ARMY



Here is one of the huge observation balloons of the United States army, called "elephants" by the soldiers, which are indispensable in modern warfare.

Dream On!

A year ago a manufacturer engaged a boy. For months there was nothing noticeable about the boy except that he never took his eyes off the work he was doing. A few weeks ago the manufacturer looked up to see the boy standing beside his desk.

"What do you want?" he asked. "Want me pay raised."

"What are you getting?"

"Ten shillings a week."

"Well, how much do you think you are worth?"

"Fifteen shillings."

"You think so, do you?"

"Yes, sir, an' I've been thinkin' so for three weeks, but I've been so blamed busy I ain't had time to speak to you about it."

The boy got the raise.—Uplift Magazine.

Rents Up in Holland.

House rents in the larger Dutch cities, especially The Hague, writes United States Vice Consul A. C. Nelson from that capital, have been increasing continuously, owing in great measure to the large influx of Belgians at the beginning of the war, and the later continuous arrivals of English and German prisoners of war, and the few new buildings erected during the last years.

To meet this deficiency the government has erected a number of temporary buildings and barracks, but many of the well-to-do foreign officers and soldiers seek houses and rooms and, consequently, the rents keep soaring.

W. S. S.

TODAY'S EVENTS.

1516th day of the Great War.

Forty-ninth anniversary of the "Black Friday" panic, in which the fortunes of hundreds were swept away in Wall Street.

The twenty-fourth annual convention of the Colorado Federation of Women's Clubs will be entertained in Pueblo during the three days beginning today.

Robert T. Lincoln and Mrs. Lincoln, who are now residents of Washington, will celebrate their golden wedding anniversary today, having been married Sept. 24, 1868.

Delegates from many cities of the United States and Canada will meet in Atlanta today for the annual convention of the International Association of Municipal Electricians.

Sectional conferences and committee meetings will occupy thousands of bankers assembled in Chicago today for the annual convention of the American Bankers' Association.

Elaborate preparations have been made in Winona for the entertainment of the annual convention of the Minnesota Federation of Women's Clubs, which begins a three-day session in that city today.

The Rt. Rev. Charles Gort, D. D., bishop of Oxford, England, is to be one of the leading speakers at the National Interchurch War Work Congress, which is to assemble today in Chicago.

General primaries are to be held today in Massachusetts and New Jersey for the nomination of party candidates for United States senator, congressman and State officers to be voted for in November.

The Central States Co-operative Society has called a general conference to meet today at Springfield, Ill., to agree upon measures for extending the co-operative movement as a means of protection for the working classes against the profiteer.

John Reed, formerly prominent as a magazine writer, now the designated Consul-General of the Bolsheviks in New York City, is to be arraigned today for trial in the Federal court in New York on a charge of constructing the selective draft by his writings in "The Masses."

Delegate conventions of the Republicans of Rhode Island have been called to meet in Providence today for the selection of candidates for United States senator, representatives in Congress and other Federal and State offices to be filled at the election in November.

AMERICAN ARTILLERY FIRE PREVENTED GERMAN RAID FROM MATERIALIZING TODAY

When the German Barrage Lifted from the Front Lines to the Rear of the American Positions, the American Gunfire Opened So Effectually that Any Attempt of German Infantry to Attack was Impossible.

BAR GERMAN WOMEN.

By Associated Press.

Washington, Sept. 24.—Unnaturalized German women may not enter or live in zones within half a mile of camps or other prohibited military reservations after midnight October 5, Attorney General Gregory announced today.

DEAF MAKE GOOD AIRMEN.

By Associated Press.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 24.—Tests which have been conducted recently in the military aviation service indicate that deaf mutes may be turned into particularly efficient aviators. There are, in fact, certain points where the deaf man has a distinct advantage over the man who can hear. For one thing, deaf people are never seasick. They never grow dizzy when in high altitudes—neither mountains nor clouds hold any terrors for them, and they have no feelings of dread. This is due to the fact that deaf mutes do not possess any sense of motion. Another point in favor of the deaf aviator is that he is not worried by the explosions of aeroplane engines. The fact that he lacks one sense keeps up all his others.

MARVELS OF THE CONVOY.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 24.—For every luxury and most necessities that the American soldiers and the British overseas troops at the front enjoy—not to mention the all-important letters from home—thanks are due the convoys.

The development of the convoy system is one of the marvels of the war, thought it is a subject of which the general public has learned comparatively little. The escorted convoy system has its advantages and its disadvantages. It deprives the enemy submarine of his guns. It achieves a valuable salvage of torpedoed vessels which have failed to sink. It restores a considerable degree of safety to the crew of the merchantman.

On the other hand, it loses tonnage in holding all the convoys down to the speed of the slowest ship. It loses a small tonnage in collisions due to the necessity of steaming in formations without running lights. And it tends to strip the gears of the slow-speed engines with which merchantmen are built, by necessitating constant maneuvering to keep position.

In general, it may be said that, next to the gun, the weapons employed by the escorting warships in defending convoys against attacks by submarine are, in the order of their usefulness, the depth-charge, the zigzag, and marine camouflage.

Depth-charges are made in varying sizes, containing high explosives. They may be set to explode at from 40 to 20 feet depths. An average charge, exploding within 90 feet of a hull tested to a critical pressure of 1,000 pounds.

There are between 30 and 40 recognized zigzags, devised in order to prevent a submarine which has picked up the smoke of a convoy, hull down, from determining its mean true course in order to intercept it. They are also useful in compelling an enemy to attack at a greater range in order to keep himself from being run down by a ship of uncertain course. A wide zigzag also gives the lookouts a greater range. And a zigzagging ship is a bad target.

Marine camouflage is not only intended to obscure the course and the distance of a vessel, but also to deprive the enemy of the straight lines of a vessel on which it has been accustomed to range. In accomplishing the last-named purpose the camouflage has been found a distinctive success.

Notice.

This is to notify the people of the First Presbyterian church that we will hold our prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 8:15 out at the Army Y. M. C. A. with the soldiers. I trust that all who can will be there and that God will bless the service.

J. P. WORD, Pastor.

TIMES WANT ADS.
\$\$\$\$\$ Money Makers \$\$\$\$\$

By Associated Press.

Stopped German Raid. With the Americans in Lorraine, Sept. 24.—American artillery fire prevented a German raid materializing today. Warning of the enemy's intention was given by the start of the German barrage over the American line at an early hour. As the barrage shifted from the front lines to the back areas, the American fire opened so effectively that any attempt of the German infantry to attack was out of the question. After a gas bombardment the enemy attempted to raid American trenches in the Vosges sector, but were repulsed with probable losses before the American lines were reached.

Exhorts Austrian Soldiers.

London, Sept. 24.—Addressing Austrian soldiers at Brieg yesterday, the German kaiser said: "You know whom you have in front of you. The Americans promised France to give her Alsace-Lorraine, which France alone cannot reconquer. They also wished to add big deeds to big words, but you will, with the aid of my soldiers, give them the right answer at the right moment."

German Distrust Mutual.

With the French Army in France, Sept. 24.—Replies of prisoners recently interrogated show that the lack of confidence between German officers and men is becoming mutual. The officers say the men think more of their stomachs than their country and men whose loyalty was unquestioned a year ago are now deaf to patriotic harangues. The men claim the officers think only of their own safety and leave behind rear guards who do not know they have been abandoned by the rest of the forces.

Pressing In on St. Quentin.

London, Sept. 24.—The British are pressing in on St. Quentin from the west. Fighting is taking place, to the British advantage. Progress is being made by attacking forces in the region east of Verdun.

Germans Were Repulsed.

London, Sept. 24.—The British improved their positions along the front in the region north of Meusevalles in the Arras-Lens sector. The Germans attempted to drive the British from the new positions the latter had won southeast of Gavrelle, but the enemy was completely repulsed.

Occupy Old British Line.

London, Sept. 24.—In Flanders the British troops have succeeded in pushing forward and occupy a portion of the old British line southeast of Voormezele below Ypres.

Took Prisoners in Raids.

Paris, Sept. 24.—In Champagne two raids upon German trenches in the Perthes region and in the direction of Butte du Mesnil resulted in the capture of 40 prisoners by the French.

Serbian Crossing Vardar.

London, Sept. 24.—Serbian troops continue crossing the Vardar river southeast and northeast of Monastir and are in contact with the Bulgarians. The Bulgarians are burning villages and stores of material. The Serbians, however, have captured great quantities of material.

Many Bulgarians Deserting.

Paris, Sept. 24.—Many Bulgarian troops are deserting along the Macedonian front. It is reported that over 500 men in one regiment have been executed at the command of German officers.

Bulgarians Give Explanation.

Sofia, Sept. 24.—As a result of our front giving way in the angle between the Cerna and the Vardar, our adjacent units were withdrawn to new positions south of Prilep and north of

ONE YEAR AGO TODAY IN THE WAR.

United States Government fixed the prices for steel. Six persons killed in a German air raid on London. Paris reported the repulse of enemy attacks on the French and British fronts.

NEGRO HANGED TODAY.

By Associated Press.

San Antonio, Texas, Sept. 24.—Private William D. Boone, a negro soldier of Co. I, 24th Infantry, was hanged today at daybreak this morning at Fort Sam Houston for participation in the Houston riot in August, 1917.

OBSERVE GEDAECHTNISS TAG.

Pennsburg, Pa., Sept. 24.—A score of ministers and hundreds of followers of the Schwenkfelder faith held their annual assembly at the Schwenkfelder Church at Palm today for the annual Gedächtnis Tag celebration. The day commemorates the anniversary of the landing of the first band of Schwenkfelders on the banks of the Delaware in 1734, to which they fled to escape persecutions in Germany. Each year since that time the adherents of the faith have gathered for memorial services. During the Revolutionary War the services extended only half a day, owing to the inability of the soldiers to absent themselves from the army for a longer period.

EVEN THE CROWN PRINCE.

An apt story is going the rounds, to the effect that a certain German, on his native heath, upon being drafted for service in the kaiser's army, claimed exemption on the grounds that he was 55 years old.

"That's nothing," replied the recruiting officer, "Hindenburg is past 70!"

"But one of my arms is paralyzed," pursued the unwilling recruit.

"That won't exempt you from serving your country. The kaiser's left arm is utterly useless!" countered the officer.

"Also," insisted the victim of kultur, "my mind is out of balance; at times I am an absolute imbecile!"

"Go get into your uniform!" the recruiting officer commanded

THE LAREDO TIMES

PENN PUBLISHING COMPANY
Publishers and Proprietors.

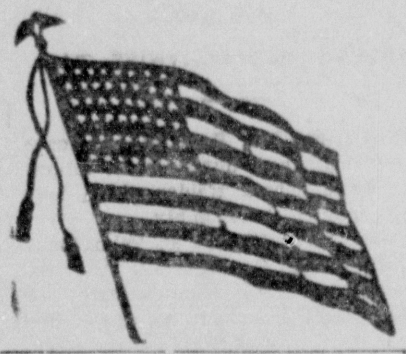
Terms:—Published every evening except Sunday, daily by mail postpaid, to any point in the United States, Mexico or Canada, or delivered by carrier to any part of Laredo, or New Laredo, Mexico.

One copy, one month.... 50 cts.
One copy, one year..... \$5.00
Weekly:—Published Sunday, by mail postpaid to any point in the United States, Mexico or Canada:
One copy, one year..... \$2.00
One copy, six months..... 1.00
One copy, three months..... .60
Subscriptions invariably due and payable in advance.

Address communications to
PENN PUBLISHING CO.
Telephone 43, Laredo, Texas.

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... This paper has enlisted with the government in the cause of America for the period of the war

From Monday's Daily.

WILL METZ HOLD OUT?

The Germans are at present much exercised over the bombardment of Metz, no matter how calmly they profess to view the matter. For over three centuries in the hands of the French, Metz has been German for a matter of but forty-seven years and during that entire period not a month has passed without some effort on the part of the Germans to strengthen its natural defenses not so much because of its strategic importance as for the sentiment which attaches to it.

Metz became the capital of Lorraine on the partition of the Carolingian realms in 843. It became a free imperial city in the twelfth century and attained great commercial prosperity. In 1552 it fell into the hands of the French through treachery and was successfully defended by the Duke of Guise against Charles V. It was later ceded to France along with Toul and Verdun, and remained in French hands until 1870, when it was surrendered to the Germans by Marshal Bazaine, after an investment of ten weeks, during which not a shot was fired at the town.

The fortifications of Metz consist of an inner circle of bastions and an outer circle of large detached forts on the surrounding hills. The garrison in peace times is 20,000 men, but no doubt there are many times that number now defending the great fortress, which with Straasburg form the two great bulwarks of the German western frontier.

It is useless for Germany to deny that there is grave apprehension on the part of the military authorities as to the ultimate fate of Metz. Its capture would go a long way toward forcing the evacuation of the rest of Lorraine by the Germans, and it is certain that whatever peace terms are finally accepted by the allies will include the recession of Lorraine and Alsace to France. The dismantling of the fortress would no doubt follow any decision to abandon the stronghold.

With Metz once in their grasp, the allies would be in a position to march upon the Rhine with little trouble, for Straasburg would also be in danger once the sister fortress had fallen. And the sentiment of the greater part of the Lorrainers is in favor of the allies, as the Germans have found repeatedly since the beginning of the war. All the stern repressive measures of the German military authorities have been futile to keep the natives from going over to the French ranks and many hundreds of French officers belong to that country.

Naturally the French will wish to do as little damage as possible to the town, which boasts of a beautiful cathedral begun in the thirteenth century and just finished before the French captured the town. There are many other important edifices in Metz, many of them constructed during French occupancy, although some of them antedate even the French possession prior to the fifteenth century.

The commerce and industry of Metz suffered a severe blow with the

withdrawal of French capital after the cession to Germany in 1871. At present the main industry is iron and munitions for the Germans, although there is still some trade in leather, timber, wines, brandies, liquors, preserved fruits and hardware.

In the nearly half century since Germany occupied the town it has been found impossible to secure the love and goodwill of the inhabitants. This is mainly because of the difficult German character, but also because the Lorrainers are French at heart, and will always remain so.

The inhabitants of the entire province are praying for French success, although those in the military towns do not dare to openly express their opinions. The newspapers are subsidized German organs, where they are not official German publications, and the people of Lorraine have little means of expressing a political opinion, except by leaving their country and going to France.

If Metz should fall soon into allied hands, there would be such rejoicing on the part of the natives as has never before been witnessed. Many are secretly preserving French flags, and they will welcome the French with joy.

WON'T BE RATIONED.

It is gratifying to learn that we are not to be rationed, as practically all the other belligerent nations have been. This is Mr. Hoover's latest statement to the American people, but he also says that "If the American people keep down their consumption of wheat and fats, it will not be necessary to put them on an allowance."

Here is where the shoe pinches. There are many right now who would be eating more than their share of sugar were they not limited to an allowance, and by the same token they probably need to be allowed to keep them from eating more than their share of wheat and fats.

Some people are so constituted as to think only of "Number One," and they have no consideration whatever for other people. It is fortunate for us all that this class represents but a small share of the American public, and that the great majority are willing to deny themselves a little in order that the remainder may receive their just share.

Before the war is over we shall be lacking many things which so far have been easy to get—at least for those who had the money to pay for them. Cotton is going to be much scarcer, and wool is becoming so scarce that the clothing dealers are unable to secure any promise of their normal stock for the coming year.

One Laredo dealer who recently returned from the Eastern markets said that all he was able to secure on contract for next season was Palm Beach clothing, and where he asked for \$5,000 worth, he was given only \$1,200 worth.

But so far we have been the one privileged nation of the world. We have had plenty of all that was needed, and we have been able to send a large amount of our surplus to our allies. We are keeping our armies in the field supplied with all they could wish, even were they at home. The only thing which has operated to keep our soldiers at the front from receiving plenty of food was the lack of transportation facilities, and this lack is now being overcome.

In England and France there has been a serious lack of staples, and the people have been forced to use many makeshifts to get the amount of food necessary to keep up bodily energy. Thanks to our supplies of meat and wheat, they are now better off than for the two previous years.

Those who complain of a shortage of luxuries and a lesser supply of necessities should remember that there are people in the allied countries who have not had a square meal in three years. They are merely existing, with a perpetual hunger gnawing at their vitals, and many thousands have died of actual starvation.

So far we have not suffered from lack of food, and now comes the gratifying intelligence that we are not even to be put on short allowance. We must merely use the amount of wheat substitutes that are recommended and cut down our waste of fats, and the rest "shall be added unto us."

What a difference between our lot and that of the Serbians, some of whom have not seen a piece of bread for two years. Our people do not have to use disgusting synthetic substitutes for any of their staples. There is plenty of food—good, wholesome, nourishing food—for all, and only the price makes it difficult for some to receive their just share.

In the days to come we shall find it necessary to be a trifle more economical with our food, clothing and shoes. We shall have to wear the old clothes a little longer, to have our shoes half-soled, to be content with something which is not a "this season's model."

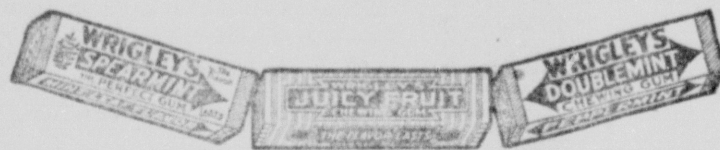
But if this is the extent of our sacrifice, we shall not suffer. The people who suffer are those who daily watch their children growing paler and thinner for the lack of that which would keep life in them. Those who see the winter drawing on with no hope of fuel and warm clothing, and many of them without adequate shelter, are in worse condition than any of us.

We are the most happily situated people in the world today. We have plenty, provided we do not waste, and we have a bountiful supply back of us for the coming years of the war.

WRIGLEY'S

For Victory Buy Liberty Bonds

We will win this war—
Nothing else really matters until we do!



The Flavor Lasts

TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES. IN THE DAYS NEWS.

SEPTEMBER

1786—John England, first Catholic bishop of Charleston, S. C., born in Cork, Ireland. Died in Charleston, April 11, 1842.

1862—United States troops defeated the Sioux Indians in a sharp battle at Wood Lake, Minn.

1870—Toul was surrendered by the French to the Prussians, after a gallant resistance.

1886—The Unitarian Church Temperance Society was organized at Saratoga.

1888—Francis Achille Bazaine, the Marshal of France who surrendered Metz to the Germans, died in exile in Madrid. Born at Versailles, Feb. 13, 1811.

1893—The Lord Mayor of Dublin arrived in New York City.

1914—French captured Peronne on German right wing.

1915—Greece mobilized her army in reply to Bulgarian mobilization.

1916—Twelve Zeppelins in night raid over London and the English east coast killed thirty-eight persons and injured 125.

Yellow complexion, pimples and disfiguring blemishes on the face or body can be gotten rid of by doting the liver, which is torpid. HERBINE is a powerful liver correctant. It purifies the system, stimulates the vital organs and puts the body in fine vigorous condition. Price 50c. Sold by all druggists.

TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS.

SEPTEMBER

Rev. James L. Barton, secretary of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, born at Charlotte, Vt., 22 years ago today.

Henry Abraham, Boston labor leader and publicist, born at Buffalo, N. Y., 63 years ago today.

Dr. Sidney E. Mezes, president of the College of the City of New York, born at Belmont, Cal., 53 years ago today.

Joseph D. Sayers, former governor of Texas, born at Grandpa, Miss., 77 years ago today.

Charles (Heinie) Wagner, former infielder, later coach of the Boston American league baseball team, born in New York, 27 years ago today.

Great Faith in Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy.

"Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy was used by my father about a year ago when he had diarrhoea. It relieved him immediately and by taking three doses he was absolutely cured. He has great faith in this remedy," writes Mrs. W. H. Williams, Stanley, N. Y.

George F. O'Shaunessy, who is slated for nomination for United States senator by the Rhode Island State Democratic convention which meets in Providence today, is the present representative of the First Rhode Island district in the lower house of Congress. Born 50 years in Ireland, Mr. O'Shaunessy accompanied his parents to the United States in infancy. His youth was passed in New York City. After completing the law course at Columbia University he began the practice of his profession in the metropolis. Soon he became prominent in Democratic politics. He served for a time as deputy attorney-general of New York and later as assistant corporation counsel. In 1907 he took up his residence in Providence, where he continued his active interest in politics. One term in the Rhode Island legislature was followed by his election to Congress in 1911.

CUSTOMS OFFICIALS HERE ON AN INSPECTION VISIT

Collector of Customs Coleman and Chief Deputy Collector Ed. Cotulla Spending Today in Laredo.

Collector of Customs T. A. Coleman and Chief Deputy Collector Ed. Cotulla are among the visitors in the city, arriving here yesterday morning via the automobile route from a visit to Brownsville, Rio Grande City and Zapata.

The customs officials are on an inspection trip of the various suburbs comprising the San Antonio district, of which Laredo is the most important of entry from Mexico, and they are spending today here on business with the local customs branch, which is in charge of Miss Mary Devine, deputy collector of customs in charge.

TAX ROLLS OF WEBB COUNTY GONE TO THE COMPTROLLER

Increase in Tax Valuations in the County the Present Year Are About \$700,000 Over Year 1917.

The tax rolls of Webb county, prepared by Tax Assessor B. J. Leyendecker and his assistants, have been sent to the comptroller at Austin. The rolls are neatly prepared and a credit to those having to do with their make-up.

According to the tabulations made on the rolls the tax valuations of Webb county for the year show an increase of approximately \$700,000 over the valuations of the preceding year.

GARBAGE Questions and Answers



Is it true that garbage as collected in cities contains valuable material? Yes. It contains grease, materials convertible into agricultural fertilizers, and material valuable as food for hogs, chickens, and cattle.

Has not the amount of such valuable materials been decreased or eliminated? Decreased but not eliminated. Reports from a number of cities show about 13 per cent decrease in garbage collected and with a much greater decrease in the percentage of grease content in such garbage. It is impossible to eliminate garbage because of the inedible nature of certain portions of our foods.

Can not the valuable ingredients in such garbage be recovered? Yes. Twenty-nine of our larger cities are recovering about 72,000,000 pounds of grease and 150,000 tons of agricultural fertilizer per annum. The total present value of these materials is over \$11,000,000. Numerous other cities are likewise utilizing all or part of their garbage as food for hogs, chickens, or cattle.

Are not large amounts wasted? Yes, and even worse than wasted. In many cities considerable coal and other fuels are employed to destroy the garbage. Over 350 cities of more than 10,000 population, a total of over 4,000,000 people, do not utilize their garbage.

Could such cities conveniently make use of their garbage? In most cases, yes. Twenty-five are of over 100,000 population, of sufficient size to recover grease and manufacture fertilizer. These are destroying about 30,000,000 pounds of grease and 60,000,000 tons of fertilizer tankage valued at nearly \$5,000,000. This grease would produce over 4,000,000 pounds of nitroglycerine and 65,000,000 12-ounce cakes of soap. The garbage from the remaining cities could almost all be utilized as feed.

What use is being made of the grease and fertilizer? The grease produced is utilized for making nitroglycerine, soaps, waterproofing compounds, paints, etc. The fertilizer is used in agriculture. The grease now produced contains sufficient glycerine to produce the powder charge for about 16,000,000 75-mm. shells and sufficient acids for about 200,000,000 12-ounce cakes of soap. The fertilizer anhydrous produced would replace the nitrogen and other elements taken from the soil by about 3,000,000 bushels of wheat.

How is this grease and fertilizer obtained from garbage? By extraction in modern garbage reduction plants.

Is this better than feeding such garbage to hogs? It has certain advantages, mainly due to the garbage from the larger cities containing foreign materials which might be harmful if fed to hogs. The gross returns per ton of garbage are practically identical whether treated by the reduction process of fed to hogs. The reduction process, however, is applicable only to large cities, while hog feeding can be successfully carried on in the smallest communities.

How much pork is produced annually on garbage feed? About 300 cities of over 10,000 population and totaling more than 9,000,000 people are feeding their garbage to hogs. The amount of pork actually marketed exceeds 10,000,000 pounds.

How much pork can be produced by using one ton of garbage as feed? One hundred pounds of pork.

Is there any evidence that garbage-fed hogs are more subject to disease or trichinosis than grain-fed hogs? No.

How do grain feed and garbage feed compare? Gains in weight are not made as rapidly with garbage as with grain. Six pounds of garbage in recent tests were found to give the same total gain as a ration of four pounds of grain.

Can the difference between garbage-fed hogs and grain-fed hogs be detected in quality of pork? Experts can not tell the difference.



TIMES WANT ADS.
\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ Money Makers \$ \$ \$ \$ \$

LOCAL NEWS

—Laredo people were entertained by watching a battle plane hovering over the city yesterday afternoon, the plane arriving Saturday evening. Laredo is being accustomed to seeing aeroplanes now and the novelty that was apparent some weeks ago when the squadron of planes visited Laredo has now worn off.

—Edward Green, florist. Day and night phone Crockett 4107. Ave. C at 8th St., San Antonio, Texas. 2-25-1f

—We sell Gage hats. Miss M. Saltee. 9-17-1m

—Advices have been received here of the safe arrival overseas of Corporal Geo. M. Beckelhymer, Jr., Co. A, 513th Engrs. (Ser. Bn.) The young man is a son of George M. Beckelhymer of this city.

—Lady Spanish teacher. Apply 1318 San Agustín Ave. 9-23-1m

—We will repair and put in order faulty plumbing installations. Juarez Plumbing Co. 419 Matamoros. 2-11-1f

—The many friends of H. A. Sauvignat, father of Dr. E. H. Sauvignat and Mrs. T. K. Hamilton, will be pleased to learn that there was some improvement noted in his condition today, but he is still quite ill at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Hamilton.

—We paint automobiles; also make auto tops. Fidel Cantu, Phone 202. 6-15-1f

—Mrs. Jose Benavides is in receipt of a letter from her son, Sergeant Luis Benavides, who is now "Over there," announcing that he is ready for the fray with the Huns and is in excellent spirits.

—The Crescent Garage is the busiest shop in town. Why? 4-10-1f

—The following marriage licenses have been issued by the county clerk since last report: Reuben B. Lott and Miss Magdalena Perez, Pablo Martinez and Miss Bernardina Gonzales, Antonio Castillo and Miss Sara Andrade, Victoriano Gonzales and Mrs. Felicitas Caballo, Enrique Sandoval and Miss Luisa Loera.

—Call 821 for Super-Six service car City rates. 8-28-1m

—The Fourth Liberty Bond campaign begins on next Saturday. Are you ready to take your full amount of the bonds? Have you figured out the largest amount of the bonds that you are able to take? This is the time to get ready and figure out what you can take so as not to delay the work when the soliciting committees call on you for your subscription.

—New fall line Gossard corsets and brassieres. Miss M. Saltee. 9-17-1m

—The rush to get permits to cross to and from Mexico is still on in full blast at the federal building, where the immigration authorities are kept busy issuing permits to persons going to and from Mexico. Most of the permits being issued, however, are to people residing in the two Laredos and who have business that carry them from one side of the Rio Grande to the other.

—Teacher of Gregg shorthand and Spanish and English. Apply Will W. Gregg, Times office; residence 812 Farragut street. 4-27-1f

—The Crescent Garage is the busiest shop in town. Why? 4-10-1f

—The following importations from Mexico passed through the port of Laredo this morning: Nine carloads of iron, two carloads of calamine and one carload of copper.

—The Belmont, Rooms and apartments, 602 Main Ave. Phone 576 or 1617. 6-20-1f

—Will handle on commission alfalfa and cane in bales, large or small lots. Policarpo Cavazos, 519 Victoria street. 9-2-1m

—Mr. W. C. Greenstreet and family have moved their residence from 801 Houston street to the Valls cottage 1106 Houston street.

—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans. 4-24-1f

—W. F. Galbraith is in receipt of a letter from his son, Sergeant Charles Galbraith, who is "over there," stating that he is encamped within hearing of the big guns. He says he is doing well and requests that his best regards be given all his Laredo friends.

—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office; residence 812 Farragut street. Residence phone 348. 4-27-1f

—Mrs. T. J. Guernsey is in receipt of a telegram from her son, Sergeant Tom Guernsey, who had his leg amputated below the knee some time ago as the result of injuries received in a wreck, stating that he left Shreveport last night for Walter Reed Hospital, Takoma Park, Washington, D. C., where he will receive advanced treatment.

—If it is neat and accurate job printing that you want send your orders to The Times job department. Expert workmanship and the best of materials. 1-9-1f

Notice.

We pay best cash prices for Liberty Bonds. We buy and sell stocks. Write us.

MORGAN YATTER CO.
1210 Southwestern Life Bldg.
Dallas, Texas.

8-3-1f

A LITTLE TOUCH OF WINTER HAS IMPROVED CONDITIONS

COOL WEATHER PREVAILING HERE ENJOYED BY ALL.

Weather Conditions Are Favorable For Growing Crops, Although Rain Would Be of Inestimable Value.

From the standpoint of weather conditions, this is the ideal season of the year, as the days are pleasant, the nights are cool and the mornings have just sufficient chill to require coats to be worn at least in the early hours. Gentle northerly winds creep along now at frequent intervals until winter sets in in earnest, and the predictions of the weather prophets are that the coming winter will be a severe one.

With the present spell of cool weather prevailing conditions generally are most favorable for vegetation, and as there is lots of seed of all kind in the ground now, in a state of germination and others not yet advanced to that stage through late planting, the cool weather will contribute to helping, while if a good rain should come at the time the seed would sprout quickly and attain a good stand before real winter sets in. October is generally a month of showers and heavy rains, and if they come within the next few weeks hereabouts the Laredo section will soon be transformed into a region of growing crops of all kinds, as diversification is being practiced by numerous farmers this year who have heretofore devoted their attention exclusively to the culture of Bermuda onions. However, until a good rain comes, irrigation is being resorted to and moisture applied to vegetable fields in this way.

DESTROYS SLEEP.

Many Laredo People Testify to This.

You can't sleep at night. With aches and pains of bad back. When you have to get up from urinary troubles. If the kidneys are at fault. Set them working right with Doan's Kidney Pills.

Here is Laredo proof of their merit. J. C. Stein, barber, 1620 Lincoln St., says: "Some time ago I came down with a severe backache and it hurt me to stoop over or straighten. My kidneys acted too freely and I was obliged to get up five or six times during the night. I had heard Doan's Kidney Pills highly recommended so I started using them. Two boxes entirely removed the trouble and I haven't been bothered since."

Price 60c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Stein had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgs. Buffalo, N. Y.

TO RED CROSS MEMBERS.

All members of Webb County Chapter, American Red Cross, in arrears will please remit at once or they will be dropped from the roll on Oct. 1 without further notice. Dues may be paid to Miss Anita Brulard, Secretary, 1110 Matamoros street. Ring up 351 and find out whether or not you are in arrears.

People Speak Well of Chamberlain's Tablets.

"I have been selling Chamberlain's Tablets for about two years and heard such good reports from my customers that I concluded to give them a trial myself, and can say that I do not believe there is another preparation of the kind equal to them," writes G. A. McBride, Headford, Ont. If you are troubled with indigestion or constipation give them a trial. They will do you good.

Notice of Removal.

The Economy Grocery has moved to the Brannan building at the corner of Hidalgo street and Salinas avenue, where they are better prepared than ever to serve their customers.

8-29-1f

SEPTEMBER

The "Rainbow" Division reviewed at Camp Mills by Secretary of War Baker.

British destroyer sunk in English Channel by German submarine—50 of crew saved.

Argentina deferred action against Germany on receipt of disavowal of Luxemburg's action.

When the bowels feel uncomfortable and you miss the exhilarating feeling that always follows a copious morning operation, a dose of HERBINE will set you right in a couple of hours. If taken at bedtime you get its beneficial effect after breakfast next day. Price 50c. Sold by all druggists.

BELL-ANS

Absolutely Removes Indigestion. Druggists refund money if it fails. 4-25c

8-3-1f

GLASSCOCK IS CERTIFIED AS NOMINEE FOR SENATOR

SECRETARY OF STATE TAKES ACTION IN CONTEST.

Senator Parr institutes suit for Review of Decision to Determine Legal Nominee.

Secretary of State George F. Howard has certified the name of D. W. Glasscock of Hidalgo county as the democratic nominee for state senator from the Twenty-third Senatorial District, in which district Archie Parr of Duval county received the nomination on the face of the returns. This is expected to produce a lawsuit in order that the courts may decide who is the legally nominated democratic nominee. Senator Parr's counsel has already instituted a suit of review at Edinburg, Hidalgo county, for a court decision to determine the legal nominee, in which he alleges that he is the rightful candidate.

Two senatorial conventions were held at Corpus Christi. Glasscock was nominated by one and Parr by the other. Glasscock alleged fraud in Duval county, where Parr received 1,326 votes to 23 for Glasscock.

The state convention at Waco refused representation to Duval county and on the recommendation of the committee on platform and resolutions adopted a resolution requesting the secretary of state to certify the name of Glasscock as the democratic nominee.

MANY ATTENDED THE HORSE RACE HELD AT SAN IGNACIO

Event at San Ignacio Yesterday Elicited Much Interest and Bay Horse Won Race by Two Lengths.

An interesting event, a big horse race, was held at San Ignacio, Zapata county, forty-five miles down the Rio Grande from Laredo, yesterday morning at 10 o'clock, attended by several thousand people, including representatives from Laredo, Del Rio and from all parts of this section, and much interest was manifested in the outcome of the race, which took place near the United States army camp at San Ignacio on one of the principal streets of the town.

The race at 400 yards was between a fine bay horse put in by Federico Gonzales and Zaragoza Dominguez of Zapata county, and a big black horse owned by Jose Maria Uribe of San Ignacio. The betting odds were on the bay horse from the outset, and the result of the race was that the bay horse won by two lengths, hitting the clip in fast time and recalling the old-time races that took place in this section in the days of long ago, when horse-racing was a popular sport and races were held frequently.

Colonel H. T. Ferguson, commander of the Laredo District, together with other officers and a number of enlisted men, witnessed the races.

SEED SHIPPED TO NEW YORK FROM TENERIFE ARRIVES

Roy Campbell and Congressman Garner Got Busy to Assure the Safe Delivery of the Onion Seed.

Following the exchange of telegrams between Roy Campbell and Congressman John N. Garner regarding the tracing of a shipment of onion seed from Tenerife to this country, which has since reached Galveston safely, the following communication from the U. S. Department of Agriculture is of interest:

Washington, D. C. Sept. 16, 1918.

Hon. John N. Garner,

House of Representatives.

Dear Mr. Garner:—The telegrams addressed to you under date of September 4 and 6 by Mr. Roy Campbell of San Antonio, Texas, are returned herewith. After some investigation here regarding the movement of the two steamers in question and an exchange of telegrams with Mr. Campbell on September 13, I wired the agent of the Wells-Fargo Express Company, Havana, as follows:

"Please wire collect any information which you can secure with reference to five thousand pounds of onion seed from T. M. Reid, Tenerife, Canary Islands, by steamer Montevideo about July twentieth for Roy Campbell, San Antonio, Texas, and same amount consignor and consignee from Tenerife about July twenty-fifth by steamer Cadiz. These vessels did not move direct to United States ports and consignments apparently were transhipped there."

I am in receipt of his reply today which reads as follows:

"Seed arriving Montevideo shipped American Express New York, September 17th. Cases did not show ultimate consignee. Cadiz seed will leave next ship to New York. All shipping papers sent direct to New York from island."

The information given I have just transmitted to Mr. Campbell by wire. Very truly yours,

CHARLEY BROWN,
Chief of Bureau

In every home where there are children there should be a bottle of WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE. It destroys worms and acts as a tonic in the debilitated system. Price 25c per bottle. Sold by all druggists.



Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt
Society Editor

Phone 70 Phone 43

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Monday.

There will be a meeting of the Woman's Club at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

The regular weekly "at home" for the soldiers and their friends at the Library in the evening.

Tuesday.

The members of the Alpha Club will meet at 8:30 o'clock in the morning at the residence of Mrs. Darlo Sanchez to knit for the Red Cross.

The Junior Auxiliary will meet at the Rectory at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

There will be a special meeting of the Women's Missionary Society at the Methodist Church at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

There will be a meeting of the Tuesday Knitting Circle with Mrs. Simpson at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Community Singing at the Soldiers' Club in the evening.

General Mention.

Judge T. D. Cobb of San Antonio is a guest at the Bender.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert L. Muller returned home today from a visit to relatives at San Marcos.

Mrs. J. O. Buenz left Saturday for San Antonio on a visit to relatives and friends.

Miss Evelyn Moore and brothers, Phillip and James, children of Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Moore left Saturday night for college. Miss Moore goes to Ward Belmont University at Nashville, Tenn., while the young men go to Staunton Military Institute at Staunton, Va.

W. H. Sweetman, accompanied by his daughter, Miss Georgia, left Saturday for Oklahoma, where they will visit for several weeks. They will also visit in Fort Worth and San Antonio before returning home.

Judge and Mrs. Hal W. Greer will leave early in the week as expected, but will leave next Sunday. Judge Greer goes to accompany his two grandsons, Willis and Hal, to join their mother at Texarkana. Mrs. Greer will visit in Beaumont and Sulphur, La.

The following card has just been received from Miss Elsie Werner, from Chester, Nova Scotia: "I am having the most wonderful time. Chester is such a beautiful place. We have had such cold weather. I am leaving for Maryland on the 23rd for school. I am going to the Hannah More Academy, Riestertown, Md."

Ed. Mann, who has been at Fort Sheridan for the past two months, is at home on a short furlough. He expects to return to the Baylor University, Waco, in a few days as Military Instructor.

Rev. E. M. Lewis of Devine was among those attending the Rio Grande Baptist Association meeting the latter part of last week. He preached at the Baptist Church on Sunday.

Lieut. John Seymour, after a short visit to his mother, returned to San Antonio last night.

Mr. T. A. Austin returned Saturday from San Antonio, where he attended the Red Cross Convention.

Mrs. Ray McClane will be the houseguest of Mrs. L. A. Morrow this week.

Miss Lottie DeSpain left yesterday for Realitos to spend two weeks with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Larsen and Mrs. Graham, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Peyton Kerr for the week-end, have returned home.

Mrs. H. Stow Garlick returned yesterday from a delightful visit to relatives in Cincinnati, Ohio.

Miss Grace Chapman of San Antonio is visiting her brother, Captain J. O. Chapman.

Mrs. E. M. Matson is in Falfurrias, visiting her brother, Mr. O. D. Kirkland, and family.

Mrs. A. J. Elstetter and family of North Laredo have rented their place and moved into the city.

Miss Jennie Devine is expected home today from San Marcos. She accompanied Miss Ella Hansen there on Friday night.

Red Cross Notes.

Mrs. W. W. MacGregor, chairman of the Red Cross Knitting Unit, reports that she sent out a box contain-

ing 100 beautifully made sweaters the latter part of the week. This is the first shipment of Laredo's quota in the knitting work.

Miss Gladys O'Brien has been appointed official stenographer of the Webb County Chapter, American Red Cross. Committee chairmen will find her during business hours at American Express Co.'s office, ready at all times to take their direction.

The Tuesday Knitting Circle held a very pleasant meeting on Saturday afternoon with Mrs. C. Withoff. The time was pleasantly passed in knitting and conversation. Those present were Mrs. Matson, Mrs. M. M. Leyendecker, Mrs. Ulmer, Mrs. Sam Withoff and the hostess.

The following press despatch will be of interest to those who have men in France:

Christmas packages for the two and a half million or more American soldiers who will be in France during the holiday season this year will be delivered under an arrangement with the Red Cross. It was announced today by the War Department.

In order to control the flood of gifts that otherwise would make the handling of them impracticable, the department has decided that only one parcel will be accepted for each man. General Pershing is forwarding coupons bearing the name and address of each member of the expeditionary force, to be distributed to the next of kin.

These coupons must be attached to standard containers 9x4x3 inches in size which will be provided by local Red Cross chapters upon application. All packages must be mailed before November 15.

Entertainment.

A pleasant hospitality of the past week was the miscellaneous shower given at the Latin-American Club in honor of Miss Aminta Rodriguez, a bride of the week. A series of games of contest were played and the high score went to Miss Lila Martinez, who received a beautiful piece of lingerie. A delicious ice cream course followed the games, served from a table attractively decorated in cut flowers and ferns. Flower favors were presented each guest. About twenty-five guests enjoyed the gracious hospitality of the occasion. The hostesses were the bridesmaids, Misses Annie Pierce, Pepa Rodriguez, D. Martinez, Lila Martinez, and Mrs. Antonia Didiu and Mrs. Ferrara. The honoree received many lovely gifts.

Lott-Perez.

Saturday evening at the home of the bride's father, Irineo Perez, Miss Magdalena Perez was married to Mr. Reuben Lott, Co. A. Thirty-seventh Infantry, Rev. Chas. W. Cook, rector of Christ Church, reading the sacred ceremony. The witnesses were: Dr. and Mrs. Manuel T. Leal, Luis D. Guerra and Miss Concepcion Garcia and Sgt. Jas. W. Nix and Miss Isabel Castillo. Ice cream and cake were served after the wedding ceremony, and Miss Francisca Gonzalez rendered several piano selections. A pleasant surprise was given the bride by the unexpected arrival of her uncle, Rev. Pedro Grado, Methodist minister of Alice, Texas, and formerly located in Laredo. Many beautiful presents were received by the bride, and all joined in wishing her and her soldier husband long life and prosperity.

A Former Laredo Boy.

Thinking perhaps the teachers in this city of Dr. Jesse T. McClelland would like to hear of his success in an educational way, we take this from a budget of news. Dr. McClelland is a Laredo, Texas, boy, having graduated from the high school here and then from the University of Texas. He is now on furlough from the University of Minnesota, where he holds a lifetime position as assistant professor of physiology, and is nutrition officer at Camp Fremont, Palo Alto, California, during the war. It will be of interest, too, to his many friends to know that he is an author, having written "Physical Chemistry of Vital Phenomena for Students and Investigators in the Biological and Chemical Sciences," and it has been adopted in the curriculum of the University of Minnesota. Laredo is always proud to hear of the success of her former sons.

The Kind of Garments Needed.

The drive for clothing for the needy French and Belgian refugees is for this week only. Should the canvassers fail to find you, send packages to T. A. Austin's office on Friday, or phone R. A. Millar, No. 577, and they will be called for.

Every kind of garment, for all ages and both sexes, is urgently needed. In addition, piece goods—light, warm cotton flannel and other kinds of cloth from which to make garments for new-born babies, ticking, sheeting and blankets, woolen goods of any kind—and shoes of every size are asked for. Scrap leather is needed for repairing footwear.

Since the articles will be subjected to the hardest kind of wear, only garments made of strong and durable materials should be sent. It is useless to offer to any afflicted population garments of flimsy material or gaudy coloring. Make the gifts practical. Garments needed are: Shirts, un-

PERSONALS

Judge T. D. Cobb of San Antonio is a guest at the Bender.

W. H. Davis of Carrizo Springs arrived in the city yesterday and left this morning for Cotulla.

Thos. Worsham of Dolores arrived in the city Saturday and left that night for San Antonio.

Captain S. E. Leonard, local manager of the Western Union Telegraph Co., has returned from Washington and New York, where he spent his vacation.

Sam W. Brown, cashier of the Laredo National Bank, returned yesterday from a business visit to various parts of the state.

B. M. Alexander and Charles Deutz left here yesterday for Dallas, where they go to attend a conference of war work chairmen, both county and district, which is in session in the North Texas metropolis this week.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Bender:—J. M. Myrick, New York; W. R. Askin, Guadalajara, Mex.; J. N. Sutton, New York; Ed. G. Gerardo, Vollo, San Antonio; E. Rule and wife, F. Vidal, Mexico City; Leon Clair and wife, Monterey; Bond Coleman, Mound City, Kan.; J. C. Chaney, Houston; W. H. Yeager and wife, Lela D. Limon, Hebronville; Geo. M. Thurmond, San Antonio; B. J. McDowell, R. E. Doughty, Del Rio; R. O. Burns, Chicago; R. O. Tackett, College Station; Wm. H. Davis, C. H. Gordon, Crystal City; J. L. Forrest, D. M. Forrest, F. F. Clenton, San Antonio; J. J. Majorsack, Mexico City; Luis Sanchez, Del Rio; C. A. Douglas, Washington, D. C.; T. D. Cobbs, San Antonio.

DISTRICT COURT AT ZAPATA CONVENES ON NEXT MONDAY

Regular Session of Forty-ninth Judicial District in Zapata County Will Be Convened Next Week.

District court for the Forty-ninth Judicial District in Zapata county will be convened at Carrizo in Zapata county on next Monday morning, September 30, and continue in session for one week if necessary.

District Judge Mullally, District Attorney Valls and Court Reporter Seb Wilcox will leave here in time to be on hand for the convening of court and will remain there as long as necessary to transact the business coming before the short term of the tribunal there.

ODD AND INTERESTING.

The ram is the most ancient of ship weapons.

Five out of the last nine Czars of Russia have been assassinated.

The Vatican contains 1,000 halls and rooms, and covers 14 acres of ground.

Returned soldiers who have lost limbs are carried free on the street railway in Calgary.

In 1882 Professor Mitscherlich, a Swede, first produced paper from bleached wood pulp on a commercial scale.

One of the largest confectionery establishments in the world, employing 2,500 hands, is located in the Japanese city of Tokyo.

The helmets used by the Allied soldiers in the trenches as a protection against the snipers and shrapnel contain a considerable proportion of aluminum.

No British bluejacket while aboard ship is permitted to whistle the national anthem or the Dead March in "Saul," unless it is being played by the band.

The first Pekingese dog in England was taken to that country as a present to Queen Victoria in 1861. It had been found in the palace at Peking by an English soldier.

Since the commencement of the war the old time whistle has been abolished in most of the lumber mills and camps in the Pacific Northwest. The men now go to work in the morning and cease work in the evening with the raising and lowering of the American flag.

No troops undergo such a hard training as the French Chasseurs Alpins, popularly called the "Blue Devils." In addition to the regular training for infantry, they are taken for three months to the mountains, where they undergo a drilling that would kill or disable any but the strongest men.

derwear, trousers and coats, overalls, shoes, overcoats, socks. For women: Skirts, drawers, corset-slips, petticoats, blouses, overcoats, cloth hats, knitted caps and stockings.

Also the same sort of wear for boys and girls. Men's shirts and pajamas so worn or shrunken as to be no longer serviceable can be utilized for making children's garments.

Do not send: Garments of flimsy material or gaudy coloring, ball dresses, high-heeled slippers, etc. Stiff hats, either straw, dress or derby. Anything containing rubber. Books, toys, soap or toilet articles. Notes or communications of any sort positively must not be sent.

Ten millions of people need clothing. Do what you can, and then some.

GENERAL ALLENBY HAS TAKEN 25,000 TURKS AND MORE THAN 260 BIG CANNON

Serbian in Macedonia Capture Ten Thousand Prisoners and 120 Cannon, and the Allied Forces Everywhere are Continuing Their Triumphal Progress—Even Berlin Acknowledges a British Success.

GREAT CONCLAVE OF BANKERS.

By Associated Press.

London, Sept. 23.—Twenty-five thousand Turkish prisoners and 260 guns had been counted up to yesterday by General Allenby's forces pushing northward through Palestine. The Seventh and Eighth Turkish armies have virtually ceased to exist and the entire transport of these armies was captured by the British.

Serbians Capture 10,000.

London, Sept. 23.—The Serbians have captured between 9,000 and 10,000 prisoners and 121 guns.

Allied Troops Progressing.

Paris, Sept. 23.—During September 21 the French and Serbian armies broke across the Massif of Drachevsko, serious resistance being offered by the Bulgarian rear guards, reinforced by Germans. The allied troops have progressed to the north of Lezard and Kvardar and reached the Vardar in the direction of Negotin and Djivikapi. The enemy had destroyed much property near Gradko and in the Vardar and Lake Doiran regions. Railway stations, munition parks and aviation supplies have been destroyed.

Serbian Cut Railway Line.

London, Sept. 23.—Serbian troops have cut the railway line between Uskul and Salonki and are on the western bank of the Vardar river.

Enemy Begin Retirement.

Paris, Sept. 23.—On the eastern side of the Cerna bend region the enemy has begun retirement. Allied troops have taken Chanlate Kadorie. In the region north of Dzena Massif the French and Greek troops continue progress with the Serbian armies.

TODAY'S EVENTS.

1515th day of the Great War.

Today marks the beginning of Autumn.

The National Green Grain Dealers' Association meets in annual convention today at Milwaukee.

The Oregon State Fair will open today at Salem and the Idaho State Fair will open at Boise.

The annual reunion of the famous Forty-third Virginia Battalion (Mosby's Men) will be held today at Front Royal, Va.

Democrats of Rhode Island are to meet in convention at Providence today to select the party candidates for United States senator and representatives in Congress.

Leaders of the Y. M. C. A. in Minnesota are to meet in St. Paul today to confer on plans for the coming war work funds of the association.

The effects of the war on the carriage building industry will be discussed by the National Carriage Builders' Association, meeting in annual convention today at Cincinnati.

Two thousand employing printers and publishers from all parts of the United States and Canada are to gather at Atlantic City today for the annual convention of the United Typothetae of America.

Purchasing power that stands for more than \$5,500,000,000 a year in the United States will be represented by delegates to the National Purchasing Agents' Association convention, which is to begin its sessions today in Detroit.

Primary campaigns involving nominations for United States senators and other officials to be voted for at the November election will come to a close today in Massachusetts and New Jersey.

Exhibits showing the great strides that the chemical industry in America has made since the beginning of the Fourth National Exposition of the Chemical Industries.

The forty-fourth annual convention of the American Bankers' Association, which will be ushered in today with meetings of the several sections in Chicago, will be strictly a war convention. Wartime questions facing the bankers of the country will be discussed and a program of procedure designed to assist the Government's financial plans during the coming fiscal year will be laid down. The proceedings of the convention will continue through the entire week.

NO PLACE FOR INDOLENCE.

Sufferer: I have a terrible tooth-

ache; and want something to cure it.

Friend: Now, you don't need any medicine. I had toothache yesterday and I went home, and my loving wife kissed me and so consoled me that the pain soon passed away. Why don't you try the same?

Sufferer: I think I will. Is your wife at home now?—Le Rire (Paris).

CONFEDERATE VETERANS AT TULSA.

Tulsa, Okla., Sept. 23.—Veterans of the Confederacy, sons and grandsons of warriors and Daughters of the Confederacy to a total of several thousand, have arrived here for the annual national reunion of the United Confederate Veterans and affiliated organizations, which will get under way tomorrow.

The reunion will be the first that the national organization has held in Oklahoma. Realizing that, by the very force of nature, they will probably never again have the opportunity to entertain the soldiers of the "lost cause," the citizens of Tulsa are bending every energy to make the gathering an event long to be remembered.

During the week there will be meetings of the Sons of Confederate Veterans and the Southern Confederate Memorial Association, in addition to the customary business sessions of the veterans. Patriotism and love of country will furnish the keynote of the combined gathering. Resolutions pledging the loyalty of the South to the nation in the present war and praising the gallantry of the Southern boys who are fighting at the front will be adopted at the opening session of the reunion.

British Bombing Metz.

London, Sept. 23.—The machines of the British independent air force dropped nearly 15 tons of bombs on German airdromes and blast furnaces in the Metz sector on Saturday night, says the official statement.

Penetrate British Line.

London, Sept. 23.—Northeast of St. Quentin the Germans penetrated the British line at one point—Bertincourt—during an attack. The position was re-established by a counter attack.

Americans Took Prisoners.

With the Americans in France, Sept. 23.—American troops raided the enemy lines in the Haumont neighborhood in the center of the new line across the St. Mihiel salient last night, capturing 25 prisoners. American patrols have discovered enemy trenches and machine gun displacements south of Dommarin in the Kriemhild line.

Austrians Boost Massacre.

Vienna, Sept. 23.—On Bossealto our storming troops made a surprise attack on a trench section defended by Czechoslovak legionnaires yesterday. The greater part of the garrison suffered the fate they deserved. On the Albanian coast further Italian attacks were repulsed, says the official statement.

Promised to Hold New Line.

Amsterdam, Sept. 23.—During the recent visit of the kaiser to the Lorraine front the German soldiers promised the kaiser that the Americans and the Frenchmen would never get through the new lines.

German Attacks Repulsed.

London, Sept. 23.—The Germans counter attacked yesterday in the Gillefont farm front vicinity, between Cambrai and St. Quentin in the west of Le Catelet. The attack was repulsed with heavy losses to the enemy.

SCANDINAVIAN KINGS TO CONFER.

London, Sept. 23.—The eyes of the chancelleries of Europe will be turned this week toward Copenhagen, where the kings of the three Scandinavian countries are to meet for an important conference. While no changes with regard to the present neutrality of Norway, Sweden and Denmark are anticipated, it is the general belief that the conference will give its attention to the proposed erection of the kingdom of Finland and various other important problems of the war in which the northern countries are particularly interested.

King Haakon of Norway is scheduled to arrive in the Danish capital tomorrow, accompanied by several of his ministers of state. His stay in Copenhagen will extend over several days. King Gustav of Sweden will arrive on Thursday, on board a Swedish man-of-war, and will leave the same day.

LARGEST REVENUE BILL EVER KNOWN

WAR REVENUE BILL HAVING PASSED THE HOUSE IS NOW BEFORE THE SENATE.

By Associated Press.

Washington, Sept. 23.—The greatest war revenue bill in the history of the world entered today upon its third stage, being formally brought before the senate after its adoption last week by the house without a dissenting vote.

License Gas Companies.

Fort Smith, Ark., Sept. 23.—Gas companies doing an annual business of \$100,000 or more will be operated by the government through a license system, according to a telegram from Washington to J. E. McGehee, president of the Clear Creek Gas and Oil Company.

A SURE CURE.

Sufferer: I have a terrible tooth-

ache; and want something to cure it.

Friend: Now, you don't need any medicine. I had toothache yesterday and I went home, and my loving wife kissed me and so consoled me that the pain soon passed away. Why don't you try the same?

Sufferer: I think I will. Is your wife at home now?—Le Rire (Paris).

From Tuesday's Daily.

ALLIES GAIN EVERYWHERE.

From all fronts comes news of allied gains and heavy reverses to the Teutons and their allies. The Turks have met with a disastrous defeat in Palestine, having lost 25,000 in prisoners alone, two divisions being wiped out, and 260 cannon captured by the British.

In Macedonia the Serbians, Greeks and French have continued their advance, the Serbians capturing about 10,000 Bulgarians and their German allies, with 120 cannon.

There is nothing of great moment to report in the western theater, save that the British continue to advance in the Arras region, and the Americans captured a number of prisoners in minor raids.

The Austrians report with considerable satisfaction the massacre of some Czech-Slovak allies of the Italians but they have no reports of other successes to make, so it is evident that the Italians are holding their own all along the line.

The Turks appear to be completely demoralized, and when two divisions ceased to exist the British captured their entire transport, which is a serious matter in the country where the fighting is going on.

The Bulgarians are faced with a prospect of the Rumanians once again entering the war, and Greeks, who have been held in reserve up to now, are proving themselves desperate fighters and as the sworn enemies of the Bulgarians they will give a good account of themselves in the fighting in the near future.

Bulgaria is without food and has no hope of being relieved, especially if the railway is successfully cut to the south, and Turkey is too busy with her own affairs to offer any help to the Bulgarians.

Germany is now engaged in the most desperate struggle to determine whether a nation founded upon rapine and violence can continue to exist, to paraphrase Lincoln's immortal words.

She can spare no reinforcements for any of her allies, and even Austria can spare no forces from the Italian frontier to help the Germans in their desperate plight, or to send any troops to the help of the Bulgarians.

The Young Turks, who gained the support of their people by a promise of the conquest of Egypt, are now facing the overthrow of their government because of the reverses the Turks have met with, the only success they have been able to claim being the retirement of the allies from the Gallipoli peninsula.

The losses of the Teutonic allies recently have been constant and continuous. For more than two months the Germans have lost steadily, without a single gain to make up for their losses.

The capture of Metz is forecast by those who are in a position to know the condition of its defenses, and German prisoners say it is weak in artillery, the heavy guns having been taken away to other points months ago.

But chief of the forces which are aiding the allies is the lack of morale among the Germans, Austrians, Bulgarians and Turks. None of the prisoners taken has the slightest belief in the ultimate victory of the Teutons, and all are united in saying that the condition of the German armies and those of the German allies is worse than has been imagined.

The demoralization of the Germans is the entering wedge of discontent of the German people. And that the German troops are demoralized there is every evidence. The prisoners all tell of the willingness of their comrades to surrender if they were sure of decent treatment. They tell of mutinies which are quelled only by shooting the ringleaders. They tell of others who refuse to entrain for the battlefield, and of many who are only awaiting the chance to desert.

But chief among the proofs of demoralization is the story of the social meetings at which a new government is proposed—a parliamentary government in which the people shall have a voice. Two years ago—in fact, six months ago—such a thing would have been impossible. But the German people are awakening to their situation, and it means the end of kaiserism.

DUPLICATION OF EFFORT.

With a view to systematizing the question of relief donations, the various organizations soliciting funds have been urged to combine their efforts and make one single appeal at a time to the public, and as a result the War Chest has been adopted in many communities.

The government has found it necessary to co-ordinate its efforts in many lines, in order that there shall not be a duplication of any of the machinery and a consequent waste of effort.

The army is an example of what can be done to place everything under a single executive head, avoiding duplication of effort and waste of energy. The navy is another example of how useless waste can be avoided.

All of which is introductory to the matter in hand—the waste by the various government branches, the Red Cross, the Y. M. C. A. and other organizations which are doing good

work and which appear to fall in only one direction—that of their publicity.

An Alabama editor had the following to say in a recent issue:

"During the seven days of last week the Ledger received printed and typewritten matter from various government departments, the Red Cross, Y. M. C. A. and other activities incidental to the carrying on of the war weighing one pound and three ounces. If reproduced in the Ledger, according to request from these various activities, the matter would fill something more than 16 pages, or double the ordinary size of the paper. We are not certain of the exact number of daily and weekly papers in the United States, each of which receives, probably, the same stuff sent the Ledger. We believe it conservative to estimate the total weight of publicity stuff sent out in this way at 7,000 pounds a week, or enough to print 583 newspapers the size and circulation of the Ledger."

But the Alabama writer underestimates the amount of such matter sent out, and the amount is probably nearer 30,000 pounds a week, as the dailies get much matter that is not sent the weekly newspapers, and some of the large city papers get many times what the Ledger receives weekly.

Taking the Ledger's figures, however, one can readily see that cost must be enormous. Says the Ledger:

"Again, there is the item of postage. Most of the matter mentioned above is handled free by the postoffice department. At the new zone rates for newspapers, the postage would amount to about \$1,000 a week, but as most of it is first-class mail (or handled as such), the postage on the usual basis of 3 cents for each ounce would be \$33,000. A good deal of the paper used is high-priced, bond paper, ranging up to 35 cents a pound. But say the average cost per pound is 14 cents. This makes the cost of the paper wasted weekly in vain requests for publicity \$9,800. The cost of printing up this paper is approximately \$30,000, or approximately \$40,000 in addition to the postage—say \$70,000 weekly, or \$3,640,000 a year!"

And the trouble could easily be avoided if the writers of this vast pile of waste paper would observe the first rule of a newspaper—"Boil it down!" And if all the activities mentioned would get together and appoint a publicity chief whose duty it would be to see that no duplication of matter occurred and that only the really important stuff were sent out, the cost to the various organizations, to the government, to the people and to the newspapers could be enormously reduced.

What chance has any organization to get three or four columns of matter a week into The Times, for instance? We are limited as to space, and by the ruling of the government we are limited to a certain amount of paper each week. We cannot increase our number of pages, and without increasing them enormously we could not get a tenth part of what we are expected to get into our issues each week.

Meanwhile, there is an enormous amount of paper going to waste each day, and the people are paying for it. If there is to be any reduction in paper supply, let it begin with the useless and extravagant publicity departments of the various war activities.

LETTERS FROM OVER THERE ARE ROLLING INTO LAREDO

Many of the Soldier Boys in France Write Interesting Letters Back to the Folks at Home.

Yesterday's mails brought large numbers of letters from overseas to Laredo people, the letters coming from Laredo young men who are with the American expeditionary forces "over there" chasing the Huns out of France and Belgium into their own land of "kultur." Many of the letters are descriptive in their nature and much space is devoted to telling their Laredo folks about the country, the people and the things that have come under their observation.

Most of the letters received refer to certain portions of France as reminding the boys of Mexico, both as regards the typical people that they have encountered, the "architecture" of the houses and the narrow streets. Some of the boys write in a very interesting manner of their experiences in France and tell of the long marches, the billeting with the French people, the picturesque scenery, the landscape, etc.

NIGHT SCHOOL.

Prof. John Reynolds of Corpus Christi, so well and favorably known through South Texas as a successful educator, has, at the solicitation of many friends, decided to open a Night School in the Central School building, in this city, on Monday, Sept. 30th.

An opportunity will be thus afforded pupils, unable to attend the public schools, not only to acquire a fund of necessary knowledge but also to conform to the requirements of the "Compulsory Education Law" of the State of Texas.

Hours from 7 till 10 p. m.
Tuition, \$3.00 per scholastic month.
For further particulars apply to
PROF. REYNOLDS,
No. 508 Main Ave.
9-20-104.

GEORGIA PHYSICIAN

PRESCRIBED TANLAC

DR. J. T. EDWARDS TELLS OF REMARKABLE RESULTS BEING OBTAINED THROUGH USE OF THE MASTER MEDICINE.

"In my thirty years of active practice as a licensed physician, I have never seen anything to equal Tanlac as a medicine to produce results," says Dr. J. T. Edwards of Fayetteville, Georgia.

"People on all sides are telling of the benefits they have derived from its use," he continued, "and I am prescribing it for my patients almost every day. Just a little while ago, a well-known woman of Fayetteville told me that her daughter had been confined to her bed for three years with what had been called pellagra, and that after using Tanlac a short time she was up and well on the road to recovery. Seldom a day passes that someone does not tell me something about the good results they are getting from Tanlac."

"Some of our most prominent people have reported unusual gains in weight, and I have treated some stubborn cases of indigestion, catarrhal trouble and organic disorders with Tanlac, and secured splendid results."

Tanlac is sold in Laredo by Windrow Drug Co. (Adv.)

TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

SEPTEMBER 24.

1693—The ring-bayonet was first adopted by the British.

1777—The State government of Pennsylvania was removed to Lancaster.

1781—Zachary Taylor, whose popularity as a Mexican war hero won him the Presidency, born in Orange County, Va. Died in Washington, D. C., July 9, 1850.

1850—A Papal Bull was issued establishing the Roman Catholic hierarchy in England.

1870—The French, besieged in Metz by Germans, made a vigorous but ineffective sortie.

1887—William O'Brien, the Irish leader found guilty of seditious language and sentenced to three months' imprisonment.

1914—Belgians made a gallant stand against the Germans south of Antwerp.

1915—Enochling Russian attack rolled back von Mackensen's army north of Pinsk.

1916—Island of Crete reported to be in possession of the Greek rebels.

IN THE DAY'S NEWS.

SEPTEMBER 24.

John Reed, who is to be arraigned today for trial on a Federal charge of obstructing the selective draft, is the designated Consul-General of the Bolsheviks in New York City. Mr. Reed is known as a young writer of brilliant attainments but of a radical, socialistic turn of mind that of late has frequently brought him afoul of the law. Born in Portland, Ore., in 1887, he found his way to Harvard University and there attracted attention by his gifts as a writer. After leaving the University he became a magazine writer and as such was sent to Europe at the beginning of the war to report conditions in Russia, Turkey, France and other countries. When he returned to New York he joined the staff of "The Masses," and it was his writings in this periodical that were responsible for his present trouble.

Notice.

We pay best cash prices for Liberty Bonds We buy and sell stocks Write us

MORGAN YATTER CO.
1210 Southwestern Life Bldg
Dallas, Texas. 8-34t

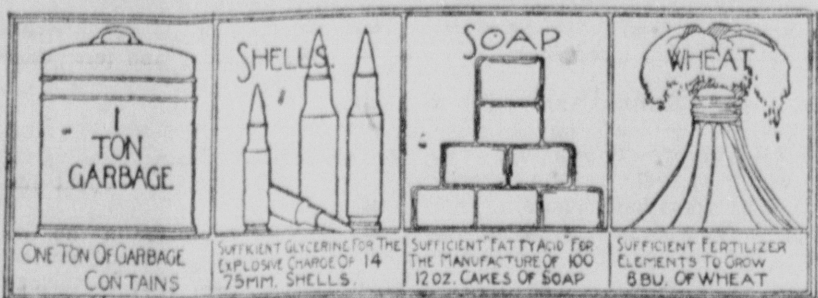
The War Taxes the Nerve Energy of the Country

To win the war every energy of body and mind must be concentrated to the purpose. It will not do for you to become stale. If the necessary high rate of speed exhausts you, if you forget things and cannot sleep nights, if your digestion is impaired and you are irritated by small things, that is a sign your nervous system is breaking down, and it is time for you to take

SENSAPERSA

which will help rebuild the worn-out nerves and tissues, and put you in the front ranks. The properties of this blood tonic and nerve sedative should double your nerve health in ten days and you will be able to vigorously attack your daily problems with renewed strength and ability to resist the strain caused by the conditions of today. Two sizes, 50c, and \$1.00 at your Druggist or from City Drug Co.

NITRO-GLYCERINE FROM KITCHEN DRAIN PIPES



The Hotel Division of the Food Administration is calling the attention of the State Hotel Chairmen to the waste of grease through the kitchen drain pipe, and the importance of conserving this grease for the manufacture of nitro-glycerine and other explosives. It is conservatively estimated that material enough to furnish the explosive power for at least 90,000 seventy-five millimeter shells is going to waste in hotels and restaurant kitchens every day.

The same material in its existent shape would bring from four to ten cents per pound, depending upon its condition and the local demand. The allies are asking the American people to increase our glycerine production for the remainder of this year by 30,000,000 pounds.

Tests were recently made in a large Chicago hotel after the preparation and serving of 1,400 meals. The waste that went into the drain was trapped and one hundred and eight (108) pounds of grease were recovered. This is about one and one-quarter (1 1/4) ounces per meal. It is believed that the waste per meal in the average public eating place would figure out anywhere from half an ounce to one ounce per person.

While this grease being wasted in Texas public eating places might be converted into soap, it has just now a far more important value. It may be used exclusively in the manufacture of cordite and nitro-glycerine. One pound of this grease would be sufficient to provide the powder charge of three 75 millimeter shells.

R. A. Parker, Director of Hotels and Restaurants for Texas, has been instructed by Washington to make a survey of waste in public eating places of Texas.

Peden Back From Washington Tells of Simplified Program of Conservation and Necessity for Winning the War in 1919

"Washington's definite and positive program is to win the war next year," said Administrator Peden of the Federal Food Administration for Texas, who returned to Houston September 11, after a conference of the 48 State Food Administrators with Herbert Hoover on September 4 and 5. "Every thought, every energy, everybody must concentrate upon that one major operation. All else must be secondary thereto," continued the food official.

"By winning the war in 1919 we may save millions of lives, not to mention billions of dollars and precious treasures; and let us also remember a quick, decisive, complete victory within 12 to 14 months will mean a gigantic advantage in dictating the peace terms of the world, compared with our position at the end of several years more of war."

"Really, there is only one wise, economic, humane thing to do, and that is to get busy (everybody—teamwork of the highest type) and settle the issue next year."

"Mr. Hoover told me in parting he had never before believed we could accomplish this objective so soon, but during his recent trip to Europe he became convinced we could do so during 1919, provided every man, woman and child in the country will see and do his duty thoroughly."

"We had a large attendance and most interesting conference. Mr. Hoover's recital of details concerning his European trip and his conferences with the Food Administrators of Great Britain, France and Italy was eagerly listened to by all the administrators present. One of the pleasant features of the convention was the presentation to Mr. Hoover by the 48 administrators of a large and beautiful Silver Loving Cup. Mr. Hoover's voice quivered with emotion and his eyes filled with tears as he, in his modesty, expressed his thanks and appreciation."

"Mr. Hoover stressed the fact that while we now have an increase in bread grains in the United States and Canada, there is a marked and serious shortage in fodder grains here and with our allies, and also a shortage in green feeds and hay. The Southern States especially, and Texas in particular, therefore, are urged this fall to plant larger crops than ever before of stock feed crops, including wheat, oats and rye for grazing purposes."

"The stabilization of cotton seed and cotton seed by-products prices was accomplished after deep study and careful investigation, and not until the planters had requested and the 48 State Administrators approved it. We hope the schedule adopted will meet with the universal satisfaction of all—the farmer, the crusher, the cattleman and all consumers."

"Our total exports to the allies since the Food Administration was established in 1917 now amount to:

330,000,000 bushels of wheat
75,000,000 bushels of barley
40,000,000 bushels of rye
80,000,000 bushels of corn
50,000,000 bushels of rice
320,000,000 bushels of oats
10,000,000 bushels of beans and peas.

"In view of the good wheat crops here and in Canada and with our allies, the bread regulations are lifted and wheatless days and meals abolished, except that all—everyone—must use 20 pounds of substitute with each 80 pounds of wheat flour, and the housewife is relied upon to make similar mixture, until she can purchase the Victory Mixed Flour (80-20)."

"There are now virtually no restrictions upon meat, but our program, as clearly outlined by Mr. Hoover, is one of careful economy and no waste. He strongly urges that we:

BUY LESS
COOK LESS
SERVE LESS
EAT LESS
WASTE NOTHING and Clean the Plate.

"That's our program. It's short, concise and easy to remember, and not difficult to observe, when we think of our allies and our boys 'over there' making the supreme sacrifice, with 250,000 more brave Americans being added to the number in France each month to fight for the cause of Liberty, Democracy, Freedom and Christianity."

ONION SEED IS DELIVERED FROM ISLANDS TO AMERICA

VESSELS BRINGING THE SEED ESCAPED THE SUBMARINES.

Indications Now Are That Onion Seed is as Plentiful This Year as It Was During Year 1917.

With the arrival here from the Tenerife Islands and California of the shipments of Bermuda onion seed ordered by Laredo growers, the work of planting onion seedbeds is now in progress on many farms in the section not far removed from this city and the farmers are a busy lot while engaged in this preliminary work of disseminating the seed in the protected ground used for seedbeds.

Many of those who were fearful that the Tenerife Islands seed would not get here in time on account of the submarine menace off the Spanish coast jeopardizing the safety of vessels conveying the shipments to this country, are now delighted at the fact that the seed has reached this country safely, and much of it has already been delivered to farmers in the Laredo section.

A few weeks ago the indications were that the 1918-19 Bermuda onion acreage in this immediate vicinity would be comparatively light to other years and that the farmers in many instances were turning their attention to the more profitable business of putting in large crops of diversified vegetation, but now it appears that almost as much acreage will be put in onions the ensuing season as last, while many growers will plant other crops in addition. Many growers have an idea planted in their noodles that onions might be given a big boost next year and be in demand at high prices, but if they are amiss in their calculations they will be found again next year holding the empty bag and wondering how it all happened. Diversification is the salvation of the farmer these days, and the man with a big patch of ground who does not put in a big acreage in crops that are always in demand is going to miss his guess.

FOR SALE.

* This year's Tenerife grown
* Yellow Bermuda onion seed,
* \$1.25 per pound.
* CANNEL COAL CO.
* 9-18tf.

STENOS. ARE IN DEMAND; ANNOUNCE EXAMINATIONS

Those Eligible for Minor Positions Mentioned Are Urged to Take Examinations on October 9.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces an open competitive examination for minor stenographer, typewriter, minor stenographer, and minor typewriter, for both men and women, on October 9, 1918. Vacancies in the Departmental Service, Washington, D. C., will be filled from this examination.

The entrance salary for these positions will be up to and including \$900 a year, and promotion may be made after satisfactory service, and without further examination, up to and including \$1,000 a year; but to be eligible for promotion above \$1,000 appointees must qualify through appropriate examination.

Notice of Removal.

The Economy Grocery has moved to the Brannan building at the corner of Hidalgo street and Salinas avenue, where they are better prepared than ever to serve their customers.

8-29tf

CONSTIPATION

And Sour Stomach Caused This Lady Much Suffering. Black-Draught Relieved.

Meadorsville, Ky.—Mrs. Pearl Patrick, of this place, writes: "I was very constipated. I had sour stomach and was so uncomfortable. I went to the doctor. He gave me some pills. They weakened me and seemed to tear up my digestion. They would gripe me and afterwards it seemed I was more constipated than before. I heard of Black-Draught and decided to try it. I found it just what I needed. It was an easy laxative, and not bad to swallow. My digestion soon improved. I got well of the sour stomach, my bowels soon seemed normal, no more griping, and I would take a dose now and then, and was in good shape."

I cannot say too much for Black-Draught for it is the finest laxative one can use. Thedford's Black-Draught has for many years been found of great value in the treatment of stomach, liver and bowel troubles. Easy to take, gentle and reliable in its action, leaving no bad after-effects, it has won the praise of thousands of people who have used it.

TIMES WANT ADS.
\$\$\$\$\$ Money Makers \$\$\$\$\$

OPPORTUNITY PRESENTED TO TRY FOR COMMISSIONS

DRAFT MEN ASKED TO ENTER OFFICERS' TRAINING CAMP.

Captain McClure of 37th Infantry Apointed to Receive Applications for Officers' Training Camp.

Captain C. I. McClure of the 37th Infantry regiment this morning receiving information from Southern Department headquarters notifying him that he had been appointed examining officer to receive applications from all civilians included in the draft ages from 18 to 45 to enter the officers training school to be held at Leon Springs next month, and advising him that 700 candidates were desired to be enrolled by October 3.

The requirements to enter this school are that the applicants must be citizens of the United States, must be graduates of high schools or have an equivalent education, must have some experience in horsemanship. In presenting their applications for admission to the school each applicant is required to have three testimonials vouching for his character from three reputable citizens of the community in which he resides. Other information, together with the necessary blanks will be furnished on application to Captain McClure at the headquarters of the Thirty-seventh Infantry regiment at Fort McIntosh.

This announcement from the Southern Department and the appointment of Captain McClure as the examining officer provides an unusual opportunity for all men within the draft ages to attend the officers training camp and secure commissions in the various branches of the army service. Those interested are requested to call on Captain McClure immediately, as all applications must be in by October 3 at the latest.

MRS. EDWARDS CALLAHAN DODD PASSED AWAY THIS MORNING

Prominent Citizen of Laredo. Widow of the Late Capt. T. W. Dodd, Succumbed to a Short Illness.

This morning when the sad news gained circulation that Mrs. Edwards Callahan Dodd, widow of the late Captain Thomas W. Dodd, aged 58 years, had died at her home, 919 Santa Clotilde Avenue, this morning at 1:30 o'clock, a shock came to the many friends and acquaintances of the deceased, as very few knew that her condition had been considered serious, although she had been confined to her bed with illness for some time past in the handsome new home which she had recently completed on Santa Clotilde Avenue.

Mrs. Dodd was taken ill about four weeks ago and was compelled to take to her bed, but her condition was not considered serious up to about a week ago, when her relatives were summoned to her bedside and were present at her death early this morning. Deceased was born in Collins county, Texas and was in her fifty-eighth year. She was married to Captain Thos. W. Dodd in August, 1896, and has since made her home in Laredo, her husband preceding her to the grave a number of years ago. Mrs. Dodd engaged in the onion growing business here a number of years ago and proved quite successful in that particular industry, gaining the sobriquet of "the Laredo onion queen."

Deceased is survived by two brothers, Charles Callahan of Smithville, Texas, and Judge A. W. Callahan of Hansford, Texas; also two sisters, Mrs. J. M. Youngblood of Canton, Texas, and Mrs. D. K. Tomblinson of San Angelo, Texas; and a niece, Mrs. R. G. Tompkins, Jr. of Aradita, Fla.

The funeral will take place from the Dodd home, 919 Santa Clotilde Avenue, tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock, with interment in the city cemetery by the side of the remains of the late Capt. T. W. Dodd.

FULL HOUSES WILL WITNESS GREAT PLAY HERE SATURDAY

Expected That the Royal Theater Will Be Crowded to Capacity During Showing of Pershing's Crusaders."

The big feature in eight reels, divided into two sections, entitled, "Pershing's Crusaders," or "Following the Flag to France," will be on the program at the Royal Theater in this city one night only, Saturday, September 28, with performances during the afternoon also.

This great spectacular picture has been shown throughout the country to millions of people who have thronged motion picture shows everywhere to witness the pictures taken by the army and naval signal corps both at home, at sea and abroad. Some Laredo people who have seen the picture in other places where they were visiting pronounce it superb, and when one sees the American soldiers in action in the training camps and then on the battlefield it makes one proud of the fact that he is an American and that such virile, stalwart and fine appearing men comprise the personnel of our fighting forces. In the picture one sees every branch of the fighting service on land, sea and in the air.

Those who fail to see "Pershing's Crusaders" on Saturday will miss the greatest, most spectacular and most patriotic film ever thrown on the screen not only in this city but anywhere in the United States.

LOCAL NEWS

—Yesterday was pleasant during the daytime, but last night there was a lull in the wind that made conditions almost stifling for a time during the early part of the night. But these are the times of sudden changes in the weather conditions, for one day it may be as hot as Russia and the next day as cool as the United States.

—Edward Green, florist. Day and night phone Crockett 4107. Ave. C. at 8th St., San Antonio, Texas.

2-25-tf.
—We sell Gage hats. Miss M. Sal.
9-17-1m.

—According to reports brought here from Mexico that country is fast recuperating from the results of the protracted revolutionary siege and conditions are fast becoming normal, with a resumption of business activities in all parts of the republic with mining and other industries again operating their plants in full blast.

—Jersey milk—clean and pure. Quarts sixteen cents, pints eight cents, delivered. Phone 377. 9-25-3t.

—We will repair and put in order faulty plumbing installations. Juarez Plumbing Co. 419 Matamoros.

2-11-tf.
—We paint automobiles; also make auto tops. Fidel Cantu, Phone 202.

6-15-tf.

—Questionnaires are being mailed out as rapidly as possible by the local exemption board, and many of those who received these documents have filled them out and returned them to the board immediately. All those receiving the questionnaires are requested not to delay in the matter of filling them out and getting them back in the hands of the board as soon as possible.

—The Crescent Garage is the busiest shop in town. Why?

4-10-tf.
—Call 921 for Super-Six service car. City rates.

8-28-1m.
—New fall line Gossard corsets and brassieres. Miss M. Sallee.

9-17-1m.

—The big drawing for the draft numbers of all registrants from the ages of 19 to 36 inclusive is scheduled to take place between now and Saturday in Washington. This will be the largest drawing in history and the numbers will be drawn in the same manner as during the former drafts. All men between 19 and 36 have been given their order number already.

—Jersey milk—clean and pure. Quarts sixteen cents, pints eight cents, delivered. Phone 377. 9-25-3t.

—Teacher of Gregg shorthand and Spanish and English. Apply Will W. Gregg, Times office; residence 812 Farragut street. 4-27-tf.

—The Crescent Garage is the busiest shop in town. Why?

4-10-tf.

—The following marriage licenses have been issued by the county clerk since last report: George Boggs and Miss Alice Johnson, Juan Maldonado and Miss Eloisa Ramos, Casiano Zarate and Miss Rosa Robles.

—The Belmont. Rooms and apartments. 602 Main Ave. Phone 576 or 1017. 6-20-tf.

—Will handle on commission alfalfa and cane in bales, large or small lots. Policarpio Cavazos, 519 Victoria street. 9-2-1m.

—The following importations from Mexico passed through the port of Laredo this morning: Three carloads of iron, twelve carloads of calamine, eighteen carloads of lead and two carloads of copper.

—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans. 4-24-tf.

—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office; residence 812 Farragut street. Residence phone 348.

4-27-tf.

—In a letter recently received by Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Smith, their son Harold, who has been in France for the past six months, writes that he has been "over the top" four times and finds it very thrilling. He reports that he is in good health and still unscathed.

—If it is neat and accurate job printing that you want send your orders to The Times job department. Expert workmanship and the best of materials. 1-9-tf.

—W. S. S.—

CONSUL GENERAL OF COSTA RICA A VISITOR IN LAREDO

William H. Prestinary Was Formerly a Traveling Representative in This Country For a School.

William H. Prestinary, consul-general of Costa Rica to Mexico, arrived in Laredo this morning from Chicago where he had been for the past three months on a business trip. He leaves tonight for his station in Mexico City.

Mr. Prestinary is a very pleasant and affable gentleman, thoroughly acquainted with conditions in the United States and up to nine years ago was a traveling representative of a well known educational institution of this country which carried him to all parts of the United States at frequent intervals.



Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt
Society Editor
Phone 70 Phone 43

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Wednesday.

There will be a meeting of the Parish Guild of Christ Church at the home of Mrs. Arkles at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

There will be the regular weekly dance at the Y. M. H. A. Hall in the evening with Misses Stella and Lupe Rosenbaum as hostesses.

Dance at the Soldiers Club in the evening.

Meeting of the Training for Service Class of the Christian Endeavor Society at the Christian Church in the evening.

Thursday.

The Heights Red Cross Knitting Circle will meet with Mrs. T. A. Bunn at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

The four circles of the Baptist Ladies Aid Society will meet at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

The Woman's Club will entertain with their regular weekly program at the Army Y. M. C. A. in the evening.

General Mention.

Mrs. J. A. Wilson, formerly Miss Alice Mowry, arrived yesterday from Chicago to visit her mother and sisters, while Col. Wilson is somewhere in France as a member of the Medical Corps of the U. S. Army.

Miss Estelle Kline returned Monday from San Antonio, where she spent the weekend.

Misses Ora Lee and Eva Beyette returned yesterday from Aransas Pass, where they visited their parents.

Mrs. J. O. Bueenz returned Monday afternoon from Bryan, Texas, where she went to bring her son Ernst home. He has been ill again for the past week.

Mr. Ira O'Meara returned yesterday from San Antonio, where he went for a short business trip.

Greetings have just been received from Mrs. D. F. Anderson. She writes that she is enjoying her stay in New York city to the fullest extent, and is very enthusiastic over her organ, choir work and music. She is playing the organ in St. James' Church. Mrs. Anderson will not return to Laredo until about Christmas time.

Rev. J. Ward went up to San Antonio on Monday for a short stay.

Mrs. C. W. Cook has just had a most interesting letter from Alfred Campbell. His many friends will be glad to know that he is well and satisfied. He says that he is billeted in a big house that is over 700 years old. Writes a number of interesting things in regard to the manners and customs of the peoples. In the center of the village there is a large watering trough where the cows are driven to water, and where the family washings are done.

Mr. and Mrs. Federico P. Montes left today for Austin on their honeymoon trip.

Mr. Earnest Biskamp left yesterday for A. & M. College.

Red Cross Notes.

The Alpha Club met yesterday morning at the home of Mrs. Dario Sanchez and the members spent the time knitting for the soldiers. Those present were Misses Anita Mullally, Celina and Luisa Ferrara, Maria Prado, Ernestina, Elvira and Ofelia Sanchez and Mrs. Dario Sanchez.

The Tuesday Red Cross Knitting Circle held a very pleasant meeting yesterday afternoon with Mrs. William Simpson. The time was devoted to knitting for the Red Cross. Those present were Miss Annie Pace and Mesdames M. M. Leyendecker, Kerr, Atlee, Ulmer, Elstetter and the hostess.

Missionary Society.

The Woman's Missionary Society of the Methodist Church met at the church yesterday afternoon at four o'clock, and the regular missionary program was given. The meeting opened with the singing of "More About Jesus" and "Jesus Loves Even Me." Mrs. Bailey led in prayer, after which plans for a reception to be given on Monday evening for the ladies of the church was discussed. Those present were Mesdames J. K. Thompson, A. G. Thompson, N. A. Miller, W. H. Mims, Bailey, Evans, and Barr.

Daughters of America!

"No nation can be great unless its sons and daughters have within them the quality to rise level to the needs of heroic days." Of course it may not be convenient for you to enlist as a student nurse. It may materially

change your plans and cause you some discomfort. America's sons did not consider their personal convenience when the big call came. Dare her daughters do less? Phone Mrs. H. M. Austin, Recruiting Agent, Woman's Committee Council of National Defense.

Notice, Boy Scouts.

To all members and candidates. Troop No. 2, Boy Scouts of America, greeting: On Friday, September 27th, at 8 p. m. we are going to have a big "meet" at our hall, over the Central Fire Station, at which time we will form Patrols, elect Patrol Leaders and other officers and make plans for the coming winter. Don't fail to be there. If you don't come you will miss something good. Fraternal yours,

Leonard W. Craig,
Scoutmaster.

Junior Auxiliary.

The Junior Auxiliary of Christ Church held their regular weekly meeting yesterday afternoon under the direction of Rev. and Mrs. C. W. Cook and Miss Martha Anderson. Upon the arrival of the members they went over to the church where the regular service was held. Then Mr. Cook took the boys in charge, Mrs. Cook the larger girls and Miss Anderson the little tots. The boys assisted Mr. Cook place a new halyard for the church flag that flies from the tower. He then gave them a lesson on soldering, which included what could be used in soldering. Next week each boy will bring something to be mended. Mrs. Cook with the assistance of the larger girls has commenced a scrap book called "The Inside of the Church." This will contain pictures of the furnishing of the church, accompanied by suitable verses in rhyme. The little ones under the direction of Miss Anderson cut out sets of paper dolls and placed them in envelopes. At the next meeting they will be made, and the sets will be sorted and placed in these envelopes and put away to be used in the Christmas boxes. Those present yesterday were Anna May Mussett, Marjorie Fish, Mary Cook, Mary Besse MacDonald, Helen MacDonald, Anita and Ethel Lane, Elizabeth, and Charline Nye, Evelyn Randolph, Julia Belle Deutz, Anne McKinney, Treasia Fasnacht, Nellie Netzer, and Virginia Lee and Merle Netzer, Mary Ernestine Sleski and Jack Paster, George, Horace and Bobbie Kehl, John Robert and Joe Fasnacht, Jack and Evans Yonkin, Randolph Hunter, Bayless Gullette, Ralph Cook, Werner Offer, Woody Bunn and George Anderson.

—W. S. S.—

PERSONALS

Vines Tucker of San Antonio is stopping at the Bender.

C. H. Hellon, wife and son of Hebbronville are guests at the Bender. Stewart H. Lewis of Austin arrived in the city this morning and is stopping at the Bender.

M. H. McMahon of Cotulla is a guest at the Hamilton.

E. A. Leighton of San Antonio is stopping at the Hamilton.

J. B. Hazelrigg of San Antonio is a guest at the Hamilton.

A. G. Sperber of San Antonio arrived in the city this morning on business.

Dr. A. W. Wilcox returned home yesterday from his regular annual summer trip. The Doctor spent a good portion of the time with his mother at her old home in Three Rivers, Michigan.

—W. S. S.—

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Hamilton:—F. W. Jacobson, Aguascalientes, Mex.; C. Portier, France; E. Percy Smith, Allendale, N. J.; Wm. L. Althers, Corpus Christi; E. C. Dell, Dallas; F. J. Hawn, Kingsville; J. H. Waring, C. H. Cuff, Minera; Mrs. A. E. Walker, A. E. Nations, F. C. McNutt, Pat. Newman, A. G. Sperber, Geo. S. James, O. O. Gades, I. L. Webb, E. H. Leighton, J. B. Hazelrigg, C. C. Hackenjos, B. F. Whitledge, J. E. Harris, San Antonio; Mrs. Andres Koele, Philadelphia, Pa.; Mrs. A. Echland, Canada; J. Wightman, Austin; W. H. McMahon, Cotulla.

Bender:—H. P. Fletcher, (American Ambassador), Mexico City; Alberto De I. Moreira, (Brazilian Ambassador), M. Fernandez, (Secretary Brazilian Ambassador), Washington, D. C.; John C. Charles, Mr. Bland and wife, Mexico City; A. H. Staehle, San Antonio; L. O. Davis, Texarkana; P. Rosales, Mexico; Mrs. J. V. Brown, San Marcos; C. H. Hellen, wife and son, Hebbronville; Mrs. C. B. Fincker, Miss J. M. Fincker, Washington, D. C.; Dr. F. Martinez Vela, McAllen; B. F. Palm, Dallas; F. E. Tucker, San Antonio; Jno. Newberry, Tampico; Jno. Murray, Washington, D. C.; C. A. Vargas, Washington, D. C.; Vines Tucker, San Antonio; Jas. D. Rodgers, Dallas; A. J. May, J. O. Miller, San Antonio; E. H. Muse, Rochester, N. Y.; S. H. Lewis, Austin; A. M. Cazaux and wife, A. M. White and wife, Fred. Kalb, Mexico City.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

Physicians, Surgeons and Specialists
Members Webb Co. Medical Society

DR. H. M. AUSTIN,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office hours:—10 to 12 a. m. and 4 to 5 p. m.
Office: Room 5, Richter Building.
Phones: Residence, 1107; Office, 634

SPECIALISTS.

DR. H. STOW GARLICK,
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office:—Richter Building
Hours: 10 to 12 a. m. and 4 to 5 p. m.
Sundays, 10 a. m. and by appointment
Phone:—Office, 699.
Res. 920 Logan St. (Heights).
Phone 212.

OSTEOPATHS.

DRS. C. F. and H. E. KENNEY,
Osteopaths.
Residence and Office
1603 Matamoros. Tel. 197.

LAWYERS.

HICKS, PHELPS, DICKSON AND BOBBITT,
Attorneys-at-Law.
Offices: Hicks Building, San Antonio
Valls Building, Laredo.

JOHN L. GEORGE,
Attorney-at-Law.
Office: Second Floor Alexander Bldg.

IRA O'MEARA,
Attorney-at-Law.
Office: Suite 202 Alexander Bldg.
over Woolworth's.

E. A. ATLEE,
Attorney-at-Law.
Office:—New Alexander Building,
next to Laredo Nat'l Bank,
Phone 771.

DENTISTS.

DR. A. E. McCULLOCH,
Dentist.
Office:—Wilcox Block,
Telephone, 299.

J. K. THOMPSON,
Dentist.
Office: Richter Building N. W. Corner
Market Plaza
Phone 648.

DR. W. I. WILSON,
Dentist.
Office:—Valls Bldg., over People's
Pharmacy.
Telephone 746.

ARCHITECTS.

ALFRED GILES CO.,
Architects.
Monterey, Mexico.
San Antonio, Texas.

UNDERTAKERS.

JOHN CONVERY,
Funeral Director.
Complete Auto Equipment,
Jarvis Plaza, Phone 66.

MUSIC.

Adelaide Gebhardt Macdonald, B. M.
Pianist—Soprano.
Class Now Forming.
Phone 1062.

TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS.

SEPTEMBER 25.

Admiral William S. Benson, U. S. N., Chief of Naval Operations, born at Macon, Ga., 63 years ago today.

William M. Hughes, the Australian statesman whom the war has developed into one of the biggest men in British Empire political circles, born in Wales, 54 years ago today.

Rev. James I. Vance, of Nashville, moderator of the Southern Presbyterian General Assembly, born at Arcadia, Tenn., 56 years ago today.

Victoria Claflin Woodhull Martin, candidate of the Equal Rights Party for President of the United States in 1872, born at Homer, Ohio, 80 years ago today.

Oliver Booth Dickinson, judge of the United States Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, born at Dayton, O., 61 years ago today.

—W. S. S.—
Has a High Opinion of Chamberlain's Tablets.
"I have a high opinion of Chamberlain's Tablets for biliousness and as a laxative," writes Mrs. C. A. Barnes, Charleston, Ill. "I have never found anything so mild and pleasant to use. My brother has also used these tablets with satisfactory results."

ROMANIAN CROWN PRINCE SENTENCED TO IMPRISONMENT BY HIS OWN ROYAL FATHER

Declared Validity of Actions Which Led to Arrest of Crown Prince will be Investigated and Such Measures as May be Required by the Interests of the Country and Dynasty will Then be Taken.

FATHER OF WATERS TO DO HIS PART.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 25.—Steamboats have piled the Mississippi, performing perfunctory duties not at all commensurate with the river's possibilities, are to be put to work to help win the war and will be augmented by boats of modern type, by great barges and towboats powerfully propelled and modernly equipped, capable of affording great relief to the heavy transportation burdens of the railroads.

Today the local officers of the Federal Waterways Board announced the completion of all arrangements for inaugurating the new Mississippi River barge line service next Saturday, on which day a fleet of 30 barges and seven towboats will depart for New Orleans. The service will be started under favorable conditions and all equipment will be complete in every respect. The consignments of freight already booked assures that barge will be loaded to capacity on the initial trip.

From time to time the past few years tentative attempts have been made to revive the Mississippi River traffic on a large scale, but these attempts have usually failed, either for lack of capital or because of the transportation and business conditions existing at the time. The present project is not to be handicapped in either one of these respects. With the railroads of the Mississippi Valley and the country generally burdened with freight traffic, ample business is assured to keep the new barge line busy. Neither will the line have to worry over its finances, for the Federal government has backed the project with millions of dollars. The Mississippi Valley Waterways Association, representing varied interests in all of the States bordering on the river from St. Paul to the Gulf, will exercise general supervision of the project.

Revival of river traffic on a large scale was proposed months ago when freight congestion on the railroads became acute. Business men began to wonder why the broad expanse of the Mississippi could not be used to transport their freight expeditiously, and the idea took form in an application to the government for financial assistance to build and maintain a river fleet. The government appropriated \$5,000,000 to be expended between St. Louis and New Orleans and \$3,600,000 to be used on the Upper Mississippi, between St. Louis and St. Paul. These amounts, it is explained, are considered merely expressions of good will, and if the project gives promise of being successful as many millions as may be needed will be forthcoming from the Federal treasury.

Announcement is made that for the present no stops will be made by the fleet unless the cities have provided terminal facilities for the quick discharge and loading of freight. New Orleans is making big preparations for the increased business, and will probably expend \$25,000,000 within the next year for docks and other terminal facilities. Similar activity is under way in St. Louis, Memphis, Cairo, Greenville and numerous other cities along the river have plans afoot for handling the new business.

The operation of seven towboats, each escorting three barges, will be equivalent to the facilities afforded by more than 1,000 railroad cars and will release that number of cars for other duties. One 100-ton barge can carry as much freight as fifty freight cars.

Director McAdoo has appointed M. J. Sanders of New Orleans to the post of Federal manager of the barge lines. For many years Mr. Sanders has been identified with Gulf shipping. Associated with him in the new project are A. W. Mackie, who is to serve as regional manager, and Theodore Brent, who will supervise the traffic details.

—W. S. S.—

People Speak Well of Chamberlain's Tablets.

"I have been selling Chamberlain's Tablets for about two years and heard such good reports, from my customers that I concluded to give them a trial myself, and can say that I do not believe there is another preparation of the kind equal to them," writes G. A. McBride, Headford, Ont. "If you are troubled with indigestion or constipation give them a trial. They will do you good."

By Associated Press.

Amsterdam, Sept. 25.—Crown Prince Charles of Rumania has been punished by his father as commander-in-chief of the army with close confinement for 75 days for transgression of military regulations. The validity of the actions which led to his arrest will be investigated and such measures as are required by the interests of the country and the dynasty will be taken. The crown prince began his sentence yesterday.

Bulgarian Situation Critical.

London, Sept. 25.—North and northwest along the shores of Lake Ioanra the situation of the enemy is becoming more difficult. The Bulgarians are retreating along the road from Stillers to Ishtib. There is a railroad running as far as Ishtib, but after they will be forced to depend upon wagon roads against which the Serbians are advancing. On the western side of the battle zone some of the retreating Bulgarians may escape to Albania, where they can join Austrian detachments, but they must cross a difficult country and the Albanians are not friendly to the Bulgarians. Although the German officers are still with the Bulgarians, there are no definite German units with them.

Bulgarians Falling Back.

London, Sept. 25.—East of the Vardar river in Macedonia the Germans and Bulgarians are falling back on Veshi, 25 miles southeast of Uskub.

Bulgarian Resistance Stubborn.

Paris, Sept. 25.—Stubborn resistance is being encountered by the allies on the Bulgarian frontier beyond Demekapou pass and Strumitsa, where the fighting is proceeding on the bank of the Vardar river.

German Attacks Repulsed.

London, Sept. 25.—The Germans last night again attacked the British lines above Gricourt and northwest of St. Quentin, where advances had been recently scored by the British. These attacks were repulsed.

German Effort Failed.

Paris, Sept. 25.—The Germans last night made an effort to regain some valuable ground recently won from them by the French near the western end of the Chemin des Dames. They attacked in the Moisy farm region but the effort was a failure.

Attacked by Lettish.

London, Sept. 25.—The allied forces advancing south of Archangel have

Remained in French Hands.

Berlin, Sept. 25.—After the fighting yesterday in the region west of St. Quentin the town of Francilly-Seney remained in the hands of the French, says a headquarters report.

German Effort Failed.

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Attacked by Lettish.

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WILL TAX INCOMES AT 12 PER CENT NET

ONLL SIX PER CENT ON INDIVIDUAL INCOMES UP TO FOUR THOUSAND DOLLARS.

By Associated Press.

Washington, Sept. 25.—A normal tax of 12 per cent on net incomes of individuals, together with a proviso that the rate be 6 per cent upon the first \$4,000, as written in the house revenue bill, was approved today without change by the senate finance committee.

—W. S. S.—

Baptists Notice.

This evening at the end of the regular Wednesday mid-week prayer-meeting at the Baptist church the church in conference will go into the annual call of pastor.

—W. S. S.—

Investors Take Notice.

Do you want to make money? Invest in Southern Motor Manufacturing Association shares, par value \$100, payable half cash balance within 6 months. Prices will advance \$25.00 per share Oct. 1. Buy now before it is too late. Phone 1124. GAMMAGE and RYAN, Hamilton Hotel, City. 9-25-4t.

ARCHBISHOP IRELAND DEAD.

By Associated Press.

St. Paul, Minn., Sept. 25.—Archbishop John Ireland of the St. Paul archdiocese of the Roman Catholic church died here at 3:55 this morning, after a short illness from heart disease and stomach trouble. He was 80 years old.

—W. S. S.—

TODAY'S EVENTS.

1517th day of the Great War.

The Minnesota Conference of the M. E. Church meets in annual session at St. Paul today, with Bishop Wilson presiding.

The general sessions of the annual reunion of the United Confederate Veterans will begin today at Tulsa, Okla.

The annual convention and tournament of the Massachusetts State Firemen's Association will open today at Fitchburg.

Pittsburgh is to be the meeting place today of the annual convention of the Central States Division of the American Water Works Association.

Michigan Democrats are to meet in convention at Detroit today to name candidate for minor State offices and adopt a platform for the coming campaign.

The several sections of the American Bankers' Association will conclude their sessions in Chicago today, preliminary to the opening of the general sessions of the convention tomorrow.

A war convention will be opened at Atlantic City today by the American Hospital Association, which is made up of professional trained nurses in all parts of the United States and Canada. In conjunction with the meeting there is to be an exhibition illustrating the advance of surgical knowledge that has come out of the war.

again been attacked by Lettish troops fighting with the Bolsheviki.

RAISING THE TAXES.

The proposal to tax individual incomes at six per cent of the net income up to \$4,000 and 12 per cent above that will strike some as a heavy tax. For instance, a man with an income of \$3,000 will pay \$180 per annum, while one with an income of \$10,000 will pay \$1,200 each year.

There has never before been such a heavy tax imposed in the history of this country, especially by the federal government. But it is necessary, and it seems the only way to force some people to pay their legitimate share of the cost of carrying on the war.

When the American civilians went to the Philippines in 1900 they were required to pay a "cedula" tax—an income tax—which amounted to 2½ per cent of their incomes. As most of those employed in Manila and other cities of the archipelago were in the employ of the government, either military or civil, it was easy for the tax office to keep track of the incomes.

This was the first income tax which had been imposed upon Americans in many years. The other taxes of the federal government had been indirect, with the exception of the excise tax, and so no one felt what he was paying to the government, usually paying his share in the form of increased prices for wines and liquors, cigars and tobacco, and for goods which had paid import duties.

The present income tax first was imposed after the beginning of the European war, when the reduced imports from foreign countries made it necessary for the federal government to find some means of replenishing its fast diminishing treasury.

The increased income tax will furnish an enormous sum of money, and it is perhaps the fairest form of tax that can be imposed. The citizens who come within the list of exemptions are paying their share in other ways, and they should not be burdened with a direct income tax.

It is difficult to imagine, however, a tax which will be more unpopular with the majority of those who have to pay it. While other nations have had a graduated income tax for many years, the people of the United States have never been called upon to pay a share of the cost of running the government out of their incomes. And our country is filled with tax dodgers who have been accused with making false returns of property in order to pay the lowest taxes permissible.

Our system of real estate assessment has given rise to a method of tax dodging which is not confined to those who are in poor or even moderate circumstances. There are wealthy property owners in various parts of the country who have not paid as much in proportion as our very poorest, and some of them have for years escaped the payment of their just dues to the city, county and state.

The penalties prescribed for income tax dodging are severe enough to prevent any but the most confirmed swearer of false oaths from making a false declaration. The men who have been in the habit of assessing the value of their own property will find it hard to conceal any part of their income from the shrewd eye of the federal tax collectors, and they will ponder a while before rendering themselves liable for rendering an untrue account.

The government needs the money. Not all of the money expended in the prosecution of the war can be raised by bond issues, and those who are now living and who expect to derive some of the advantages of the victory for which we are fighting must pay their share of the cost.

Perhaps in no city in the United States are there so many people who are in receipt of an income much less than the lowest which is exempted from taxation as there are in Laredo. But we also have many who are in the enjoyment of an income sufficiently large to establish Laredo as a place of wealth in proportion to its population, even though not all of the residents are enjoying comfortable incomes.

A DANGEROUS EPIDEMIC.

The report that a few cases of influenza, now called Spanish influenza, are discovered in Texas will cause some apprehension, especially as the government officials report that there are now about 30,000 cases in various army camps, and that the deaths so far have totalled 150.

For centuries past this disease, in various forms and under various names, has appeared at irregular intervals, and because of the lack of control at some times, due to the ignorance or the inexperience of those who combated it, many thousands of deaths resulted.

In modern times the disease was known as la gripe, or Russian influenza, and as such has become known to the people all over the world. Frequently it has caused a number of deaths, and once it has obtained a foothold in any community it spreads rapidly, owing to lack of precautions and failure to properly isolate those affected.

It is now known that the disease is transmitted through direct or indirect contact through the use of handkerchiefs, common towels, cups or other objects contaminated with fresh secretions from the nose, throat and

respiratory passages of cases or of carriers.

All cases of influenza should be isolated and kept in bed during the course of the disease. People should avoid crowded assemblages, street cars and the like. Patients should be treated in well-ventilated, warm rooms, as the cause of death in most influenza cases is broncho-pneumonia, or acute bronchitis.

No other communicable disease which is known to assume epidemic proportions spreads so rapidly, or attacks indiscriminately as large a proportion of the population, according to the scientists.

It is not always fatal, but it is always dangerous, for influenza leads to other diseases, and where a case is not carefully treated there is always the danger of complications.

Naturally such a disease takes its heaviest toll in army camps, where the men are crowded together and come in close contact, and for this reason the soldiers in Europe, particularly the underfed German soldiers, have been the heaviest sufferers during the present epidemic.

Some doctors have urged that the disease is the result of famine, but this evidently is only because the lowered vitality of those suffering from want of food lessens the resistance of the patient, and the result is usually death in such cases.

A case of gripe, or Spanish influenza, or whatever it is called, should be carefully watched and carefully treated. Many have reached the point of saying: "Oh, it is only a case of gripe; I'll be all right in a day or two." But this is the sort which usually have a "relapse" and come close to the point of death, if indeed they do not succumb.

There is little to fear from an epidemic of influenza provided the public health officials take the proper precautions and the families of those afflicted can make to see the danger of carelessness.

Once the disease obtains a foothold in a family, it is rare for any of those living in the same house, or even neighborhood, to escape the infection. This is why the disease presents dangers to the practitioner, for the spread of the disease from a single focus is very rapid.

In case the disease should reach Laredo, the city authorities, as well as the military officials, will take all precautions to prevent its spread. If any soldiers are stricken with it, the post probably will be quarantined until all danger of further infection is passed, and nothing will be left undone to prevent new foci of the disease in our midst.

For the reason that the disease in itself is not fatal, there have seldom been any precautions taken by the bally as to infection and spreading of the disease, but the doctors know the danger of too lax treatment of this worrisome ailment, and they can be depended upon to do all in their power to prevent its spread among our citizens, should it reach here.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE AND FARM DEMONSTRATION WORK

Activities of Both Merged For the Term of the War, With Prof. F. W. Mally Acting as Secretary.

Due to the fact that war activities of every description are being restricted to those directly necessary for the winning of the war, it was suggested that for the year the activities of the Chamber of Commerce and of the farm demonstration work be merged into one budget, under the leadership of the Chamber of Commerce. However, before such a plan could be acted upon, it was necessary to secure the consent of the U. S. Department of Agriculture, the A. & M. College, co-operating in order that the Farm Demonstration Agent Prof. Fred W. Mally, might assume the dual duty of secretary of the Chamber of Commerce and that of the farm demonstration agent.

Through the proper officers the government at once made an investigation of the local conditions, and found that the plan suggested was in the best interests of all concerned, and have approved of the plan.

The Board of Directors of the Chamber of Commerce at once met, and unanimously decided to enter into this co-operative agreement and without a dissenting voice elected Prof. Mally as secretary of the Chamber of Commerce. The president and officers of the Farmers organizations were consulted, and also unanimously agreed to the plan. This will save an immense amount of duplication of effort at least during the period of the war. The funds raised by the farmers, together with that of the Chamber of Commerce budget, will enable those in control of these activities to concentrate all efforts along the lines at all times calculated to mean the most for Webb county.

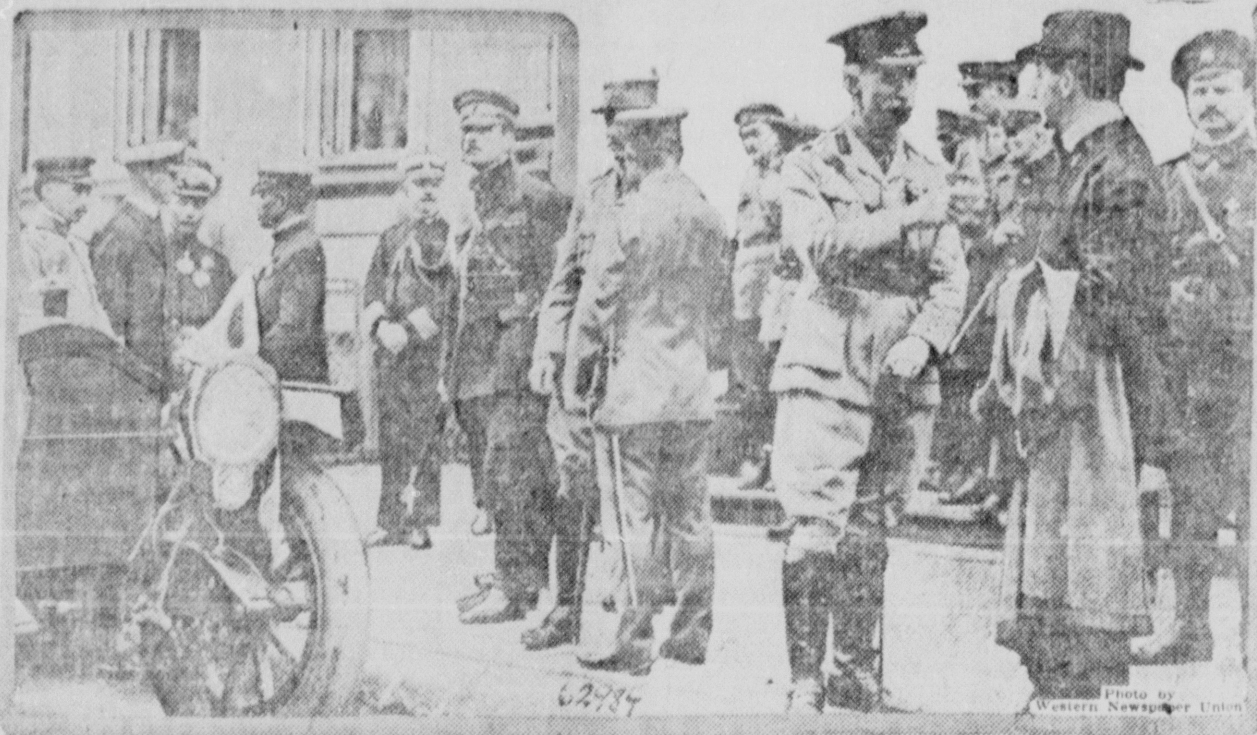
When the bowels feel uncomfortable and you miss the exhilarating feeling that always follows a copious morning operation, a dose of HERBINE will set you right in a couple of hours. If taken at bedtime you get its beneficial effect after breakfast next day. Price 50c. Sold by all druggists.

A Card of Thanks.

To all those who came to our assistance during the last illness and death of our beloved mother, Mrs. Jose T. Vda. de Zuazua, we wish to return our sincere thanks and appreciation.

THE FAMILY.

LEADERS OF ALLIED FORCES IN VLADIVOSTOK



This interesting picture, taken in front of the Czech-Slovak headquarters in Vladivostok, shows some of the leaders of the allied military and naval forces who have undertaken the task of freeing Siberia and Russia from the yoke of the bolsheviks. On the right is Colonel Ward, commander of the British battalion, and scattered through the picture are Japanese army and navy officers, Czech-Slovak officers, an American naval officer and others of the allies.

TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

SEPTEMBER 26.

1759—Gen. Hans York, commander of the Prussian troops in Napoleon's invasion of Russia, who would not fight the Russians, born at Potsdam. Died Oct. 4, 1830.

1789—Edmund Randolph was commissioned first Attorney-General of the United States.

1846—Gen. Taylor concluded an agreement with the Mexicans for the capitulation of Monterey.

1862—Office of Provost Marshal-General created by the United States Secretary of War.

1875—A riot, in which several persons were killed and injured, tended a Roman Catholic memorial procession in Montreal.

1891—The Prince and Princess of Wales (now King George and Queen Mary) visited Winnipeg.

1914—Russian troops occupied the city of Przemyśl.

1915—Bulgaria informed Entente Allies that mobilization was purely protective and not offensive in purpose.

1916—New York bankers announced \$50,000,000 loan to Paris for alleviation of suffering caused by the war.

LOCAL NEWS

E. B. Brewster is in receipt of a letter from his son, Private Edward Brewster, who is "over there" with our soldier boys, in which the young man says he is much pleased with conditions and that he is in readiness for his duties at all times—that in fact the American boys are always ready to go forward after the Hun at every opportunity that is presented.

Everybody has heard of Tommy Ryan, ex-lightweight champion fighter of the tistic arena. Well, he is in Laredo and will give exhibitions at the Army tonight and tomorrow night and Director Jenkins invites everybody in Laredo to come out and see Tommy give athletic stunts of the kind that put him on the pinnacle of fame in the manly art of self-defense.

The following marriage licenses have been issued by the county clerk since last report: Dionicio Esquivel Ochoa and Miss Virginia Gonzales, Florencio Campos and Mrs. Sotero Ramirez, Salvador Salazar and Miss Maria Medrano.

District Judge Mullally, District Attorney Valls and Court Reporter Seb Wilcox leave here Sunday for Carrizo, where on next Monday morning the regular term of district court for Zapata county for one week will be convened.

OLD-TIME ENGINEER DEAD: WAS WELL KNOWN IN LAREDO

J. R. Winlack Was an Engineer on Texas-Mexican For 25 Years; Resigned on Account of Ill Health.

A telegram received here from Bryan, Texas, announces the death at the home of Mrs. Mazie Winlack Lundin, his daughter, of J. R. Winlack, a former well known resident of Laredo and one of the old-time engineers on the Texas-Mexican railroad between this city and Corpus Christi.

Mr. Winlack was in the employ of the Texas-Mexican as engineer for about 25 years, and about three or four years ago he resigned the position on account of failing health and soon afterwards went to Bryan to make his home with his daughter, Mrs. Lundin, at whose home he died yesterday.

TIMES WANT ADS. Money Makers

LAREDO WAS THREATENED BY J. PLUVIUS LAST NIGHT

BUT IT ONLY PROVED A BLUFF AND LIGHT RAIN FELL.

Farmers in This Section Would Be Greatly Benefited by Heavy Rain, While Stockmen Also Need Rain.

From the time that the shades of darkness began to gather last evening up to the early hours of this morning the threatening conditions and obscured sky presaged a heavy downpour of rain—in fact at one time it appeared that within a few minutes Laredo would experience a deluge—but old J. Pluvius just pulled off another one of those bonehead plays and never reached home. One time, however, it appeared that he was caught between third and home, sputtered for a time and then got back to his starting point safely. In other words he tried to cast a little moisture on the dried realm below the heavens—and the word "little" fully qualifies the extent of his effort.

No reports of any rain to amount to anything in the country anywhere near Laredo have been received here, and the indications are that the threatening clouds passed to the northward and evidently turned loose elsewhere.

In the country around Laredo at this time large acreages have been planted in diversified vegetation, while considerable land has been plowed up and put in preparation for the cultivation of Bermuda onions. While the onion seed is planted in seedbeds and is being carefully looked after during the germination and embryo stages, the vegetable seed is planted in the open field and subjected to irrigation, but should a good, heavy rain come at this time it would be of inestimable value to farmers, while stockmen would find a good rain a godsend in starting nutritious young grasses growing on the ranges.

W. S. S.

Still Has Onion Seed.
Wm. Schultz, Chris Reuter's representative, still has some onion seed ready to deliver.
If interested please phone 516.
NO WAX.

W. S. S.

PARR GLASSCOCK CONTEST ON AT EDINBURG MONDAY

Fight Over Senatorial Nomination Will Be Watched With Interest By Democrats of 23d District.

The following item taken from the Corpus Christi Caller of yesterday will be read with interest by the people of this city, as it concerns a matter in which Webb county Democrats are interested:

The exchange of seats between District Judges Voll M. Taylor and F. G. Chambliss of the seventy-ninth and thirty-sixth districts, respectively, is expected to result in Judge Chambliss hearing the Parr-Glasscock case at Edinburg starting next Monday, and Judge Taylor hearing the Chambliss-Children case that is scheduled to go to trial this morning at Sinton.

Archie Parr, who claims to have been nominated as state senator from the twenty-third district in the recent Democratic primary election and who has been repudiated by the State Democratic convention, has applied to the court of the seventy-ninth district for a review of the senatorial conventions held in Corpus Christi on August 24. The secretary of state has announced that he will certify the name of D. W. Glasscock of McAllen as the nominee.

W. S. S.

WANTED.
A clerk for my Customs Department who speaks English and Spanish and who can operate a typewriter.
E. DENIKE
9-24-16.

W. S. S.

WEBB COUNTY'S QUOTA FIXED AT HIGHEST FIGURE TO DATE

MUST SUBSCRIBE \$523,900 FOR FOURTH LIBERTY LOAN.

Leaders in Campaign Feel Confident That Laredo and Webb County Will Raise the Full Quota.

The following telegram to Mr. W. J. Sames, chairman of the Fourth Liberty Loan organization for Webb county, announces the amount we are to raise in this drive:

"Quota your county is \$523,900. Confirmation mailed. Quotas have been fixed by meeting of twenty representative business men from all parts of district. I know that our government will be satisfied with your people's response. (Signed) Hoopes."

The preliminary steps for perfecting an organization for an effective campaign have already been taken by the various leaders in charge of preparations for this Fourth Liberty Loan drive. There is a feeling of determination which dominates the several chairmen and the committees, which indicates that Laredo and Webb county will do their full duty towards securing the quota assigned us.

It is plain that our government needs the money. The spirit of giving has been gradually developed among our people by the previous campaigns. In addition the emergencies arising from the various war activities have given our people a clearer vision along all lines connected with the great struggle in which we are involved. It is confidently hoped that our people have been saving in order that they may be better prepared for the liberal giving which our increased quota will require. This matter is more clearly than ever a personal duty and responsibility which no one can afford to ignore, or in any way fail of his or her very best efforts.

There will be committee meetings in all departments at the Chamber of Commerce rooms tonight for a preliminary conference, and for working out some further details to be ready to make a good start on the first day of the drive.

W. S. S.

Hop at Latin-American Club.
The regular weekly hop at the Latin-American Club will occur tomorrow evening to which all members and their families are invited.
Entertainment Committee.

W. S. S.

Investors Take Notice.
Do you want to make money? Invest in Southern Motor Manufacturing Association shares, par value \$100, payable half cash balance within 6 months. Prices will advance \$25.00 per share Oct. 1. Buy now before it is too late. Phone 1124.
GAMMAGE and RYAN,
9-25-16.
Hamilton Hotel, City.

Hem Stitching

I have bought Mrs. Sauls' hem-stitching machine and have moved same from Mr. Richter's store to our residence, 910 Juarez avenue (two doors north Slaughter Hotel). For the present leave your work with my husband, Mr. J. J. Hudson of the Laredo Woolen Co., or phone 210.

I can do your work right.

Mrs. J. J. Hudson.

LEE FULLER, Agent.
Phone 1154.

Health About Gone

Many thousands of women suffering from womanly trouble, have been benefited by the use of Cardui, the woman's tonic, according to letters we receive, similar to this one from Mrs. Z. V. Spell, of Hayne, N. C. "I could not stand on my feet, and just suffered terribly," she says. "As my suffering was so great, and he had tried other remedies, Dr. — had us get Cardui. . . I began improving, and it cured me. I know, and my doctor knows, what Cardui did for me, for my nerves and health were about gone."

TAKE

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

She writes further: "I am in splendid health. . . I can do my work. I feel I owe it to Cardui, for I was in dreadful condition." If you are nervous, run-down and weak, or suffer from headache, backache, etc., every month, try Cardui. Thousands of women praise this medicine for the good it has done them, and many physicians who have used Cardui successfully with their women patients, for years, endorse this medicine. Think what it means to be in splendid health, like Mrs. Spell. Give Cardui a trial.

All Druggists

J72

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

SEED

GARDEN

SEED

Just received everything in Seed for the Truck Grower

ROY CAMPBELL LAREDO, TEXAS

RIO GRANDE BUICK COMPANY

Buick Automobiles

Buick Service

Cadillac Automobiles

Republic Trucks

We are the best equipped organization in Southwest Texas for caring for their customers.

We carry a more complete stock of parts for our cars than any other automobile represented in Laredo.

We have the largest number of satisfied customers in Laredo, because we are able to give them what they want when they want it.

"Better buy a BUICK than wish you had"

RIO GRANDE BUICK COMPANY

820 Convent Ave. Tel. 1163

LOCAL NEWS

—According to a new ruling announced from Washington, all men of Class one, from 18 to 45 years of age, or who would have been placed in that classification, can not become candidates for commissions in the army until they have first been inducted into the army service as privates. This order by the adjutant general at Washington supersedes all previous orders.

—Edward Green, florist. Day and night phone Crockett 4107. Ave. C. at 8th St., San Antonio, Texas.

—We sell Gage hats. Miss M. Saltee. 9-17-1m.

—The following marriage license has been issued by the county clerk since last report: Francisco Ramirez and Miss Angelita Valdez.

—Jersey milk—clean and pure. Quarts sixteen cents, pints eight cents, delivered. Phone 377.

—A clouded firmament throughout last night and today foreboded prospects of rain, but signs don't count for much. There are times when clouds look so heavy that they are liable to burst at any moment, and even then many people do not anticipate rain until it actually comes. Those are the old-timers who know weather conditions in this country.

—We will repair and put in order faulty plumbing installations. Juarez Plumbing Co. 419 Matamoros.

—The following importations from Mexico passed through the port of Laredo this morning: Two carloads of lead, eight carloads of calamine, fourteen carloads of iron, one carload of copper, one carload of skins, one carload of rope and one carload of castor oil.

—We paint automobiles; also make auto tops. Fidel Cantu, Phone 202.

—The Crescent Garage is the busiest shop in town. Why? 6-15-1f.

—Have you planted that home garden yet? If not, why not? Get a wiggle on and get that seed in the ground or you may find it too late to have the seed germinated and given a good start before a cold spell comes sneaking along and puts the kibosh on your little garden in the back yard.

—Call 921 for Super-Six service car. City rates. 8-28-1m.

—New fall line Gossard corsets and brassieres. Miss M. Saltee. 9-17-1m.

—Jersey milk—clean and pure. Quarts sixteen cents, pints eight cents, delivered. Phone 377.

—Tomorrow starts the Fourth Liberty Bond campaign. Don't only boost for the bonds and get the other fellow to come across, but go down in your own little jeans and make a noise like a liberal subscription. This thing of telling the other fellow how much to subscribe and not doing so yourself is one of the poorest demonstration that one can make.

—Teacher of Gregg Shorthand and Spanish and English. Apply Will W. Gregg, Times office; residence 812 Farragut street. 4-27-1f.

—The Crescent Garage is the busiest shop in town. Why? 4-10-1f.

—"Pershing's Crusaders," or "Following the Flag to France," a great picturization of the fighting men of the United States army and navy, will be the attraction at the Royal tomorrow afternoon and night—one day only. The show begins at 1 p. m. tomorrow and continues until 11 p. m. The picture consists of eight big reels divided into two sections.

—The Bellmont. Rooms and apartments. 602 Main Ave. Phone 576 or 1917. 6-20-1f.

—Will handle on commission alfalfa and cane in bales, large or small lots. Policarpo Cavazos, 519 Victoria street. 9-2-1m.

—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans. 4-24-1f.

—The first of five institutes will be held tomorrow beginning at 9 o'clock at the Central School. Four other institutes will be held on alternate Saturdays.

—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office; residence 812 Farragut street. Residence phone 348. 4-27-1f.

—Great Methodist Celebration. People are asking everywhere what the Great Methodist Celebration, which we hear so much about means. What is it the "centenary" of? And how is it going to be celebrated? I will answer all these questions next Sunday morning when I speak on "Celebrating the Centenary."

WALTER L. BARR, Pastor.

—The Bellmont. Rooms and apartments. 602 Main Ave. Phone 576 or 1917. 6-20-1f.

—Will handle on commission alfalfa and cane in bales, large or small lots. Policarpo Cavazos, 519 Victoria street. 9-2-1m.

—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans. 4-24-1f.

—The first of five institutes will be held tomorrow beginning at 9 o'clock at the Central School. Four other institutes will be held on alternate Saturdays.

—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office; residence 812 Farragut street. Residence phone 348. 4-27-1f.

—Great Methodist Celebration. People are asking everywhere what the Great Methodist Celebration, which we hear so much about means. What is it the "centenary" of? And how is it going to be celebrated? I will answer all these questions next Sunday morning when I speak on "Celebrating the Centenary."

WALTER L. BARR, Pastor.

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SOCIETY

Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt
Society Editor

Phone 70 Phone 43

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Friday.

Story-telling hour at 5 o'clock at the home of Mrs. M. P. Cullinan.

The Boy Scouts of Troop 2 and Junior Scouts will meet at the Scout Headquarters in the evening.

Stunt Night at the Army Y. M. C. A.

The San Agustin Red Cross Knitting Circle will meet at the residence of Mrs. J. R. Rodriguez at four o'clock in the afternoon.

Saturday.

The Busy Bees will have a called meeting at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon at the home of Lois and Dorothy Derby.

The Red Cross Hospital Room will be open from 4 until 6 o'clock in the afternoon with Mrs. W. W. MacGregor in charge, for the accommodation of the knitters.

Dance at the Soldiers Club in the evening.

Guard your shores and train your men.

Teach your growing youth to fight; Make your plans ere once again Ships of foes appear in sight.

Build the ships and train to arms, Make your millions fighting strength.

That shall frighten war's alarms, Ere they reach a challenge length!

General Mention.

Mrs. Andres Cardenas and daughter, Mrs. Joe Fernandez, left yesterday for a short visit to San Antonio.

Mr. Frank G. Benavides of San Antonio arrived in the city this morning to attend the funeral of the late Mr. H. A. Sauvignat.

Mrs. C. A. Belmont and daughters, Misses Annette and Florentine, after spending the summer here with their parents and grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. John Bruni, will leave tomorrow for San Antonio to make their future home.

Greetings have been received from Mrs. R. C. Yost from Washington, D. C. She speaks of enjoying real fall weather. The many friends of George Brown will be pleased to know that he is the guest of his sister for the winter and will attend school in Washington this year.

Mrs. Lena Poggenpohl has returned home from a pleasant visit to her sister, Mrs. Beckman of Austin.

Mrs. Finkel and Miss Finkel, who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Helen of Hebronville, arrived in the city the early part of the week and have gone on to Washington, D. C., to visit relatives.

Mrs. Payson left yesterday for San Antonio, after a pleasant visit to her daughter, Mrs. H. W. Johnston.

Mr. and Mrs. Lent and family have moved into the Kenney home on the Heights.

Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Woods and children, accompanied by Miss Vera Sharkey, will motor to San Antonio tomorrow for the week-end.

Mrs. Chester Burbank has returned from a three weeks' trip to Colorado Springs and Denver. She also visited in Kansas City.

The members of the Laredo Chap-

ter of Red Cross will be pleased to know that Miss Gallagher of St. Louis is expected in the city on October 8th to speak to them about Red Cross Work.

Red Cross Notes.

The members of the Heights Red Cross Knitting circle met yesterday afternoon and the following garments were turned into the chairman, Mrs. T. A. Bunn: 71 sweaters and 31 pairs of socks. These articles will be packed tomorrow and sent down to Mrs. W. W. MacGregor. The members of this circle pledged themselves for 80 sweaters, and the ones still out will be turned in as soon as possible.

Within a very few days the second call to subscribe to the Liberty Loan will be issued. Will you respond? You know that the effects of a successful administration of the war bill will be as far-reaching as any issue connected with the struggle. You know that upon its stable structure will be erected a certainty of purpose and assurance of outcome which will improve the morale of armies and of nations. You know that it will be edifying in its admirable fairness, sound calculation, and pre-eminent success. You are certain that it will be the safeguard of our country and, from a military point of view, our first great sweeping drive against the enemy. You know that patriotism will find no surer and more universal way of displaying its enthusiasm. And finally, you are stricken by an unescapable feeling that upon the nature of your response rests the future of your self-respect and the quality of your standing in the great surrounding world of sacrifice. It is a privilege, an opportunity, a duty: "By their gifts shall you know them." The great and vital question is: Will you be known?

—Red Cross Magazine.

Has a High Opinion of Chamberlain's Tablets.

"I have a high opinion of Chamberlain's Tablets for biliousness and as a laxative," writes Mrs. C. A. Barnes, Charleston, Ill. "I have never found anything so mild and pleasant to use. My brother has also used these tablets with satisfactory results."

—W. S. S.—

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Bender:—J. H. Houze and wife, Tampico; Miss Hattie Weiner, Cleburne; Miss Helen Leary, San Antonio; F. S. Buel, Mexico; C. H. Woodson, San Antonio; J. O. Turner, Hillsboro; Geo. F. Walker and family, Brownsville; H. M. Wolcott and wife, Washington, D. C.; Mrs. H. M. Cullum Houston, R. Rosales, San Antonio; J. B. Reavey and wife, McAllen; C. H. Knight, Mexico City; L. Dreher, St. Louis, Mo.; C. S. Young, San Antonio; B. F. Egger, Waco; A. J. May, San Antonio.

Hamilton:—I. L. Gardner, L. L. Simpson, Asherton; Roy Jennings, Aguilares; Ted Waring, Kansas City, Mo.; W. F. Brawn and wife, E. J. Merchant, Corpus Christi; D. K. Newsum, Dr. R. O. Lance, F. R. McNatt, San Antonio; Samuel D. de Colombia, wife and daughters, Mexico City; R. Pozas, Emilio Pozas, Juana Laguno, Monterey; B. M. Awalt, Dallas; R. C. Ives, Dearborn, Mich.; A. H. Pride, Maryville, Mo.; R. O. Gauger, Cotulla; F. E. Ellis, San Luis Potosi, Mex.; E. A. Higginbotham, Chicago; F. Rozelle, St. Louis, Mo.

—W. S. S.—

Notice of Removal.

The Economy Grocery has moved to the Brannan building at the corner of Hidalgo street and Salinas avenue, where they are better prepared than ever to serve their customers.

8-29-1f.

—W. S. S.—

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Texas-Mexican.

Train No. 1 leaves for Corpus Christi at 9 a. m.

Train No. 2 arrives from Corpus Christi at 3:35 p. m.

International & Great Northern.

Through fast train for St. Louis leaves at 10:45 a. m. and arrives at 5:10 p. m.

Night Train.

Leaves at 9 p. m. and arrives at 6 a. m.

Rio Grande & Eagle Pass.

Train No. 1 leaves Laredo daily except Sunday at 8 a. m. Arrives at Minera at 10:20 a. m.

Train No. 2 leaves Minera daily except Sunday at 1 p. m. Arrives at Laredo at 3:15 p. m.

—W. S. S.—

Great Faith in Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy.

"Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy was used by my father about a year ago when he had diarrhoea. It relieved him immediately and by taking three doses he was absolutely cured. He has great faith in this remedy," writes Mrs. W. H. Williams, Stanley, N. Y.

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W. S. S. WAR SAVINGS STAMPS

ISSUED BY THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TIMES WANT ADS.

\$\$\$\$\$ Money Makers \$\$\$\$\$

OUR LIBERTY LOAN QUOTA

Laredo Will Back Our Boys With More than the \$523,900 That Has Been Assigned Us.

The quota for Laredo for the Fourth Liberty loan has been fixed at \$523,900. That is the amount our people are to buy of the total which must be sold if the government is to successfully finance, during the next few months, our part in the terrible conflict the Kaiser and his hordes have brought upon the world.

Of course the people of Laredo are going to buy that amount, and the only question is how much more and how quickly are we going to do it?

Laredo people are going at this bond-buying proposition in just the same way that our Laredo boys are going at the Heinies in France. We are not going to wait until the fight is over before we get into it, and we are not going to stop at the fixed objective of \$523,900 any more than our boys stop when they reach the first German trench or German machine gun nest.

We are going to put Laredo dollars back of Laredo boys and let them work together so that in the end the "world may be a decent place to live in."

—W. S. S.—

DESTROYS SLEEP.

Many Laredo People Testify to This.

You can't sleep at night. With aches and pains of bad back. When you have to get up from urinary troubles.

If the kidneys are at fault. Set them working right with Doan's Kidney Pills.

Here is Laredo proof of their merit. J. C. Stein, barber, 1620 Lincoln St., says: "Some time ago I came down with a severe backache and it hurt me to stoop over or straighten. My kidneys acted too freely and I was obliged to get up five or six times during the night. I had heard Doan's Kidney Pills highly recommended so I started using them. Two boxes entirely removed the trouble and I haven't been bothered since."

Price 60c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Stein had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgs. Buffalo, N. Y.

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BULGARIANS ASK FOR ARMISTICE AND DISCUSSION FOR EVENTUAL PEACE TERMS

King Ferdinand Assents to Meeting between Allied Officers and Delegates from Bulgaria, and Latter are Now on Their Way to French Headquarters in Macedonia, Although Hostilities Are Still On.

By Associated Press.

SET LOTTERY DATE.

Washington, Sept. 27.—Monday, September 30, is set by General Crowder as the date for the national draft lottery to determine the order in the classes of registrants between 18 and 45.

READY FOR COLLEGE FOOTBALL.

Chicago, Ill., Sept. 27.—Intercollegiate football, the second "war-time season" for the American colleges, will get under way tomorrow with minor contests in various parts of the country. Many of the larger institutions have definitely abandoned the gridiron sport for the period of the war, but nearly all of the smaller colleges have decided to continue the game. Nearly all of the Western universities and colleges, both large and small, will put teams in the field. The schedules of the most of them, however, will differ radically from the schedules of previous years. The season for the most of them will consist of fewer games than has been the custom in the past, and practically all long trips will be eliminated. Probably the longest trip to be made by any team this year will be that of the University of Nebraska, which will journey to Morgantown, W. Va., for a game with the University of West Virginia on Oct. 26.

Many of the prominent teams will not measure up to the standard of other years, because of the absence of seasoned players who have answered the call to the colors, but popular interest in the sport is expected to be maintained nevertheless. Games with eleven representing the army training camps and naval stations will feature the schedules of the larger universities.

For the first time in many years the Carlisle Indians will be missing from the gridiron this season. This is because the school has been closed and the school property taken over by the War Department to be used for convalescent soldiers.

Despite the fact that the University of Michigan has returned to the Western Conference, the Wolverines will play their customary game with Cornell. Other sectional games tentatively arranged include a contest between Syracuse and Nebraska at Lincoln and a clash between the University of Pennsylvania and Georgia Tech at Philadelphia. For the first time in a quarter of a century the Pennsylvania-Cornell game for Thanksgiving will be eliminated. The game will be played November 23.

TODAY'S EVENTS.

159th day of the Great War. Get Ready; Begin to Save; Buy Early—the Fourth Liberty Loan.

New Hampshire Republicans meet in convention at Concord today to nominate a candidate for United States senator.

The Kansas Republican campaign will be formally opened with a conference in Topeka today between National Chairman Hays and the party leaders of the State.

The many important problems resulting from the enormous increase in the number of women wage earners in the United States will be discussed at the annual convention to be opened in Chicago today by the Women's Trade Union League.

Plans to carry out Ohio's part in the great nation-wide campaign for war service funds to be launched in November will be formulated at a conference of the State workers in war community service to be held today at Columbus.

The program of the annual convention of the New England section of the National Electric Light Association, to open today at Springfield, Mass., will be devoted to consideration of problems in the electrical industry due to the war and the utilization of all resources toward winning the war.

W. S. S.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 4th day of December, A. D. 1896.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

By Associated Press.

Paris, Sept. 27.—General Desperes, commanding the allied armies in Macedonia, telegraphed the French government today that a high Bulgarian officer presented himself on behalf of General Tomarow, commanding the Bulgarian army, asking for a suspension of hostilities for 48 hours to permit the arrival of two authorized delegates of the Bulgarian government. Minister of Finance Lloptcheff and General Loukoff, commanding the Bulgarian Second army, are on their way to French headquarters with the assent of King Ferdinand to arrange conditions of an armistice and eventually terms of peace.

Bulgaria Wants Armistice.

London, Sept. 27.—Premier Malinoff of Bulgaria has made an offer of an armistice to the allies. According to a Berlin message to the Exchange Telegraph, the premier's offer was made without the support of other members of the cabinet or King Ferdinand. The Bulgarian minister's offer of an armistice was made to the allied commander of the forces operating against the Bulgarians, says the Berlin despatch.

Bulgarians Ask for Meeting.

Paris, Sept. 27.—The French commander-in-chief in Macedonia officially reports that the Bulgarians asked for a meeting to arrange conditions for an armistice and eventual peace. The French commander replied, refusing to suspend operations, but saying that he would receive duly qualified delegates of the Bulgarian government.

Serbians Enter ishtib.

London, Sept. 27.—In a successful continuance of their drive northward, the Serbians have entered ishtib and captured other important points. A great number of additional Bulgarian and German prisoners have been captured. They have also taken large quantities of war material.

Serbians in Bulgaria.

London, Sept. 27.—The Serbians are now west of the ishtib-Veles road and have captured the height of Bogostovets, south of the road and north of Demirkap in the direction of the Bulgarian border. They captured the ridge of Beli Kamer. Serbian cavalry has entered Kochana, 20 miles northeast of ishtib and 14 miles from the Bulgarian border, southwest of the important railroad of Kusten-dil.

Germans Taken by Surprise.

With the Americans at Verdun, Sept. 27.—The Germans were taken by surprise at the speed of the American attack, and without giving the enemy time to recuperate, the Americans pushed steadily northward. The Americans are between the Argonne and Meuse rivers and have reached Malancourt, Montfaucon, Guisy, Dannevois and other towns along the line. The opposition met with at several points indicated that the German resistance was becoming stronger, the enemy having time to place in position some of the artillery which had been withdrawn earlier in the day. Tanks manned by French and Americans assisted greatly, although hampered somewhat by the conditions of the terrain. The air forces rendered assistance, keeping the enemy machines back

From Saturday's Daily.

THE LIBERTY LOAN.

It is estimated that the government will get from the people of the United States, either by loan or through taxation, from July of this year to July of next year, 48 per cent of the total income of all the people of this country.

This, of course, does not mean that every person in the country will give up in loans or taxes 48 per cent of his entire income. But it does mean that 48 per cent of the entire national income of fifty billions—or twenty-four billions—will be raised, and that each man, woman and child in the country will have to contribute at least a part of that gigantic sum.

Naturally those with the most money will give or lend the greatest proportionate amounts. The man with an income of \$600 a year could not for the life of his pay \$288 of that amount in loans or taxes, even though threatened with the loss of everything he owned through foreign conquest. He needs practically every cent of his earnings, not for luxury or for comfort, but for absolute necessities.

The man with an income of a million dollars could easily afford to give, not only 48 per cent of his income, but all except a very few thousands, for a great part of his expenditure is for luxuries without which he can live in case of need.

The factories making enormous profits can afford to give much more than their proportionate 48 per cent, for a great deal of their profits comes from the necessities of our government or of our allies.

Those with large real estate holdings, which they have done nothing to create but which have come to them as inheritance, can easily afford to give more in proportion than the man who needs every penny of his wages to buy the necessities of life.

The question is not, What can these wealthy men and corporations afford to do; that is easily answered. The question now is, What are they going to do. And the government is going to help answer that question. Those who can afford to lend large sums to the government will have to do so, or have the money taken from them by harsh methods. The financial standing of practically every man and woman in the country is now on record. It has been carefully investigated, and there is not a capitalist, a landlord or a rich manufacturer whose income is not figured down practically to the odd cents.

Those who prefer to use their money in a way which will bring them in more than the 4 1/2 per cent which the government is paying will be informed that while the government has need of the money they will not be allowed to use it in other ways.

Our government has gone so far as to forbid the construction of any but the absolutely necessary residences and factories, and anyone wishing to build a house with a value of more than \$2,500 will first have to get a government permit.

Those who have money to lend on mortgages will have to lend at least a proportionate share of their money to the government, or the government will take it away from them.

If the government can commandeer the needed factories and other plants; if it can forbid certain manufactures for the duration of the war; if it can demand that factories making non-essentials shall turn their plans over to the government to make munitions and supplies, why then, surely the government has the right to demand that the money it needs be turned over to its treasury for such time as it needs it, especially when the government is paying a good rate of interest and exempting certain bonds from taxation until the interest reaches a certain sum.

There is no more reason for the government to tax a man's income than there is for the government to demand the use of all that income over and above a man's real needs, while our men are fighting for the preservation of our government and for future security against invasion by a cruel foe.

Those who have the least are doing the most in proportion to their ability; it is now the turn of those who have plenty.

THE SALVATION ARMY.

Many years ago a strange sight was witnessed in conservative old London. A small group of men and women were marching through the streets, led by a man with a violin, the women shaking and pounding tambourines and one of the men beating a bass drum. This was the first street meeting of the Salvation Army, and it attracted the attention of the ribald, as well as arousing the disgust of some of the more conservative.

But since that day the Salvation Army has constantly moved forward. It has never retrogressed, and it has never surrendered to the enemy. Its work is acknowledged by religious leaders, sociologists and thinkers of all classes as being one of the most effective for the regeneration of the world since the Master walked through Galilee and taught the people.

The work of the Salvation Army has ever been practical. Realizing that one of the causes of the failure to reach the "submerged tenth" was the disbelief of the very poor in a

religion that permitted men, women and children to starve while others rolled in luxury, the Salvation Army workers began their labor of furnishing food and clothing to those who had no other source of supply.

One of the dogmas of the Salvation Army is "He that will not work, neither shall he eat." Their work yards and other establishments where the unemployed can earn a meal without losing self-respect have done much to reform the wilfully and viciously loafing element which is a menace to good order in our larger cities.

Their farms and factories have done much to redeem many who had become indifferent because they could not earn enough to support a family. And the very members of the great organization were encouraged to work at some trade during the day, devoting their evenings—often late into the night—to the work of the regeneration of others.

From the very beginning of the war the Salvation Army has been "on the job" at the front. In many cases they have been nearer to the front lines than those of any other organization. Some of the Salvation Army workers have been wounded by enemy shells, while most of them have been under fire, sometimes for days at a time.

They administer creature comforts to the men coming out of the trenches, and their preaching is usually confined to the "word in season." Instead of long-winded harangues, so that the man who is given a bit of religious advice along with a hot doughnut and a cup of steaming coffee is apt to appreciate it more than he would a sermon or a tract without the accompanying "means of grace" from a field kitchen.

The Salvation Army has received little aid from any government in the prosecution of its work. But it has none the less carried on its labors as energetically as if it had the combined treasuries of the allied nations behind it. The belief of the Salvation Army is that funds will be always forthcoming when needed, and their faith has never been betrayed.

Just now a campaign is being carried on for funds to help the Salvation Army help our men. It is actually for our own that we are contributing to this worthy work. The Salvation Army gets nothing out of it, except the certainty of the crown of rejoicing which all of them expect when their earthly labors are over.

There has been a work carried on without any flourish of trumpets. The workers themselves are mostly of humble origin, and they do not care whether their names appear in the list of workers in any society column, nor are they asking for any recognition at the hands of any government or human organization. They merely ask for more funds with which to carry on the great work they have been doing so unostentatiously.

It is little to ask for. There is the self-denying work which carries cheer to the very gates of hell, and which greets the men upon their return from the trenches with a cup of hot coffee and a bite of food. The Salvation Army is non-sectarian, it has no distinction of race, color or creed, and it does its work in the Master's name, without hope of earthly reward.

DISTRICT COURT IN LAREDO BEGINNING OCTOBER 7TH

GRAND JURY FOR THE TERM HAS BEEN SUMMONED.

Court Will Be in Session Here for Sixteen Weeks, Divided Into Two Terms of Eight Weeks Each.

The regular fall term of district court for Webb county in the Forty-ninth Judicial District will be convened at the county courthouse in this city on the morning of Monday, October 7, at 9 o'clock by District Judge J. F. Mullally and will continue in session for eight weeks, at the end of which time the second consecutive term will be convened on the following Monday.

The following is a list of the grand jurors summoned to appear in the court on Monday morning, October 7, from which the grand jury for the term will be empaneled: August C. Richter, Marcelino I. Martia, R. E. Welhausen, M. T. Cogley, M. A. Hirsch, P. J. McMahon, C. M. Fish, H. F. Valdez, Reuben W. Davis, Louis R. Ortiz, Steve Simon, Leopoldo Villeras, B. B. Alexander, J. E. Hill and C. C. Biggio.

On next Monday morning, September 30, the regular term of the district court will be convened at Carrizo, Zapata county, and continue in session for one week. The officers of the court, consisting of District Judge Mullally, District Attorney Valls and Court Reporter Wilcox leave here tomorrow via the auto route for Zapata county to be on hand for the opening of the week's term of district court there on Monday morning.

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Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

"PERSHING'S CRUSADERS" ON AND DRAWING LARGE CROWDS

GREAT PATRIOTIC PICTURE SHOWING AT ROYAL TODAY.

Crowds Thronged the Theater This Afternoon to See it and House Will Be Crowded Again Tonight.

The big spectacular picture in eight reels, "Pershing's Crusaders," or "Following the Flag to France," is on at the Royal Theater today and tonight and thousands of Laredo people will crowd the spacious opera house building to see this great picture taken by the American army and navy photographers and the official photographers of the French army.

This picture begins with the severance of relations by the United States with Germany, the call to arms, the response to the call, the mobilizations in the various military posts and cantonments, the training of the fighting men of both the army and navy, including the aeronautic branches of both services, the submarines, the signal corps, the tank corps, the artillery, infantry, cavalry, the scenes at the naval training schools, the nation's leviathans of the deep, in fact everything that goes to the make up of the American army and navy.

Then the transportation of our fighting forces to foreign ports is shown, together with their arrival "over there," the training behind the fighting lines, the Americans in the trenches, on the firing line, etc., and then it shows the mettle of which Americans are made when he goes after the Huns. The spectacular picture is on at the Royal this afternoon and will be shown also tonight, and the indications are that the place will be crowded to its utmost capacity at all shows. The picture will be shown here today and tonight only.

HUNTERS ARE PERPLEXED ABOUT KILLING OF DOVES

One Law Says the Season is On When Doves Can Not Be Killed; State Law Says Season on to Kill.

Is the dove season on so that the birds can be killed, or is the dove closed season on? This is the question that has served to cause many a nindrod with his little gun and supply of shells to stop and wonder whether he will play safety in killing doves, or whether it will be safer to let the old shotgun stay where it is and let the coverts of dove stand off and laugh at him.

The federal law pertaining to the killing of doves has the closed season on, while the state law has the open season on. The federal law says the limit that can be bagged in a day is fifteen—the state law says twenty-five. So many of the hunters are taking a risk and going out after doves, although to play "safety first" they are bagging the minimum number of fifteen as provided under the federal law in the open season. Those who are killing doves now are doing so in accordance with information given out from Austin by the attorney general to parties in San Antonio.

MEXICO MAIL CONGESTION REPORTED FROM TWO PLACES

Nuevo Laredo and Mexico Holding Many Packages of Mail for Lack of Help to Sort and Dispatch it.

According to information contained in a local Spanish paper, which states that the information has been received by them, the postal service in Mexico at this time is evidently badly handicapped for the lack of sufficient clerical help to facilitate the distribution of certain classes of packages coming through the mail service of Mexico.

The information states that in Nuevo Laredo at this time there is a congestion of bundles of mail and that 700,000 bundles sent by mail are detained there for lack of help to assist in the sorting and distribution of the bundle mail for dispatch. The information also states that a similar condition to that existing in Nuevo Laredo also exists in Mexico City, as there are 120,000 packages and bundles detained there for the same reasons. The postal authorities of Nuevo Laredo, it is said, have issued an appeal to the Mexican postoffice department for authority to employ the necessary help to assist in relieving the congestion and sending the mail matter on its way.

Feast of Tabernacle.

The feast of Tabernacle will be fittingly observed tomorrow at the Y. M. H. A. hall. Services will be held at 10 a. m. and at 8:30 an informal evening will be had.

Still Has Onion Seed.

Wm. Schultz, Chris Reuter's representative, still has some onion seed ready to deliver.

If interested please phone 516.

NO WAX.

9-26-11.

THE VARIOUS COMMITTEES FOR DRIVE ARE ANNOUNCED

State Council of Defense Branch in Webb County Name Committees for Fourth Liberty Bond Drive.

The Webb County branch of the Texas State Council of Defense acting as an executive committee for the Fourth Liberty Loan, made the following appointments yesterday:

Chairman of Ward Committee:—Ward No. 1, R. A. Miller; Ward No. 2, Ira O'Meara; Ward No. 3, L. M. Purwin; Ward No. 4, Sam Mackin.

Allotment Committee.—R. K. Mims, G. P. Farias, Sam Brown, B. G. Sallinas.

Soliciting Committee on Allotment of \$5,000 or More.—J. R. Moore, A. M. Bruni, A. C. Richter, Leo M. Purwin.

Clean-Up Committee.—A. Deutz, chairman.

Soliciting Committee on Non-Resident Corporations and Land Owners.—W. L. Gulyer.

The above named chairmen will select their own committees and organize for work Monday morning, September 30th. Allotment cards are prepared and will be furnished to all solicitors. It is expected that the allotment committee will have their work completed by Friday night.

Members of men's ward committees appointed to report to their respective ward chairmen:

Ward No. 1.—J. W. Brewster, Gus Becker, W. B. Heaner, J. S. Westbrook, L. A. Lafon, G. W. Sprague, M. P. Cullinan, S. E. Leonard, G. C. Hatt, Ed. Sanchez.

Ward No. 2.—Clarence Jefferies, Paul W. Evans, Mrs. Ira O'Meara.

Ward No. 3.—G. R. Weber, H. G. Earnest, S. Copeland, R. L. Puster, S. Dixon, J. N. Worsham, J. R. Garcia, L. Joseph, J. S. Borrom.

Ward No. 4.—E. Denke, S. E. Wood, P. A. Kerr, C. N. Idar, J. B. Morton.

Womans Committee National Council of Defense has made the following appointments for the Fourth Liberty Loan:—Mrs. C. S. McKinney, chairman; Mrs. G. R. Weber, vice-chairman.

Advisory Committee.—M. T. Cogley, chairman; L. A. Lafon, Wm. Brennan, L. Villegas.

Chairmen of Ward Committees:—Ward No. 1, Mrs. E. R. Tarver; Ward No. 2, Mrs. E. J. Foster; Ward No. 3, Mrs. I. Goodman; Ward No. 4, Mrs. Aug. C. Richter.

Allotment Committee:—Mrs. R. A. Millar, chairman; Mrs. Wilmer Threadgill, Mrs. H. M. Austin, Mrs. Ira O'Meara.

Soliciting Committee on Allotment of \$5,000 or More.—Mrs. L. M. Purwin, chairman; Mrs. R. L. Puster, Mrs. I. Goodman.

Over the Top Committee:—Mrs. Hugh Cluck, Mrs. A. S. J. Tucker, Mrs. Witting.

Soliciting Committee on Non-Resident Corporations:—Mrs. F. A. Lattig, Committee on Rallies and Speaking at Parks.—Dr. Helene Kenney, chairman; Mrs. F. W. Mally, Mrs. C. M. Fish.

Central Finance Committee:—Mrs. A. H. Camp, chairman; Miss M. Byerley, Miss Emma Wright.

Publicity Committee:—Mrs. John T. Halsell, chairman; Miss Amar Penn, Miss Minnie Burr, Mrs. R. B. Lee, Mrs. Harry Johnston.

The above named chairmen will select their own committees and so perfect their organizations as to be ready for work Monday morning, September 30th. Allotment cards are prepared and will be furnished to all solicitors. It is expected that the allotment committee will have their work completed by Friday night.

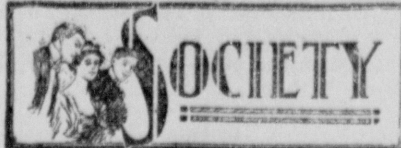
Membership of Women Ward Committee's appointed to report to their respective ward chairmen:

Ward No. 1.—Mrs. Rex Tarver, chairman; Capt. Mrs. O. Guinn; assistant Capt. Mrs. Cullinan; Asst. Mrs. Charlie Richter; Capt. Mrs. Mason; Asst. Mrs. Anderson; Capt. Mrs. W. Arkles.

Ward No. 2.—Mrs. Edmond Foster, chairman; Capt. Mrs. J. C. Martin; Asst. Capt. Mrs. H. S. Garlick, Asst. Mrs. Morton; Capt. Mrs. A. R. Vi-dauri; Asst. Capt. Mrs. T. A. Leyendecker.

Ward No. 3.—Mrs. I. Goodman, chairman; Capt. Mrs. Jefferies; Asst. Capt. Mrs. Shelby; Asst. Mrs. Ira O'Meara; Capt. Mrs. L. J. Christen; Asst. Mrs. C. Biggio; Asst. Mrs. R. McComb; Capt. Mrs. Hall; Asst. Mrs. L. Lafon; Capt. Mrs. L. Daiches; Asst. Mrs. Ed Russell; Capt. Mrs. Witting; Asst. Mrs. Galbraith; Asst. Mrs. Barlow.

Ward No. 4.—Mrs. Aug. C. Richter, chairman; Capt. Mrs. R. P. Woodard; Asst. Miss L. Murphy; Asst. Miss J. Leyendecker; Capt. Mrs. W. N. Young; Asst. Mrs. J. Wilson; Asst. Mrs. Briscoe; Capt. Mrs. Sam Mackin; Asst. Miss Marie Mowry; Asst. Miss Ethel Mackin; Asst. Mrs. Hild; Capt. Mrs. Hamlin; Asst. Dr. A. Thalsen.



Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt Society Editor

Phone 70 Phone 43

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Saturday.

The Busy Bees will have a called meeting at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon at the home of Lois and Dorothy Derby.

The Red Cross Hospital Room will be open from 4 until 6 o'clock in the afternoon with Mrs. W. W. MacGregor in charge, for the accommodation of the knitters.

Dance at the Soldiers Club in the evening.

Sunday.

The Epworth League of the Methodist Church will meet at the church at 6:30 in the evening.

The Christian Endeavor of the Presbyterian Church will hold its regular weekly meeting at the church at 7 o'clock in the evening.

The B. Y. P. U. Senior and Junior will hold their regular weekly meeting at the Creath Memorial Baptist Church, at 6:45 in the evening.

The Christian Endeavor of the Christian Church will meet at the church at 7:00 in the evening.

Monday.

The Sunbeam Band of the Baptist Church will hold their regular weekly meeting at the church at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

The Woman's Club will entertain with their regular weekly "At Home" for the soldier boys and their friends in the evening.

ST. LOUIS COLLEGE

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Boarding and Day School for Boys and Young Men. Preparatory, Business, High School, Collegiate Courses. Chartered by the State of Texas to Confer Degrees.

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REV. JAMES P. CANNING, S. M., President.

College reopens September 4, 1918.

and Mrs. Iturbide returned yesterday from a several months' stay in Corpus Christi. Miss Rubio and Miss Davila were also in the party.

Miss Mary Hall and Miss Helen Richter expect to leave Sunday night for Washington, D. C., to enter the National Park Seminary.

The many friends of Mr. A. C. Hamilton will be pleased to learn that he is improving rapidly and will soon return home.

Dr. H. C. Hall arrived in the city yesterday morning for a short stay.

Mr. and Mrs. James H. Winch have returned home from El Paso, where they spent some time visiting relatives and friends.

Mrs. D. D. Davis and daughters, Misses Hyacinth and Hannah, of Dolores are guests at the Hamilton.

Mrs. E. Z. Uzzell has returned from San Antonio, where she has been visiting her son for the past two weeks.

Mr. Earnest Biskamp has joined the Naval Aviation branch of service and has gone to Austin to enter the University until he is called.

Judge and Mrs. Hal W. Greer and little grandsons, expect to leave on Sunday morning. Mrs. Greer will go to Houston and then to Beaumont and Sulphur, La., before returning home, and Judge Greer will go on to Texarkana, with the boys to meet their mother.
